

**Data Center V2 400-151**

Number: 400-151  
Passing Score: 825  
Time Limit: 120 min  
File Version: 1.0



**Exam A****QUESTION 1**

The L4-L7 Services were configured in the APIC, but you see this fault under service graph. Which action is the best way to resolve the problem?

- A. Delete the service graph and create it again.
- B. Reimport the divide package.
- C. Reset the NetScaler load balancer.
- D. This is a configuration issue, Make sure that unicast routing is enabled on the bridge domain that is associated with the interfaces that are connected to the citric load balancer.

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 2**

Which three statements are true about redistribution of routes from L3Outs in an ACI Fabric?(Choose 3)

- A. Routes are not redistributed to leaf switches where the same VRF is present.
- B. ACI fabric runs MP-BGP.
- C. Security import subnets control the forwarding of packets into and out o L3Out connections(data plane).
- D. Routes learned from L3Outs on border leaf switches are not redistributed into MP-BGP at the ingress lead.
- E. Route control subnets control the exchange of routing information(Prefixes) into and out of the fibric (control place).

**Correct Answer:** BCE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 3**

Which cisco UCS Director features enables you to view the REST API URL for every report display in cisco UCS Director?

- A. Orchestration features set.
- B. REST API Brower.

- C. Automation feature set.
- D. Report metadata.

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

The REST API call can be made in one of the following ways:

Cisco UCS Director GUI—Cisco UCS Director provides a developer menu option to offer the report metadata and REST API Browser for developers. To access these features, enable the developer menu. For more information about how to enable the developer menu, see Enabling the Developer Menu Options.

On enabling the developer menu, you gain access to the following features:

Report Metadata—The report Metadata enables you to view the REST API URL for every report displayed in Cisco UCS Director. For more information about how to access Report Metadata, see Accessing the Report Metadata.

REST API Browser—The REST API Browser is accessible from the Orchestration menu of Cisco UCS Director. The REST API Browser provides API information and API code generation capabilities that make it easy to see and work with all the available APIs, including both the REST APIs and the Java APIs. For more information about how to access REST API Browser, see Using the REST API Browser.

REST Client—The REST Client is a useful widget for parsing and viewing API requests and responses. In this widget, you can enter a REST URL and apply an HTTP method such as POST, PUT, or DELETE to the URL for data manipulation. The REST Client provides a simple user interface for entering a URL to fetch data from the Cisco UCS Director server.

#### **QUESTION 4**

Refer to the exhibit

Which outcome of this configuration is true

- A. All traffic ceases to flow through this fabric interconnect after a reboot.
- B. Servers ceases to use this fabric interconnect upon next reboot.
- C. Any newly created traffic flows do not use this fabric interconnect.
- D. All traffic ceases to flows through this fabric interconnect.

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 5**

Which three service request states are valid in cisco UCS director service request execution state(choose 3)

- A. Failed
- B. Running
- C. Schedules
- D. Listening
- E. Debugging

**Correct Answer:** ABC

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified\\_computing/ucs/ucs-director/orchestration-guide/5-4/b\\_UCS\\_Director\\_Orchestration\\_Guide\\_5\\_4/b\\_UCS\\_Director\\_Orchestration\\_Guide\\_5\\_4\\_chapter\\_011.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified_computing/ucs/ucs-director/orchestration-guide/5-4/b_UCS_Director_Orchestration_Guide_5_4/b_UCS_Director_Orchestration_Guide_5_4_chapter_011.html)

Service Requests

Service Requests are closely related to workflows. You create service requests by running workflows; a service request is generated every time you execute a workflow in Cisco UCS Director. A service request is a process under the control of Cisco UCS Director.

A workflow can be scheduled for later execution, and details of completed service requests are stored by Cisco UCS Director. Thus a service request can have one of several states depending on its execution status: it can be scheduled, running, blocked (for example, awaiting an approval; see Approvals), completed, or failed (a service request can fail when one of its component tasks fails to execute properly; see Rollback and Resubmitting a Service Request).

**QUESTION 6**

Which three editing options of cisco UCS director workflow are valid(choose 3)

- A. Edit tasks in the workflow
- B. Change an input from mandatory to optional
- C. Reorder inputs
- D. Rename a workflow
- E. Delete inputs

**Correct Answer:** ACD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 7**

Which three options are benefits of the VPC peers switch feature?(Choose 3)

- A. It eliminates the recommendation to pin the STP root to the Vpc primary switch
- B. It allows a pair of the vPC peer devices to appear as a single STP root in the layer 2
- C. After the peer link comes up, it performs an ARP bulk sync over CFSOE to the peer switch
- D. It improves convergences for layer 3 flows
- E. It simplifies STP configuration by configuration both Vpcs with the same STP priority

**Correct Answer:** ABE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 8**

Which protocol is best suited for wireless communication in an IoT deployment where sensors only have a power generating element(and do not have a battery)

- A. Bluetooth
- B. ZigBee
- C. WIFI
- D. 3G/4G

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

<http://www.zigbee.org/zigbee-for-developers/zigbee3-0/>

ZigBee is low-power allowing battery-operated devices such as door and window sensors to operate for seven years. With the Green Power feature, you don't need any batteries!

**QUESTION 9**

WHICH THREE GUIDELINES and limitation of policy-based routing are true?(Choose3)

- A. A match command can refer to more than one ACL in a route map used for policy-based routing
- B. The same route map can be shared among different interfaces for policy-based routing as long as the interfaces belong to the same VRF instance
- C. Setting a tunnel interface or an IP address via a tunnel interface as a next hop in a policy-based routing policy is not supported
- D. An ACL used in a policy-based routing route map cannot include a deny statement
- E. A policy-based routing route map can have multiple match or set statements per route-map statement
- F. Policy-based routing and WCCPv2 are not supported on the same interface chaining is disabled

**Correct Answer:** BCD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 10

You configured an new appliance port, but the port has a pinning failure. Which option is a possible cause ?

- A. The appliance port admin speed must be adjusted
- B. Appliance VLAS's are duplicated in global VLANS
- C. The appliance is configure for NPV
- D. Appliance VLAN are missing duplicate global VLAN's

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 11

Which options is a consortium of service providers and vendors that address NFV architecture and orchestration for NFV?

- A. IEEE
- B. IETF
- C. ONF
- D. ETSI

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 12**

Refer to the exhibit

When utilizing the cisco application virtual switch in an ACI FABRIC, it can be deployed in two types of switching modes. Which 2 types of encapsulation can be used in each mode?(choose 2)

- A. No local switching : VXLAN
- B. No local switching : vlan or vxlan
- C. No local switching : VLAN
- D. Local switching : VLAN
- E. Local switching: VLAN OR VXLAN
- F. Local switching : VXLAN

**Correct Answer:** AE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 13**

Which description of how to enable DIMM blacklisting is true?

- A. Enable blacklisting in the servers policy subtab
- B. Enable blacklisting in the servers inventory memory subtab
- C. Configure a memory policy under the services tab
- D. Configure a memory policy in the equipment policy subtab

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 14**

Refer to the exhibit

An admin wants to bring online a new leaf node into their ACI fabric. Before registering the lead node, the admin checks the current status and sees this output.

Which option is the reason for the admin to see this output?

- A. The DHCP server running on the APIC has failed and this the leaf node has not been able to obtain an IP address
- B. The lead node is yet to be physically connected to the fabric
- C. This output is expected until the admin registers the leaf node and assigns it a role
- D. This output is expected until the admin registers the lead node with an ID and name
- E. This wrong catalog firmware is running on the APIC

**Correct Answer:** E

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 15

Which 3 statements about nxapi\_auth are true(choose 3)

- A. NX-API performs authentication through a programmable authentication module on the switch. Using cookies reduces the Number of PAM authentication, which reduces the load on the PAM.
- B. Use of nxapi\_auth is optimal. This feature can be disabled to reduced authentication time and to support large number of API calls
- C. After the first successful authentication, the username and password are NOT include in subsequent NX-API request that are sent to the device,
- D. Expiration time of the nxapi-auth cookies can be changed up to the max of 1200 seconds
- E. The nxapi-auth cookies expires in 600 seconds
- F. After the first successful authentication , the username and password are used with the session cookie to bypass performing the full authentication process again

**Correct Answer:** AEF

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus9000/sw/6-x/programmability/guide/b\\_Cisco\\_Nexus\\_9000\\_Series\\_NX-OS\\_Programmability\\_Guide/b\\_Cisco\\_Nexus\\_9000\\_Series\\_NX-OS\\_Programmability\\_Configuration\\_Guide\\_chapter\\_0101.pdf](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus9000/sw/6-x/programmability/guide/b_Cisco_Nexus_9000_Series_NX-OS_Programmability_Guide/b_Cisco_Nexus_9000_Series_NX-OS_Programmability_Configuration_Guide_chapter_0101.pdf)

Security

NX-API supports HTTPS. All communication to the device is encrypted when you use HTTPS.

NX-API is integrated into the authentication system on the device. Users must have appropriate accounts to

access the device through NX-API. NX-API uses HTTP basic authentication. All requests must contain the username and password in the HTTP header.

Note You should consider using HTTPS to secure your user's login credentials.

You can enable NX-API by using the feature manager CLI command. NX-API is disabled by default.

NX-API provides a session-based cookie, nxapi\_auth when users first successfully authenticate. With the session cookie, the username and password are included in all subsequent NX-API requests that are sent to the device. The username and password are used with the session cookie to bypass performing the full authentication process again. If the session cookie is not included with subsequent requests, another session cookie is required and is provided by the authentication process. Avoiding unnecessary use of the authentication process helps to reduce the workload on the device.

Note A nxapi\_auth cookie expires in 600 seconds (10 minutes). This value is a fixed and cannot be adjusted.

NX-API performs authentication through a programmable authentication module (PAM) on the switch.

Use cookies to reduce the number of PAM authentications, which reduces the load on the PAM.

#### QUESTION 16

Which options list the contents of the NSH header in service chaining?

- A. base header, service path header, and context header
- B. network header, service header, and transport header
- C. Ethernet header, transport header, and application header
- D. Base header, transport header, and optional header



**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 17

Which 2 statement about cisco UCS director API access key are true? ( choose 2)

- A. API access key is a shared secret that you must configure in Cisco UCS Director to enable REST API.
- B. API access key is a unique security access key code that is associated with a specific Cisco UCS Director user account
- C. API access key is unique for each API request
- D. API access key is required for Cisco UCS Director to authenticate API request

**Correct Answer:** BD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 18**

Which 3 options are common PTP device types?(choose 3)

- A. Crystal clock
- B. Ordinary clock
- C. Sundials
- D. Network clock
- E. Boundary clock
- F. Transparent clock

**Correct Answer:** BEF

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 19**

Refer to the exhibit

Which network script automation option or tool is used in the exhibit?

- A. Bash script
- B. Python
- C. NETCONF
- D. REST
- E. Cisco EEM

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 20**

Which 3 benefits do VXLANs offer to VLANs?(choose 3)

- A. It provide better utilization of available paths in the overlay infrastructure
- B. VXLAN uses a 24-bit VNID to overcome the 4094 vlan scale limitation
- C. VXLAN uses a 16-bit VNID to overcome the 4094 vlan scale limitation
- D. It provide a solution to extent layer 2 segment over a single layer 2 VLAN
- E. It provides a solution to extent layer 2 segments over a shared layer 3 routed network
- F. It provides better utilization of available network paths in the underlay infrastructure

**Correct Answer:** BEF

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

<http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/nexus-9000-series-switches/white-paper-c11-729383.html>

VXLAN Overview

As its name indicates, VXLAN is designed to provide the same Ethernet Layer 2 network services as VLAN does today, but with greater extensibility and flexibility. Compared to VLAN, VXLAN offers the following benefits:

Flexible placement of multitenant segments throughout the data center: It provides a solution to extend Layer 2 segments over the underlying shared network infrastructure so that tenant workload can be placed across physical pods in the data center.

Higher scalability to address more Layer 2 segments: VLANs use a 12-bit VLAN ID to address Layer 2 segments, which results in limiting scalability of only 4094 VLANs. VXLAN uses a 24-bit segment ID known as the VXLAN network identifier (VNID), which enables up to 16 million VXLAN segments to coexist in the same administrative domain.

Better utilization of available network paths in the underlying infrastructure: VLAN uses the Spanning Tree Protocol for loop prevention, which ends up not using half of the network links in a network by blocking redundant paths. In contrast, VXLAN packets are transferred through the underlying network based on its Layer 3 header and can take complete advantage of Layer 3 routing, equal-cost multipath (ECMP) routing, and link aggregation protocols to use all available paths.

VXLAN Encapsulation and Packet Format

VXLAN is a Layer 2 overlay scheme over a Layer 3 network. It uses MAC Address-in-User Datagram Protocol (MAC-in-UDP) encapsulation to provide a means to extend Layer 2 segments across the data center network. VXLAN is a solution to support a flexible, large-scale multitenant environment over a shared common physical infrastructure. The transport protocol over the physical data center network is IP plus UDP.

#### **QUESTION 21**

According to cisco, which 2 options are benefits of ITD compared to WCCP?(CHOOSE 2)

- A. Require less TCAM entries
- B. Transparent for service mode
- C. Much less configuration
- D. Does not require authentication or certificates

E. Weighted load distribution

**Correct Answer:** AE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

<https://supportforums.cisco.com/blog/12405286/itd-deploying-wae-devices-while-overcoming-deficiencies-wccp>



Feature/Benefit	N7k WCCP	N7k ITD
Appliance is unaware of the protocol	No	Yes
Protocol support	IPv4	IPv4, IPv6
Number of TCAM entries (say, 100 SVI, 8 nodes, 20 ACEs)	Very High 16000	Very low 160
Weighted load-balancing	No	Yes
User can specify which bits to use for load-balancing	No	Yes
Number of nodes	32	256
Support for IPSLA probes	No	Yes
Support for Virtual IP	No	Yes
Support for L4-port load-balancing	No	Yes
Capability to choose src or dest IP for load-balancing	No	Yes
Customer support needs to look at switch only, or both the switch and appliance	Both	Switch only
Sup CPU Overhead	High	None
DCNM Support	No	Yes

### QUESTION 22

Refer to the exhibit.

Your application has reduced health score. Upon inspection, you find fault that impacts the health score. The fault currently is the soaking lifecycle state. Which 2 options are possible next steps while in this state( choose 2)

- A. The condition ceases by itself and goes into the soaking- cleaning state
- B. The soaking timer expires and moves to the Raised severity level
- C. Acknowledge the fault, which immediately clears it from the system
- D. The condition ceases by itself and automatically clears the fault

**Correct Answer:** AB

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 23

Refer to the exhibit.

Which outcome of this configuration is true?

- A. Fabric interconnect can view neighbor switches
- B. It displays cisco UCS central on the UCSM portal page
- C. It enable call home polices to take effect
- D. It enable the CIM xml SERVICE



**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 24

Which options is achieved by enabling FabricPath

- A. Loop prevention and mitigation without the use of spanning-tree
- B. Layer 2 multipathing in the Fabricpath network
- C. Single control plane only for multicast traffic
- D. Decreases the mobility and virtualization

**Correct Answer:** AB

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/6\\_x/nx-os/fabricpath/configuration/guide/b-Cisco-Nexus-7000-Series-NX-OS-FP-Configuration-Guide-6x/b-Cisco-Nexus-7000-Series-NX-OS-FP-Configuration-Guide-6x\\_chapter\\_010.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/6_x/nx-os/fabricpath/configuration/guide/b-Cisco-Nexus-7000-Series-NX-OS-FP-Configuration-Guide-6x/b-Cisco-Nexus-7000-Series-NX-OS-FP-Configuration-Guide-6x_chapter_010.html)

The FabricPath feature provides the following:

- Allows Layer 2 multipathing in the FabricPath network.
- Provides built-in loop prevention and mitigation with no need to use the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP).
- Provides a single control plane for unknown unicast, unicast, broadcast, and multicast traffic.
- Enhances mobility and virtualization in the FabricPath network.

**QUESTION 25**

Which platform support ITD?

- A. NEXUS 7000, NEXUS 9000, NEXUS 6000, NEXUS 5000
- B. NEXUS 7000, NEXUS 9000 ONLY
- C. NEXUS 7000, NEXUS 9000, and NEXUS 6000 only
- D. Nexus 700 with F3 line cards only.
- E. Nexus 7000, Nexus 9000, and Nexus 5000 Only

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**



**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 26**

After VTEP devices are established BGP neighbor adjacencies with other VTEPs or with internal BGP route reflector, which three pieces of information are exchanged through BGP? (Choose 3)?

- A. Layer 3 VNI
- B. VPNv4 prefixes
- C. Router MAC address
- D. VTEP peer list
- E. VTEP address

**Correct Answer:** ACE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 27**

Which three statements about IP source guard are true (choose 3)

- A. IP source Guard is dependent upon DHCP snooping to build and maintain the IP-MAC-Address binding table or upon manual maintenance of static IP-source entries.
- B. IP source guard requires that CHCP snooping is disabled.
- C. By default, IP source guard is enabled on all interfaces.
- D. IP source guard limits IP traffic on an interface to only those sources that have an IP=MAC address binding table entry or static IP source entry.
- E. When you first enable IP source guard on an interface, you may experience disruption in IP traffic until the hosts on the interface receive a new IP address from a DHCP server.

**Correct Answer:** ADE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 28**

Which three PVLAN port models are supported on Cisco necus 9000? (Choose 3)

- A. Isolated host
- B. FEX port
- C. Port Channels
- D. Isolated host trunk
- E. Virtual port channels
- F. Community host

**Correct Answer:** ADF

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus9000/sw/6-x/release/notes/70321\\_nxos\\_rn.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus9000/sw/6-x/release/notes/70321_nxos_rn.html)

Configuring Private VLANs

Private VLANs have the following configuration guidelines and limitations:

Private VLANs must be enabled before the device can apply the private VLAN functionality.

VLAN interface feature must be enabled before the device can apply this functionality.

VLAN network interfaces for all VLANs that you plan to configure as secondary VLANs should be shut down before being configured.

When a static MAC is created on a regular VLAN, and then that VLAN is converted to a secondary VLAN, the Cisco NX-OS maintains the MAC that was configured on the secondary VLAN as the static MAC.

Private VLANs support port modes as follows:

- Community host
- Isolated host
- Isolated host trunk
- Promiscuous
- Promiscuous trunk

#### QUESTION 29

Which two statements about policing, queuing, and scheduling are true? (Choose 2)

- A. You can schedule traffic by imposing a maximum data rate on a class of traffic so that excess packets are dropped.
- B. Policing is the monitoring of data rates for a particular class of traffic. The device can also monitor associated burst sizes.
- C. You can apply weighted random early detection to a class of traffic, which allows packets to be dropped to be dropped based on the CoS field.
- D. The WRED algorithm is reactive approach only to traffic congestion.

**Correct Answer:** BC

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 30

Which three main functions are provided by OTC to achieve failure isolation? (Choose 3)

- A. ARP optimization
- B. Use of multiple ORC overlays
- C. Unknown unicast traffic suppression
- D. Spanning tree isolation
- E. Optimal outbound routing

**Correct Answer:** ACD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 31**

Which IETF standard is the most efficient messaging protocol used in an IoT network?

- A. CoAP
- B. SNMP
- C. HTTP
- D. MQTT

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 32**

How do you preprovision a Cisco UCS chassis?

- A. Associate a service profile template to the chassis.
- B. Configure server pool policies for the chassis
- C. Associate service profiles to each slot.
- D. Select preprovision from the general menu of the chassis.

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 33**

Refer to the Exhibit

If you inspect a CXLAN packet at point 2, which two options about the outer fields in the VXLAN header are true? (Choose 2)

- A. Outer S-Mac = MAC-A; Outer D-MAC = MAC-B

- B. Outer S-MAC – MAC 1; Outer D-MAC = MAC-4
- C. Outer S-IP = IP-A; Outer D-IP = IP-B
- D. Outer S-IP = IP-1; Outer D-IP = IP-4
- E. Outer S-IP = IP-1; Outer D-IP = IP-2
- F. Outer S-MAC – MAC 1; Outer D-MAC = MAC-2

**Correct Answer:** DF

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 34**

Refer to the exhibit

After you deploy a service profile from a template, you encounter these two errors. Which action is needed to resolve this issue?

- A. Associate the service profile
- B. Install an operating system
- C. Reset the server in the server general subtab.
- D. Remove the server from maintenance mode.
- E. Associate a vNIC template to the service profile template.



**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 35**

Refer to the exhibit

IRD is configured as shown on a cisco nexus 7000 switch, why is ping to VIP address still not working?

- A. VIP must be from the same subnet as the ingress interface
- B. Fail action is set to the wrong mode.
- C. To ping VIP, you must add a probe to the device group.
- D. This behavior is normal.

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 36**

Which description of how to enable the Flex Flash Controller auto-sync function on the B200M4 blade is true?

- A. configure a storage policy for FX3S
- B. enable auto-sync in the servers Inventory storage subtab
- C. Configure a storage connection policy to use auto-sync.
- D. Configure a local disk policy for FlexFlash.

**Correct Answer: B**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



**QUESTION 37**

Which two options are functions of the 6LowWPAN header? (Choose 2)

- A. IPv6 header compression
- B. Cyclic redundancy check
- C. Layer 3 encryption
- D. Limit the lifespan of the packet (TTL)
- E. Packet fragmentation and reassembly

**Correct Answer: AE**

**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 38**

refer to the exhibit.

Assuming no traffic engineering has been configured, what is the link speed of port channel 200?

- A. 8 Gbps
- B. 4 Gbps
- C. 1 Gbps
- D. 6 Gbps

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 39

Refer to the exhibit.

SwichA and SwichB have these zonesets currently active and are connected by an ISL that is configured to the transport VSAN3. Enhanced zoning is configured for VSAN 3, and merge-control is set to restrict. Which statement about this configuration is true?

- A. Enhanced zoning is configured, so the user is prompted on the CLI to permit or deny Zone2 into the active zone set.
- B. Zone merge fails because the currently active zone sets are not identical.
- C. Zone merge successes and the resulting zone set matches switch.
- D. Zone merge fails because merge-control set to restrict, which means that merges are never permitted.
- E. Zone merge succeeds but Zone2 is dropped from the active zone set because it is not currently included in the active zone set in switchA

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 40

Which two options are different ways to extend the layer 3 domain beyond the ACI Fabric? (Choose 2).

- A. Extend the bridge domain out of the ACE fabric
- B. Extend VETP out of the ACI fabric
- C. Extend the EPG out of the ACI fabric
- D. Configure fabric access polices on the ACI fabric to match the port settings at the remote end.

**Correct Answer:** AC

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 41**

Refer to the exhibit

Within an ACI fabric, routing protocol is need to assist with router redistribution between the outside networks and the internal fabric. Which routing protocol is needed to run in the fabric at location 1 to allow the VM access to the networks advertised by the external layer 3 network?

- A. MP-BGP
- B. EBGP
- C. iBGP
- D. OSPF
- E. IS-IS

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 42**

Which two statement about import and export route control an ACL fabric are true?

- A. Export route control controls if the prefixes are redistributed from MP-BGP to the egress leaf.
- B. Prefixed learned from BGP I3 outs cannot be fileted inbound.
- C. Prefixes learned from OSPF/EIGRP L3 outs are never permitted inbound by default.
- D. Prefixes permitted inbound are redistributed into MP-BP at the ingress leaf.

**Correct Answer:** AD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 43**

Which two options does ITD replace? (Choose 3)

- A. Policy-based routing.
- B. WCCP
- C. Access lists
- D. Layer 7 load balancer
- E. Layer 4 Load balancer
- F. IP SLA

**Correct Answer:** AB

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 44

Which two security features are supported by NX-API? (Choose 2)

- A. NX-API support certificate-based authentication
- B. All communication to the device is encrypted when you use HTTPS.
- C. All communication to the device is encrypted when you use VPN.
- D. User must have appropriate accounts to access the device through NX-API

**Correct Answer:** BD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus7000/sw/programmability/guide/b\\_Cisco\\_Nexus\\_7000\\_Series\\_NX-OS\\_Programmability\\_Guide/b\\_Cisco\\_Nexus\\_7000\\_Series\\_NX-OS\\_Programmability\\_Guide\\_chapter\\_0101.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus7000/sw/programmability/guide/b_Cisco_Nexus_7000_Series_NX-OS_Programmability_Guide/b_Cisco_Nexus_7000_Series_NX-OS_Programmability_Guide_chapter_0101.html)

Security

NX-API supports HTTPS. All communication to the device is encrypted when you use HTTPS.

NX-API is integrated into the authentication system on the device. Users must have appropriate accounts to access the device through NX-API. NX-API uses HTTP basic authentication. All requests must contain the username and password in the HTTP header.

Note

You should consider using HTTPS to secure your user's login credentials.

You can enable NX-API by using the feature manager CLI command. NX-API is disabled by default.

NX-API provides a session-based cookie, `nxapi_auth` when users first successfully authenticate. With the session cookie, the username and password

are included in all subsequent NX-API requests that are sent to the device. The username and password are used with the session cookie to bypass performing the full authentication process again. If the session cookie is not included with subsequent requests, another session cookie is required and is provided by the authentication process. Avoiding unnecessary use of the authentication process helps to reduce the workload on the device.

**Note**

A nxapi\_auth cookie expires in 600 seconds (10 minutes). This value is a fixed and cannot be adjusted.

**Note**

NX-API performs authentication through a programmable authentication module (PAM) on the switch. Use cookies to reduce the number of PAM authentications, which reduces the load on the PAM.

**QUESTION 45**

Which three statements about ACI border leaf are true? (Choose 3)

- A. Only 32 border leaves are supported in an ACI fabric.
- B. Any ACI leaf can be a border leaf/ there is not limitation in the number of leaf switches that can be used as border leaves.
- C. The border leaf can also be used to connect to compute, IP storage, and service appliances.
- D. The border leaves are dedicated leaf switches that support only layer 2 and layer 3 out in an ACI fabric.
- E. The border leaves are ACI leaves that provide Layer 3 connections to outside networks.

**Correct Answer:** BCE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**



**Explanation/Reference:**

<http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/collateral/data-center-virtualization/application-centric-infrastructure/white-paper-c07-732033.html>

**Border Leaves**

The border leaves are ACI leaves that provide layer 3 connections to outside networks. Any ACI leaf can be a border leaf. These can also simply be called leaf switches. There is no limitation in the number of leaf switches that can be used as border leaves. The border leaf can also be used to connect to compute, IP storage, and service appliances. In large-scale design scenarios it may be preferred to have border leaf switches separated from the leaves that connect to compute and service appliances for scalability reasons.

**QUESTION 46**

In which EPG is the consumer interface of an L4-L7 device places?

- A. Shadow provider EPG
- B. Shadow consumer EPG
- C. Consumer EPG
- D. Provider EPG

**Correct Answer:** B  
**Section:** (none)  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 47

Which three statements are considered best practice when configuring an NFS appliance port on Cisco UCS? (Choose 3)

- A. If storage is configured in active/passive mode and both fabric interconnects require communication to the same controller, then the appliance port VLANs should be allowed on the upstream switches.
- B. Cisco UCS supports static and link aggregation control protocol port channels for appliance port configuration. However, no virtual port channel support.
- C. If storage and servers are located in the same subnets, then the appliance port VLANs should be allowed on the upstream switch.
- D. Use of the same VLAN for multiple storage protocol traffic is highly recommended to conserve VLAN namespace use.
- E. If storage must be accessed outside of the Cisco UCS domain, then the appliance port VLANs should be allowed on the upstream switch.
- F. Configuration of the VLAN tagging on the storage side and on the Cisco UCS side simultaneously is recommended.

**Correct Answer:** ACE  
**Section:** (none)  
**Explanation**



**Explanation/Reference:**

<http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/servers-unified-computing/ucs-5100-series-blade-server-chassis/116075-ucs-app-connectivity-tshoot-00.html>

Why Appliance Port VLANs Should be Allowed on Uplinks

There are number of reasons why an upstream switch should allow storage appliance port traffic. These include:

- If storage must be accessed outside of the UCS domain.
- If storage and servers are located in different subnets.
- If storage is configured in Active/Passive mode and both fabric interconnects require communication to the same controller.
- In certain failover scenarios.

#### QUESTION 48

Which OpenStack project, whose data can be used to provide customer billing, resource tracking, and alarming capabilities across all OpenStack core components, is a component of the telemetry project?

- A. Trove
- B. Ceilometer
- C. Heat
- D. Ceph

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

<http://docs.openstack.org/developer/ceilometer/>

Ceilometer is a component of the Telemetry project. Its data can be used to provide customer billing, resource tracking, and alarming capabilities across all OpenStack core components.

#### **QUESTION 49**

Which three limitations or requirements do MP-BGP-Based EVPN addresses have compared to the initial IETF VXLAN standard (RFC 7348)? (Choose 3)

- A. Scalability limitation due to data-driver flood-and-learn behavior.
- B. Control-Plane learning of end-host layer 2 and layer 3 reachability information, which provides integrated bridging and routing in VXLAN overlay networks
- C. Network flooding through protocol-based host MAC/IP router distribution and ARP suppression on the local VTEPs.
- D. Active-passive multihoming at layer 2
- E. Requirement to disable multicast for underlay forwarding.

**Correct Answer:** ABC

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 50**

Which Cisco UCS Director feature Provides API Information and API code generation capabilities that make it easy to see and work with all the available API's, including the REST API's and the JAVA API'?

- A. Automation Feature set
- B. REST API Browser

- C. Report metadata
- D. Orchestration feature set

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified\\_computing/ucs/ucs-director/rest-api-getting-started-guide/5-4/b\\_REST\\_API\\_Getting\\_Started\\_Guide\\_54.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified_computing/ucs/ucs-director/rest-api-getting-started-guide/5-4/b_REST_API_Getting_Started_Guide_54.html)

#### **QUESTION 51**

Which statement about glean throttling in Cisco NX-OS is true?

- A. When forwarding an incoming IP Packet in a line card, if the address resolution request for the next hop is not resolved, the line card forwards the packets to the supervisor. The supervisor resolves the MAC address for the next hop and programs the hardware.
- B. The traffic shaping feature is Cisco NX-OS to avoid bottle necks in the network.
- C. The traffic policing feature manages the maximum rate of traffic through a token bucket algorithm. The token bucket algorithm can use the user-configured values to determine the maximum rate of traffic allowed on an interface at a given moment in time.
- D. Cisco NX-OS supports a rate-limiting feature to manage the access bandwidth policy for network by ensuring that traffic falling within specified rate parameters is sent, while dropping packets that exceed the acceptable amount of traffic or sending them with a different priority.

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 52**

Which Four options are part of Cisco ONE Enterprise cloud suite product portfolio?

- A. Cisco Open SDN Controller
- B. Application Policy Infrastructure Controller
- C. Cisco Intecloud Fabric for business
- D. Cisco UCS Director
- E. Cisco Prime Service Catalog
- F. Cisco Virtual Application Container Services

**Correct Answer:** CDEF

**Section: (none)**  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 53**

Which Programming language is used at the core of Openstack?

- A. Java
- B. Python
- C. Ruby
- D. C++

**Correct Answer: B**  
**Section: (none)**  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



**QUESTION 54**

Refer to the Exhibit

Which Two CLI actions are appropriate to try to resolve the enhanced zoning lock problem? Choose-2

- A. Use the show zone internal vsan 16 command to determine the ip address of the user and the MDS switch where the lock is currently held.
- B. Use the no zone commit vsan command on the switch that holds the lock to release the lock if you are the holder of the lock.
- C. Use the no zone commit vsan <vsan id> force command on the switch that holds the lock to release the lock if another user holds the lock.
- D. Use the clear zone lock command to remove the lock. Use this command on each switch in the fabric for vsan 16 only.
- E. Using either cisco fabric manager or the CLI, reactivate the existing zone set for VSAN 16. Be careful to only reactivate and not deactivate to avoid a disruption in service.

**Correct Answer: BD**  
**Section: (none)**  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 55**

which three statements are considered best practice when directly connecting converged network adapters to the fabric?

- A. Cisco Unified fabric links must be configured as access ports and FCoE VLAN must not be configured as a native VLAN.
- B. A shared VLAN can be used to carry traffic for each virtual fabric in the SAN (for example, vlan 1002 for VSAN1, VSAN2, and so on)
- C. Separate FCoE VLANS must be used for FCOE in SAN-A and SAN-B.
- D. If the converged access switches (in the same SAN fabric or in the other) must be connected to each over Ethernet Links for the purposes of LAN alternate pathing, then such links must explicitly be configured to include all FCOE vlans. This configuration ensures to extend the scope of the spanning tree protocol for FCOE vlans to cisco unified fabric and non cisco unified fabric links.
- E. Cisco UF links must be configured as spanning-tree edge ports.
- F. If MSTP is enabled, a separate MST instance must be used for FCOE vlans.

**Correct Answer:** CEF

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 56

How do you manually configure a VNIC MAC address?

- A. Modify the dynamic vNIC connection policy.
- B. Use the mac-address-table-static command.
- C. Use the set identity dynamic-mac command
- D. Modify the adapter policy



**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified\\_computing/ucs/sw/gui/config/guide/2-2/b\\_UCSM\\_GUI\\_Configuration\\_Guide\\_2\\_2/b\\_UCSM\\_GUI\\_Configuration\\_Guide\\_2\\_2\\_chapter\\_010101.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified_computing/ucs/sw/gui/config/guide/2-2/b_UCSM_GUI_Configuration_Guide_2_2/b_UCSM_GUI_Configuration_Guide_2_2_chapter_010101.html)

#### QUESTION 57

Cisco UCS Director provides an option to offer the report metadata and REST API Browser for developers. Which configuration step is needed in Cisco UCS Director to enable this feature?

- A. Enable the developer Menu.
- B. Enable report metadata.
- C. Enable the debugging menu.

D. Enable the rest api.

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified\\_computing/ucs/ucs-director/rest-api-getting-started-guide/5-4/b\\_REST\\_API\\_Getting\\_Started\\_Guide\\_54.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified_computing/ucs/ucs-director/rest-api-getting-started-guide/5-4/b_REST_API_Getting_Started_Guide_54.html)

#### QUESTION 58

In which location can device package logs be found?

- A. /data/<device package name>/logs
- B. /data/devicescript/logs
- C. /var/sysmgr/tmp\_logs/<device package name>/logs
- D. /data/devicescript/<device package name>/logs
- E. /var/logs/dme/log/<device package name>/logs

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**



**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 59

Which statement about VTP bombing is true?

- A. It occurs when switches with different VTP versions are connected together. This situation may occur when a new switch is plugged into a stable VTP domain. The MAC address table of the new switch overrides the MAC address table of stable switches causing interruption of service.
- B. It occurs when a client connects to a switch and launches distributed denial of service attack against the VTP domain. This attack is possible only if the client knows the VTP password.
- C. It occurs when a server with a higher revision number and a wrong VTP database is inserted into the VTP domain. This situation may occur when a new switch is plugged into a stable VTP domain. The incorrect database is propagated to the domain and the earlier state database is overwritten.
- D. It occurs because of configuration mismatch on VTPv3 switches. This problem can be avoided using a confirmation management tool.

**Correct Answer:** C

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 60**

In cloud computing, which statement best describes a hybrid cloud?

- A. A service cloud that provides compute servers to multiple tenants.
- B. A cloud architecture that combines different cloud offerings such as infrastructure as a service and software as a service.
- C. A type of infrastructure as a service cloud that provides ad hoc storage.
- D. A cloud architecture where there is a data exchange between public and private cloud offerings

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 61**

which two guidelines apply to private VLAN configuration when you are running FabricPath? (Choose-2)

- A. FabricPath ports can be put into a private vlan.
- B. On the F-series modules, user-configured static MAC addresses are programmed on all forwarding engines that have ports in the VLAN.
- C. All VLANS in a private VLAN must be in the same VLAN mode; either CE or fabric path.
- D. The system does support hierarchical static MAC addresses.

**Correct Answer:** BC

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 62**

which two statements about IP-directed broadcast are true? (Choose-2)

- A. The destination address in the IP header of the packet is rewritten to the configured IP broadcast address for the subnet, and the packet is sent as a link-layer broadcast.
- B. All switches in the network forward an ip-directed broadcast in the same way they forward multicast IP packets.

- C. An IP-directed broadcast is an IP packet whose destination address is a valid broadcasts address, and it originates from a node that is also part of the same subnet.
- D. A switch that is not directly connected to its destination subnet forwards an ip-directed broadcast in the same way it forwards unicast IP packets destined to a host on that subnet.

**Correct Answer:** AD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 63

in an ACI fabric, which three types of interface are supported on border leaf switches to connect to an external router? (Choose 3)

- A. Any interfaces that supports VXLAN encapsulation
- B. Subinterface with 802.1Q tagging
- C. Layer 3 interface
- D. 10GBE interface
- E. Switch virtual interface



**Correct Answer:** BCE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

<http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/solutions/collateral/data-center-virtualization/application-centric-infrastructure/white-paper-c07-732033.html>

Border Leaves

The border leaves are ACI leaves that provide layer 3 connections to outside networks. Any ACI leaf can be a border leaf. These can also simply be called leaf switches. There is no limitation in the number of leaf switches that can be used as border leaves. The border leaf can also be used to connect to compute, IP storage, and service appliances. In large-scale design scenarios it may be preferred to have border leaf switches separated from the leaves that connect to compute and service appliances for scalability reasons.

Three different types of interfaces are supported on a border leaf switches to connect to an external router:

Layer 3 interface

Sub-interface with 802.1Q tagging - With sub-interface, the same physical interface can be used to provide a layer 2 outside connection for multiple private networks

Switched Virtual Interface (SVI) - With an SVI interface, the same physical interface that supports layer 2 and layer 3 and the same physical interface can be used for a layer 2 outside connection as well as a layer 3 outside connection

**QUESTION 64**

Which standard REST API method allows you to create a managed object?

- A. POST
- B. GET
- C. PATCH
- D. SET

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

<http://aci-troubleshooting-book.readthedocs.io/en/latest/rest.html>

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified\\_computing/ucs/ucs-director/rest-api-getting-started-guide/5-4/b\\_REST\\_API\\_Getting\\_Started\\_Guide\\_54.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/unified_computing/ucs/ucs-director/rest-api-getting-started-guide/5-4/b_REST_API_Getting_Started_Guide_54.html)

Write Operations

Create and update operations to the REST API are actually both implemented using the POST method, so that if an object does not already exist it will be created, and if it does already exist, it will be updated to reflect any changes between its existing state and desired state.

Both create and update operations can contain complex object hierarchies, so that a complete tree can be defined within a single command, so long as all objects are within the same context root and they are under the 1MB limit for data payloads to the REST API. This limit is in place to guarantee performance and protect the system under high load.

**QUESTION 65**

refer to the exhibit.

Which statement about this output from two different switches is true?

- A. Based on this exhibit, a zone merge problem will not occur, but a warning is generated that indicates that some minor differences in the zone set exist.
- B. There is no way to tell if a zone merge problem will be encountered with just the current display. Additional commands will need to be performed in order to determine if a problem exists.
- C. Based on this exhibit, a zone merge problem will occur.
- D. This exhibit shows no problem. No zone merge issues occur for VSAN 1 based on the current displays.

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 66**

which four products are part of the cisco virtual application container service? (choose 4)

- A. Application Policy Infrastructure Controller
- B. Cisco Virtual Security Gateway
- C. Cisco Prime Network Services controller
- D. Cisco ASR 1000 Router
- E. Cisco Nexus 1000V
- F. Cisco UCS Director

**Correct Answer:** BCEF

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

<http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/virtual-application-container-services-vacs/datasheet-c78-733208.html>

Or

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/Cisco\\_VACS/Container\\_Configuration\\_Guide/b\\_Cisco\\_VACS\\_Configuration\\_Guide/b\\_Cisco\\_Virtual\\_Application\\_Container\\_Services\\_Configuration\\_Guide\\_chapter\\_01.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/Cisco_VACS/Container_Configuration_Guide/b_Cisco_VACS_Configuration_Guide/b_Cisco_Virtual_Application_Container_Services_Configuration_Guide_chapter_01.html)

**QUESTION 67**

Which two statement about Cisco UCS Director Workflow are true? (Choose 2)

- A. You build workflows using a drag-and-drop user interface called workflow designer.
- B. Each task in workflow designer is built using python script.
- C. Looping and conditional branching cannot be implemented.
- D. You arrange tasks in sequence and define inputs and outputs t othose tasks. Outputs from earlier tasks are available to use as inputs to any subsequent task.

**Correct Answer:** AD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 68**

Refer to the Exhibit.

When specifying subnets under a bridge domain for a given tenant, the user can specify the scope of a subnet. Which definition of the public subnet scope is true?

- A. It indicates that this subnet is advertised to the external router by the border leaf.
- B. It indicates that this subnet is advertised to the border leaf in ACI fabric.
- C. It indicates that it must be leaked to one or more private networks within ACI fabric.
- D. It indicates that this subnet is advertised to public internet and must be protected by a firewall.

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 69**

For which two multicast distribution modes is RP configuration required? (Choose 2)

- A. RPF routes for multicast
- B. SSM
- C. BIDIR
- D. ASM

**Correct Answer:** CD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 70**

which two statements about CFS are true? (Choose 2)

- A. CFS distributes the local NTP configuration to master only which then forwards to all devices in network.
- B. If CFS is used to distribute NTP, all devices in the network must have the different VRF's configured then as used for NTP.

- C. You must manually distribute NTP authentication keys on the NTP server and Cisco NX-OS devices across the network.
- D. After enabling CFS, a network-wide lock is applied to NTP whenever an NTP configuration is started and released once after the change has been committed or discarded.

**Correct Answer:** CD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus5500/sw/system\\_management/6x/b\\_5500\\_System\\_Mgmt\\_Config\\_6x/b\\_5500\\_System\\_Mgmt\\_Config\\_6x\\_chapter\\_010010.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/nexus5500/sw/system_management/6x/b_5500_System_Mgmt_Config_6x/b_5500_System_Mgmt_Config_6x_chapter_010010.html)

Distributing NTP Using CFS

Cisco Fabric Services (CFS) distributes the local NTP configuration to all Cisco devices in the network.

After enabling CFS on your device, a network-wide lock is applied to NTP whenever an NTP configuration is started. After making the NTP configuration changes, you can discard or commit them.

In either case, the CFS lock is then released from the NTP application.

**QUESTION 71**

Which two guidelines and limitations of netflow on Cisco NX-OS are true? (Choose-2)

- A. If you change a layer 2 interface to a layer 3 interface, the software converts the layer 2 netflow to layer 3 netflow automatically.
- B. Valid record name is optional to configure.
- C. The cisco nexus 2000 series fabric extender does not support bridged netflow.
- D. Only layer 2 netflow is applied on layer 2 interfaces, and only layer 3 netflow is applied on layer 3 interfaces.
- E. You must configure a source interface. If you do not configure a source interface, the exported remains in a disabled state.

**Correct Answer:** DE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/5\\_x/nx-os/system\\_management/configuration/guide/sm\\_nx\\_os\\_cg/sm\\_15netflow.html#wp1088665](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/5_x/nx-os/system_management/configuration/guide/sm_nx_os_cg/sm_15netflow.html#wp1088665)

Guidelines and Limitations

NetFlow has the following configuration guidelines and limitations:

- You must configure a source interface. If you do not configure a source interface, the exporter will remain in a disabled state.

- You must configure a valid record name for every flow monitor.
- A rollback will fail if you try to modify a record that is programmed in the hardware during a rollback.
- Only Layer 2 NetFlow is applied on Layer 2 interfaces, and only Layer 3 NetFlow is applied on Layer 3 interfaces.
- If you add a member to a port channel that is already configured for Layer 2 NetFlow, its NetFlow configuration is removed and the Layer 2 configuration of the port channel is added to it.
- If you change a Layer 2 interface to a Layer 3 interface, the software removes the Layer 2 NetFlow configuration from the interface.
- Use v9 export to see the full 32-bit SNMP ifIndex values at the NetFlow connector.
- The maximum number of supported NetFlow entries is 512K.
- The Cisco Nexus 2000 Series Fabric Extender supports bridged NetFlow.
- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 5.2, NetFlow is supported on switch virtual interfaces (SVIs) for F1 Series ports. Bridged NetFlow on F1 Series ports is not supported.

#### QUESTION 72

which two statement about NFS appliance port failover and network uplink failure on Cisco UCS are true? (Choose 2)

- A. By Default, appliance ports are shutdown if the uplink that they are pinned to goes down.
- B. Failover cannot be configured on the Cisco UCS side for appliance ports.
- C. By design, Cisco UCS fabric interconnects operate as one large fabric.
- D. Failover must be configured on the storage side and Cisco UCS side, and it must be implemented with the correct network design while specific failover behaviors for storage controller are kept in mind.
- E. To change default appliance port behavior, configure an appliance port failover policy and set the action to be taken upon uplink failure.

**Correct Answer:** AB

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 73

Which two statements about VXLAN are true? (Choose 2)

- A. VXLAN uses a UDP destination port 4987.

- B. VXLAN adds an additional 32 bytes worth of headers.
- C. A VTEP is virtual or physical device that maps end devices to VXLAN segments.
- D. Devices that terminate VXLAN tunnels are known as VTEPs.

**Correct Answer:** CD

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 74**

Refer to the exhibit.

Health scores can be aggregated for a variety of areas such as for the system, infrastructure, tenants, applications, or services. Which health score level is the exhibit from APIC GUI an example of?

- A. Managed object
- B. Pod
- C. Tenant
- D. System

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**



#### **QUESTION 75**

on a cluster with three APICs, on which APIC can you see actual device package logs?

- A. Depending on the device package, on the APIC that is a leader for that device package
- B. APIC 1
- C. Depending on the tenant, on the APIC that is a leader for the shard for that particular tenant
- D. On the one that is a leader for device package service.

**Correct Answer:** B

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 76**

Which three statements about ASM and SSM are correct? (Choose 3)

- A. By Default, the SSM group range from PIM is 232.0.0.0/8 and for PIM6 is FF3X/96.
- B. ASM mode requires that you configure an RP.
- C. PIM ASM is not fully supported on a vPC.
- D. If you want to use the default SSM group range, you must configure the SSM group range.
- E. In ASM mode, only the last-hop router switches from the shared tree to the SPT.

**Correct Answer:** ABE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/5\\_x/nx-os/multicast/configuration/guide/n7k\\_multic\\_cli\\_5x/pim.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/5_x/nx-os/multicast/configuration/guide/n7k_multic_cli_5x/pim.html)

**QUESTION 77**

On which two criteria can an endpoint be classified statically into an application EPG? (Choose 2)

- A. Physical leaf port
- B. VM name
- C. Guest operating system
- D. DNS host name
- E. VLAN

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 78**

Refer to the Exhibit.

Many tools are available to troubleshoot an ACI fabric. Which tool is this sample output from?

- A. Traffic map

- B. iPing
- C. traceroute
- D. atomic counters

**Correct Answer:** D  
**Section:** (none)  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 79

Refer to the exhibit.  
Which cause of this error is true?

- A. The upstream switch port is disabled.
- B. No interfaces have been configured as uplinks.
- C. The upstream switch is in NPV mode.
- D. The upstream vFC interface is disabled.
- E. VSAN mismatch on an uplink.

**Correct Answer:** A  
**Section:** (none)  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 80

Refer to the exhibit

```
Switch# configure terminal
Switch (config)# fcoe fcamp 0e.fc.2a
```

Which two statements about this configuration command sequence with regards to the cisco nexus 5500 are true? (choose 2)

- A. It permits this node to form FCoE ISLs only with other nodes configured for the same FC-MAP.
- B. It configures this node to use 0EFC2A as the first 3 bytes of the FPMA.
- C. It configures this node to use 0EFC2A as the last 3 bytes of the FPMA.
- D. It reserves this FCID so only this node can use this FCID when communicating with other Fiber Channel entities.

E. It configures this node to use FCID 0EFC2A to forward the FDISC to when an endpoint is connected.

**Correct Answer:** BE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### QUESTION 81

on which two features does ITD depend? (Choose 2)

- A. IP SLA
- B. WCCP
- C. Netflow
- D. BFD
- E. PBR
- F. Interface-vlan

**Correct Answer:** AE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**



**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/6\\_x/nx-os/itd/configuration/guide/b-Cisco-Nexus-7000-Series-Intelligent-Traffic-Director-Configuration-Guide-Release-6x/b-Cisco-Nexus-7000-Series-Intelligent-Traffic-Director-Configuration-Guide-Release-6x\\_configuring-itd.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/6_x/nx-os/itd/configuration/guide/b-Cisco-Nexus-7000-Series-Intelligent-Traffic-Director-Configuration-Guide-Release-6x/b-Cisco-Nexus-7000-Series-Intelligent-Traffic-Director-Configuration-Guide-Release-6x_configuring-itd.html)

**The following example use cases are supported by the Cisco ITD feature:**

**Load-balance traffic to 256 servers of 10Gbps each.**

**Load-balance to a cluster of Firewalls. ITD is much superior than policy-based routing (PBR).**

Health of an Interface Connected to a Node

ITD leverages the IP service level agreement (IP SLA) feature to periodically probe each node. The probes are sent at a one second frequency and sent simultaneously to all nodes. You can configure the probe as part of the cluster group configuration. A probe is declared to have failed after retrying three times.

#### QUESTION 82

You want to create two vHBAs per fabric for each server in a cisco UCS domain, which option lists the maximum number of servers that can be utilized in this domain?

- A. 20 chassis (160 servers)

- B. 16 chassis (128 servers)
- C. 12 chassis (96 servers)
- D. 15 chassis (120 servers)

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

### QUESTION 83

which definition of intelligent service card manager is true?

- A. Management software to manage provisioning of RISE services on a cisco nexus switch
- B. Part of the RISE service that resides on an appliance (for example, Citrix Netscaler) that is responsible for sending Route health injection messages to a cisco nexus switch.
- C. Part of the RISE service that is responsible for establishing initial connectivity with remote appliances (for example, citrix netscaler)
- D. Management software to manage cisco nexus devices
- E. Part of the RISE service that resides on a cisco nexus switch that is responsible for handling tasks related to receiving Route health injection messages from appliance and programming those routes in the universal routing information base.

**Correct Answer:** E

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/nx-os/riseNetscaler/install\\_and\\_cfg/guide/b-rise-netscaler/Configuring-Rise.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/nx-os/riseNetscaler/install_and_cfg/guide/b-rise-netscaler/Configuring-Rise.html)

Intelligent Service Card Manager

The Intelligent Service Card Manager (ISCM) handles tasks related to the initialization and flow of Remote Health Injection (RHI) messages.

During ISCM initialization, the ISCM registers with the Universal Routing information Base (URIB) as a URIB client so that it can access the routing database. After registration is successful, the ISCM can add routes received from NetScaler to the routing database.

When the ISCC receives an RHI message from NetScaler, it sends a TLV and encrypted message to ISCM containing the RHI payload and RISE headers. ISCM transport decrypts and processes the RHI message. Each RHI message contains a common header with RHI opcode and a RHI request payload. The message header also contains the number of RHI entries contained in the RHI request payload.

The ISCM also checks the status of the SVI for the VLAN sent by NetScaler. It obtains the interface number for the SVI and call the URIB APIs to add, delete, or delete all routes. The other parameters sent in the URIB API are present in the RHI request payload received by the ISCM. All routes are

added as static routes to the VRF that this SVI is associated with.

**QUESTION 84**

while doing service insertion with vASA with route peering, which two parts must be configured? (Choose 2)

- A. The path for interfaces must be specified when the L4-L7 device is created.
- B. The route peering profile must be specified when the L4-L7 service Graph template is created.
- C. The VM name must be specified when the L4-L7 device is created.
- D. The chassis must be specified when the L4-L7 device is created.

**Correct Answer:** AB

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 85**

The OS team as requested that you expand the receive queues of an existing server. Which action accomplishes this change?

- A. Reconfigure the vNIC to the requested queue size
- B. Reconfigure the default Vnic behavior
- C. Configure and apply a customer LAN connectivity policy
- D. Configure and apply a customer adapter policy



**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 86**

You configured a Cisco usNIC connectivity policy, for a HPC environment. Which action also must be completed?

- A. Download and compile the ring\_c application
- B. Install the Intel MPI library environment
- C. Mount the MPI adapter in the operating system
- D. Install an MPI environment in the operating system

**Correct Answer:** A  
**Section:** (none)  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 87**

Drag and drop the method from the left into the correct description on the right.

**Select and Place:**

GET	UPDATES THE SPECIFIED WITH NEW INFORMATION. THIS DATA THAT IS INCLUDED IN THIS OPERATION REPLACES THE PREVIOUS DATA. THIS OPERATION CANNOT BE USED TO CREATE THE NEW RESOURCES
POST	Removes a resource. This operation should not have a request body
PUT	Retrieves the specified resources. It is read-only operation that does not change the engine state
DELETE	Submits data to be processed by the specified resource. The data to be processed is included in the request body. This operation can create a new resource

**Correct Answer:**

GET	PUT
POST	DELETE
PUT	GET
DELETE	POST

**Section: (none)**  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 88**

Drag and drop the objects of the ACI policy model from left onto the correct definition on the right.

**Select and Place:**

tename	Layer 2 forwarding boundary
context	Logical container for grouping EPGs
Bridge domain	Unique layer 3 forwarding and application policy domain
Application profile	Logical grouping of objects that require similar policy
EPG	Defines the communication between EPGs
Contracts	Logical container for application polices

Correct Answer:

tename	Bridge domain
context	Application profile
Bridge domain	context
Application profile	EPG
EPG	Contracts
Contracts	tename

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

[http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/aci/apic/sw/1-x/aci-fundamentals/b\\_ACI-Fundamentals/b\\_ACI-Fundamentals\\_chapter\\_010001.html](http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/aci/apic/sw/1-x/aci-fundamentals/b_ACI-Fundamentals/b_ACI-Fundamentals_chapter_010001.html)

1. A tenant (fvTenant) is a logical container for application policies that enable an administrator to exercise domain-based access control.
2. A context is a unique Layer 3 forwarding and application policy domain.
3. A bridge domain (fvBD) represents a Layer 2 forwarding construct within the fabric.
4. Application profiles contain one or more EPGs
5. EPGs contain endpoints that have common policy requirements such as security, virtual machine mobility (VMM), QoS, or Layer 4 to Layer 7

- services. Rather than configure and manage endpoints individually, they are placed in an EPG and are managed as a group.
6. Contracts can contain multiple communication rules and multiple EPGs can both consume and provide multiple contracts

**QUESTION 89**

Drag and drop terms of the cisco Prime service catalog from the left onto the definition on the right

Select and Place:

Service group	Process performed by a designated individual of evaluating and then approving or rejecting a service request
requisition	Rights the site and organizational unit level to perform request center tasks
authorization	Process of making site that a request for service or products is feasibility, normally a service team member or manager completes this process
permissions	A template for service orders
review	A folder containing similar services, gathered to facilitates and organize the service design process, Not visible to customers.

Correct Answer:

	authorization
	permissions
	review
	requisition
	Service group

**Section: (none)**  
**Explanation**



**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 90**

Drag and drop the concept of Cisco UCS director orchestrator from the left onto the correct description on the right

**Select and Place:**

Task	A series of tasks arranged to automate a complex operation. It can contain at least one task, or any number of tasks as needed
workflow	An atomic unit of work in cisco UCS director orchestrator. It is a single action or operation with inputs and outputs
Service request	A " GATE" tasks that requires the intervention of cisco UCS director user to allow a workflow to run to completion. This user is typically an administrator who has go/no-go authority over the workflow process
approval	Created every time you execute a workflow in cisco UCS Director. It is a process under the control of cisco UCS director

**Correct Answer:**

	workflow
	Task
	approval
	Service request



**Section: (none)**  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 91**

Drag and drop the feature from the left onto the right description on the right

**Select and Place:**

ARP	It send a request with an identical source IP address and a destination IP address to detect duplicate IP address
Reverse ARP	It enable a device that is physically located on one network appear to be logically part of a different network connected to the same device
PROXY arp	It maps the IP(network layer) address to MAC layer address to enable IP packets to be sent across the network
Gratuitous ARP	It request IP(Network layer) address for the MAC address. Often used by diskless workstation because this type if device has no way to store IP address to use when they boot

Correct Answer:

Gratuitous ARP
PROXY arp
ARP
Reverse ARP

**Section: (none)**  
**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

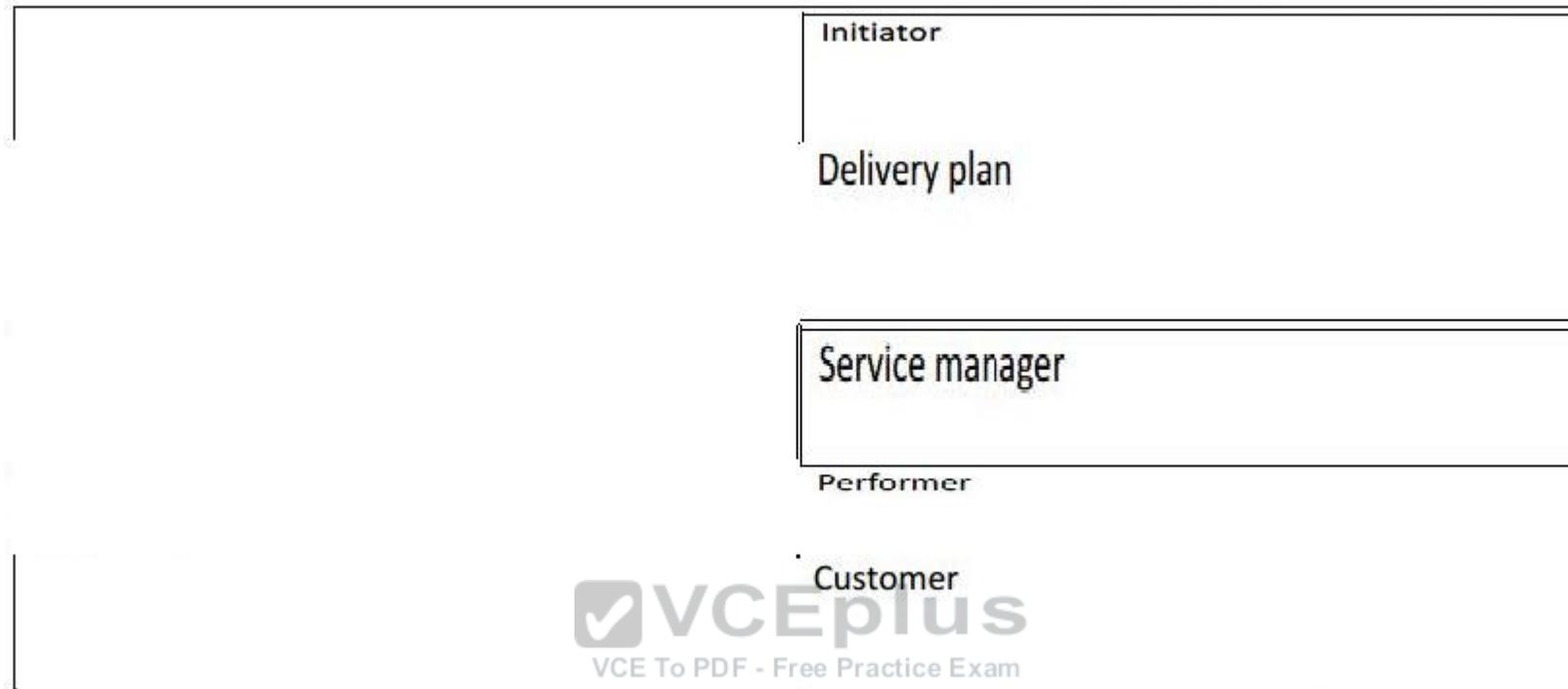
**QUESTION 92**

Drag and drop the term of the Cisco Prime Service Catalog from the left column onto the Correct definition on the right

**Select and Place:**

Customer	Person who places the order for a service. You are the initiator of orders you place for yourself and orders you place for others.
Initiator	The work flow process established by service catalog administrators to complete a service order after it has passed through the authorization and/or review stages.
Performer	A service Catalog module that is used by the service trams to find and manage their Service3 Catalog tasks.
Service manager	An individual or user or queue assigned to complete the task.
Delivery plan	Person receiving a service. You can be the customer of services you order for yourself and for services that others order for you.

**Correct Answer:**



**Section: (none)**

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

**QUESTION 93**

Drag and drop the feature from the left onto the correct benefits on the right.

**Select and Place:**

Priority-Based Flow Control IEEE 802.1 Qbb	Addresses the problem of link saturation by moving corrective action to network edge
Enhanced transmission selection IEEE 802.1 Qaz	Permits exchange of Ethernet parameters between switches and endpoint
Congestion Notification IEEE 802.1 Qau	Provides capability to manage bursty, single traffic source on a multiprotocol link.
Data center Bridging Exchange DCBX	Enables bandwidth management between traffic types on a multiprotocol link.

Correct Answer:

Congestion Notification  
IEEE 802.1 Qau

Data center Bridging Exchange  
DCBX

Priority-Based Flow Control  
IEEE 802.1 Qbb

Enhanced transmission selection  
IEEE 802.1 Qaz

Section: (none)  
Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

**QUESTION 94**

Drag and drop the spanning-tree port from the left onto the correct description on the right.

Select and Place:

Root port	It acts as a backup for the path provided by a designated port toward the leaves of the spanning tree.
Designated port	It has no role within the operation of the spanning tree
Alternate port	It provides the best path (lowest cost) when the device forwards packets to the root bridge.
Backup port	It offers a backup path toward the root bridge to the path provided by the current root port.
Disabled port	It connects to the device that has the lowest path cost when forwarding packets from that LAN to the root bridge.

Correct Answer:

	Backup port
	Disabled port
	Root port
	Alternate port
	Designated port

Section: (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 95**

Refer to the exhibit

An admin has created a new EPG in an ACI fabric. The admin then specified static path binding as shown in exhibit. After submitting this policy configuration, the admin noticed that this newly created EPG has the fault shown in the exhibit. Which option is the likely explanation of this fault?

- A. The encap VLAN configured is not within the allowed range of VLANs as specified by the associated domain.
- B. There is no fault. The fault is currently in the soaking state and the fault will automatically clear and everything will work as expected.
- C. There is not enough information to determine the cause of the problem.
- D. The admin incorrectly configured this static path to have a deployment immediacy as "immediate" when it should have been configured as "on-demand"

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 96**

Refer to the exhibit

A virtual machine in the EPG "clients" is unable to communicate via ICMP with a virtual machine in the EPG "server". Which option is the most likely cause of this issue?

- A. No contract is configured between the two EPGs.
- B. There is no issue because the configured rules permit ICMP traffic.
- C. Not enough detail is provided in the output to determine the exact cause.
- D. The EPG "server" is providing the relevant contract but the EPG "Clients" is not consuming the contract.

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation****Explanation/Reference:****QUESTION 97**

Refer to the exhibit.

Which option describes when this server reboots?

- A. When the vnic/vhba placement is changed
- B. When the user acknowledges the reboot
- C. Immediately after the next change
- D. When the schedule is set to occur.

**Correct Answer:** A

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 98**

You want to make 80 Gbps of bandwidth available to your Redhat Servers. Which two statements are true? (Choose 2)

- A. Install 2204 IOMs, VIC1240 CNAs, fabric Extenders, and create four vNICs mapped to each fabric.
- B. Install 2208 IOMs, VIC1280 CNAs, fabric Extenders, and create four vNICs mapped to each fabric.
- C. Install 2208 IOMs, VIC1280 CNAs, fabric Extenders, and create eight vNICs mapped to each fabric.
- D. Install 2204 IOMs, VIC1280 CNAs, fabric Extenders, and create four vNICs mapped to each fabric.
- E. Install 2204 IOMs, VIC1280 CNAs, and create four vNICs mapped to each fabric.
- F. Install 2204 IOMs, VIC1240 CNAs, and create four vNICs mapped to each fabric.

**Correct Answer:** CF

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 99**

Refer to the exhibit

Which two options are possible reasons for device being stuck in "init" mode? (Choose 2)

- A. Incorrect VM is selected
- B. Incorrect "Function type" is selected.
- C. No "Chassis" is selected.
- D. "Http service enable" is not configured on the ASA

- E. Incorrect credentials are provided.
- F. No management interface is specified in “cluster interfaces” section

**Correct Answer:** DE

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**

#### **QUESTION 100**

Refer to the exhibit

After you upgrade Cisco UCS firmware, some of your blades have these error messages. Which description of the problem is true?

- A. Storage provisioning is not configured
- B. vNIC template must be converted to updating.
- C. Some components are deprecated.
- D. Service profile requires as connectivity policy.

**Correct Answer:** D

**Section:** (none)

**Explanation**

**Explanation/Reference:**