

AZ-301

Number: AZ-301
Passing Score: 800
Time Limit: 120 min
File Version: 1

AZ-301



Website: <https://vceplus.com>

VCE to PDF Converter: <https://vceplus.com/vce-to-pdf/>

Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/VCE.For.All.VN/>

Twitter : https://twitter.com/VCE_Plus

<https://vceplus.com/>

Determine Workload Requirements

Testlet 1

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question. **Overview**

Contoso, Ltd. is a US-based financial services company that has a main office in New York and a branch office in San Francisco.

Existing Environment

Payment Processing System

Contoso hosts a business-critical payment processing system in its New York data center. The system has three tiers: a front-end web app, a middle-tier web API, and a back-end data store implemented as a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database. All servers run Windows Server 2012 R2.

The front-end and middle-tier components are hosted by using Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS). The application code is written in C# and ASP.NET. The middle-tier API uses the Entity Framework to communicate to the SQL Server database. Maintenance of the database is performed by using SQL Server Agent jobs.

The database is currently 2 TB and is not expected to grow beyond 3 TB.

The payment processing system has the following compliance-related requirements:

- Encrypt data in transit and at rest. Only the front-end and middle-tier components must be able to access the encryption keys that protect the data store.

- Keep backups of the data in two separate physical locations that are at least 200 miles apart and can be restored for up to seven years.
 - Support blocking inbound and outbound traffic based on the source IP address, the destination IP address, and the port number.
 - Collect Windows security logs from all the middle-tier servers and retain the logs for a period of seven years.
 - Inspect inbound and outbound traffic from the front-end tier by using highly available network appliances. ▪
- Only allow all access to all the tiers from the internal network of Contoso.

Tape backups are configured by using an on-premises deployment of Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM), and then shipped offsite for long term storage.

Historical Transaction Query System

Contoso recently migrated a business-critical workload to Azure. The workload contains a .NET web service for querying the historical transaction data residing in Azure Table Storage. The .NET web service is accessible from a client app that was developed in-house and runs on the client computers in the New York office. The data in the table storage is 50 GB and is not expected to increase.

Current Issues

The Contoso IT team discovers poor performance of the historical transaction query system, at the queries frequently cause table scans.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Contoso plans to implement the following changes:

- Migrate the payment processing system to Azure.
- Migrate the historical transaction data to Azure Cosmos DB to address the performance issues. **Migration**

Requirements

Contoso identifies the following general migration requirements:

- Infrastructure services must remain available if a region or a data center fails. Failover must occur without any administrative intervention.
- Whenever possible, Azure managed services must be used to minimize management overhead. ▪

Whenever possible, costs must be minimized.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the payment processing system:

- If a data center fails, ensure that the payment processing system remains available without any administrative intervention. The middle-tier and the web front end must continue to operate without any additional configurations.

- Ensure that the number of compute nodes of the front-end and the middle tiers of the payment processing system can increase or decrease automatically based on CPU utilization.
 - Ensure that each tier of the payment processing system is subject to a Service Level Agreement (SLA) of 99.99 percent availability.
 - Minimize the effort required to modify the middle-tier API and the back-end tier of the payment processing system.
 - Generate alerts when unauthorized login attempts occur on the middle-tier virtual machines.
 - Ensure that the payment processing system preserves its current compliance status. ▪
- Host the middle tier of the payment processing system on a virtual machine.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the historical transaction query system:

- Minimize the use of on-premises infrastructure services.
- Minimize the effort required to modify the .NET web service querying Azure Cosmos DB.
- Minimize the frequency of table scans.
- If a region fails, ensure that the historical transactions query system remains available without any administrative intervention.

Information Security Requirements

The IT security team wants to ensure that identity management is performed by using Active Directory. Password hashes must be stored on-premises only.

Access to all business-critical systems must rely on Active Directory credentials. Any suspicious authentication attempts must trigger a multi-factor authentication prompt automatically. legitimate users must be able to authenticate successfully by using multi-factor authentication.

QUESTION 1

You need to recommend a solution for the collection of security logs for the middle tier of the payment processing system.

What should you include in the recommendation?



<https://vceplus.com/>

- A. Azure Event Hubs
- B. Azure Notification Hubs

- C. the Azure Diagnostics agent
- D. the Microsoft Monitoring agent

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Scenario: Collect Windows security logs from all the middle-tier servers and retain the logs for a period of seven years.

The Azure Diagnostics agent should be used when you want to archive logs and metrics to Azure storage.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/agents-overview>



Determine Workload Requirements

Question Set 2

QUESTION 1

Your company uses Microsoft System Center Service Manager on its on-premises network.

You plan to deploy several services to Azure.

You need to recommend a solution to push Azure service health alerts to Service Manager.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Notification Hubs
- B. Azure Event Hubs
- C. IT Service Management Connector (ITSM)
- D. Application Insights Connector

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/itsmc-overview>

QUESTION 2

You have an on-premises Hyper-V cluster. The cluster contains Hyper-V hosts that run Windows Server 2016 Datacenter. The hosts are licensed under a Microsoft Enterprise Agreement that has Software Assurance.

The Hyper-V cluster hosts 30 virtual machines that run Windows Server 2012 R2. Each virtual machine runs a different workload. The workloads have predictable consumption patterns.

You plan to replace the virtual machines with Azure virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016. The virtual machines will be sized according to the consumption pattern of each workload.

You need to recommend a solution to minimize the compute costs of the Azure virtual machines.

Which two recommendations should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Purchase Azure Reserved Virtual Machine Instances for the Azure virtual machines
- B. Create a virtual machine scale set that uses autoscaling
- C. Configure a spending limit in the Azure account center
- D. Create a lab in Azure DevTest Labs and place the Azure virtual machines in the lab
- E. Activate Azure Hybrid Benefit for the Azure virtual machines

Correct Answer: AE

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

A: With Azure Reserved VM Instances (RIs) you reserve virtual machines in advance and save up to 80 percent.

E: For customers with Software Assurance, Azure Hybrid Benefit for Windows Server allows you to use your on-premises Windows Server licenses and run Windows virtual machines on Azure at a reduced cost. You can use Azure Hybrid Benefit for Windows Server to deploy new virtual machines with Windows OS.

Reference:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/reserved-vm-instances/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/hybrid-use-benefit-licensing>

QUESTION 3

You have an on-premises Active Directory forest and an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant. All Azure AD users are assigned a Premium P1 license.

You deploy Azure AD Connect.

Which two features are available in this environment that can reduce operational overhead for your company's help desk? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management policies
- B. access reviews
- C. self-service password reset
- D. Microsoft Cloud App Security Conditional Access App Control
- E. password writeback

Correct Answer: CE

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 4

You are planning the implementation of an order processing web service that will contain microservices hosted in an Azure Service Fabric cluster.

You need to recommend a solution to provide developers with the ability to proactively identify and fix performance issues. The developers must be able to simulate user connections to the order processing web service from the Internet, as well as simulate user transactions. The developers must be notified if the goals for the transaction response times are not met.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. container health
- B. Azure Network Watcher
- C. Application Insights
- D. Service Fabric Analytics

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 5

You need to recommend a solution to generate a monthly report of all the new Azure Resource Manager resource deployments in your subscription.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Analysis Services
- B. Azure Activity Log
- C. Azure Monitor action groups
- D. Azure Advisor
- E. Azure Monitor metrics
- F. Azure Log Analytics



G. Application Insights

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Through activity logs, you can determine:

- what operations were taken on the resources in your subscription
- who started the operation
- when the operation occurred
- the status of the operation
- the values of other properties that might help you research the operation

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/resource-group-audit>

QUESTION 6

You plan to deploy 200 Microsoft SQL Server databases to Azure by using Azure SQL Database and Azure SQL Database Managed Instance.

You need to recommend a monitoring solution that provides a consistent monitoring approach for all deployments. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Support current-state analysis based on metrics collected near real-time, multiple times per minute, and maintained for up to one hour
- Support longer term analysis based on metrics collected multiple times per hour and maintained for up to two weeks.
- Support monitoring of the number of concurrent logins and concurrent sessions.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. dynamic management views
- B. trace flags
- C. Azure Monitor
- D. SQL Server Profiler

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 7

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

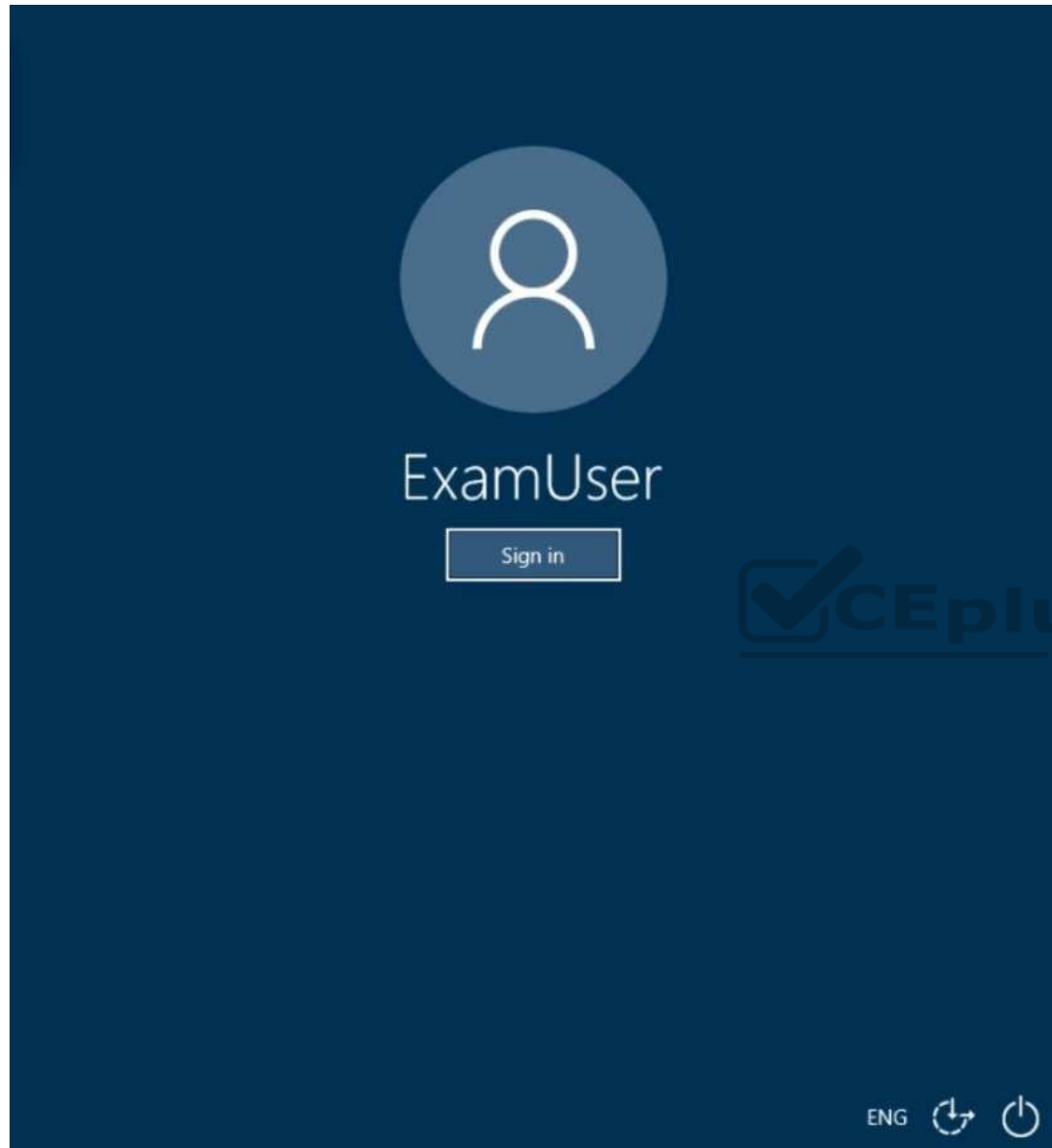
Scoring is based on the outcome of performing the tasks stated in the lab. In other words, it doesn't matter how you accomplish the task, if you successfully perform it, you will earn credit for that task.

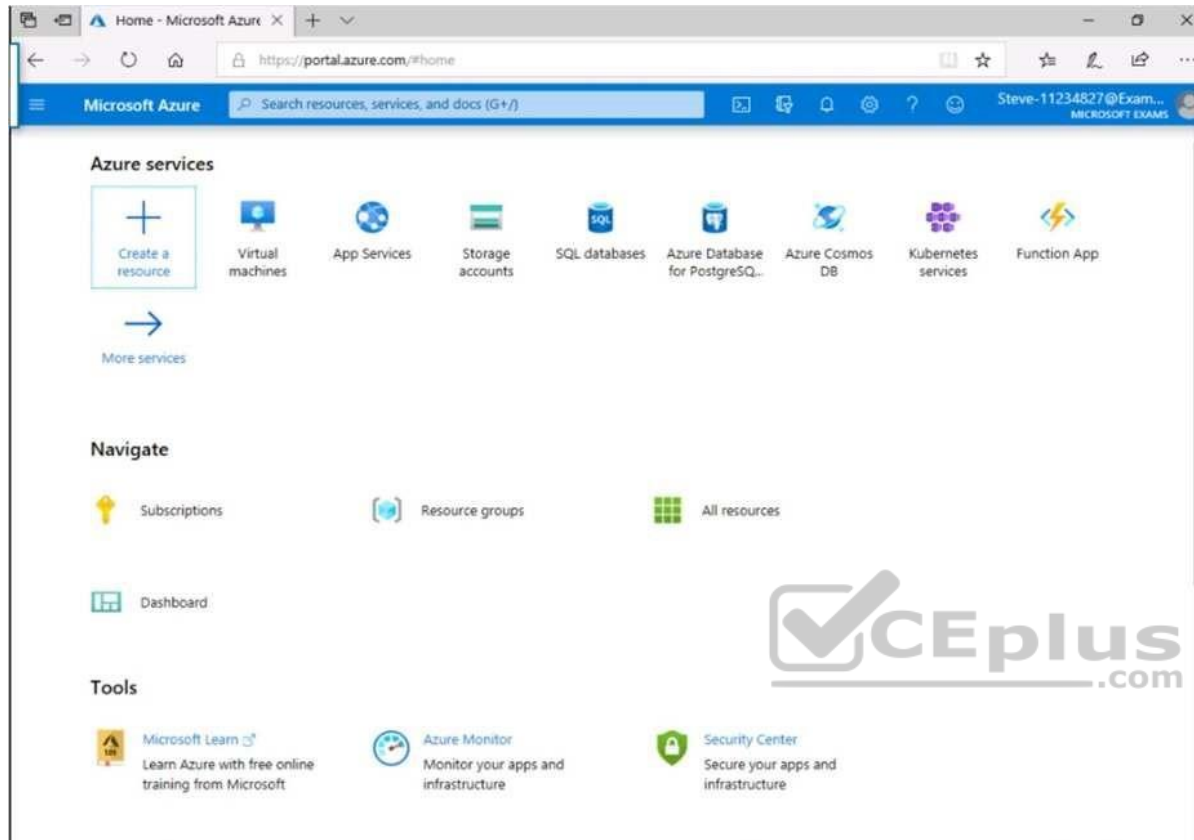
Labs are not timed separately, and this exam may have more than one lab that you must complete. You can use as much time as you would like to complete each lab. But, you should manage your time appropriately to ensure that you are able to complete the lab(s) and all other sections of the exam in the time provided.

Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

You may now click next to proceed to the lab.







App Services - Microsoft

https://portal.azure.com/#blade/HubsExtension/BrowseResource/resourceType/Microsoft.Web%2Fsites

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services



App Services

Microsoft Exams

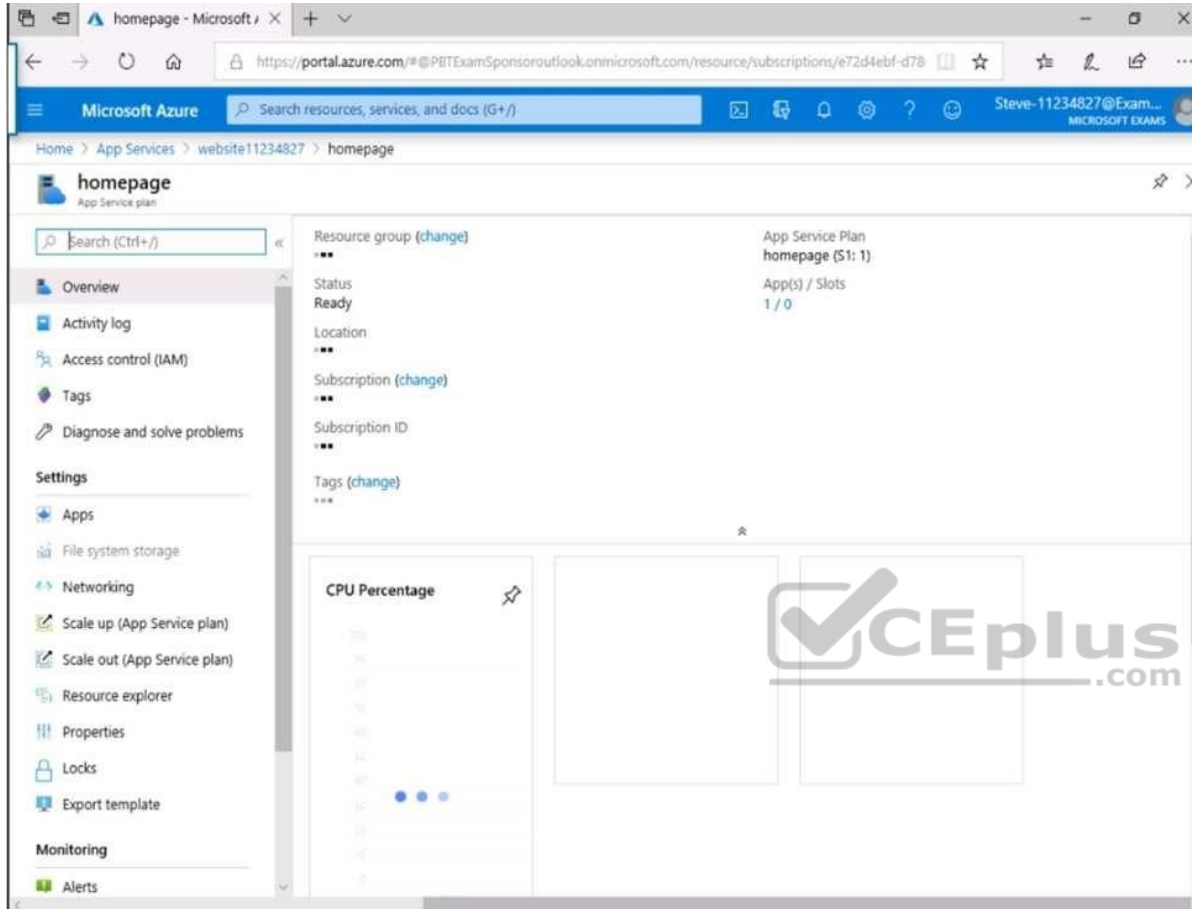
+ Add Edit columns Refresh Export to CSV Assign tags Start Restart Stop Delete Feedback Leave preview

Filter by name... Subscription == all Resource group == all Location == all Add filter

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 records. No grouping

Name ↑↓	Status ↑↓	Location ↑↓	Pricing Tier ↑↓	App Service Plan ↑↓	Subscription ↑↓	App Type ↑↓
 website11234827	Running	East US	Standard	 homepage	Microsoft AZ-301 6	Web App

< Previous Page 1 of 1 Next >



homepage - Microsoft / X

https://portal.azure.com/#@PBTEExamSponsoroutlook.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/e72d4ebf-d7b...

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services > website11234827 > homepage

homepage App Service plan

Search (Ctrl+/)

Overview

Activity log

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Settings

Apps

File system storage

Networking

Scale up (App Service plan)

Scale out (App Service plan)

Resource explorer

Properties

Locks

Export template

Monitoring

Alerts

Resource group (change)

Status Ready

Location

Subscription (change)

Subscription ID

Tags (change)

App Service Plan homepage (S1: 1)

App(s) / Slots 1 / 0

CPU Percentage

homepage - Scale out (. . .)

https://portal.azure.com/#@PBTExamSponsoroutlook.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/e72d4ebf-d7b...

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services > website11234827 > homepage - Scale out (App Service plan)

homepage - Scale out (App Service plan)

App Service plan

Search (Ctrl+/)

Save Discard Refresh

Overview

Activity log

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Settings

Apps

File system storage

Networking

Scale up (App Service plan)

Scale out (App Service plan)

Resource explorer

Properties

Locks

Export template

Monitoring

Alerts

Choose how to scale your resource

Manual scale ☐ Maintain a fixed instance count

Custom autoscale ☒ Scale on any schedule, based on any metrics

Custom autoscale

Autoscale setting name autoscale

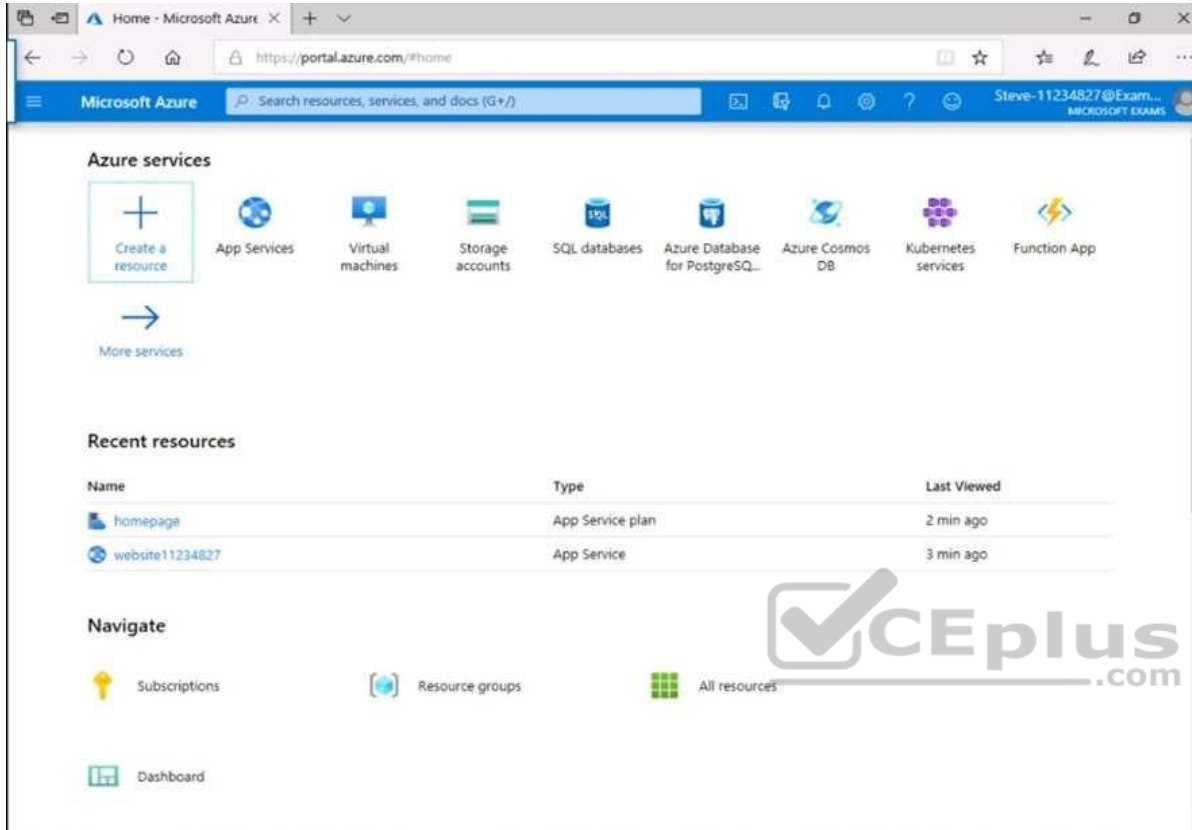
Resource group Homepage-RG-lod11234827

Instance count 1

Default Auto created scale condition

Delete warning **The very last or default recurrence rule cannot be deleted. Instead, you can disable autoscale to turn off**

Scale mode ☐ Scale based on a metric ☒ Scale to a specific instance count



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal home page. The browser address bar displays <https://portal.azure.com/#home>. The page header includes the Microsoft Azure logo, a search bar, and the user's profile (Steve-11234827@Exam...).

Azure services

Icons for various Azure services are displayed, including:

- Create a resource
- App Services
- Virtual machines
- Storage accounts
- SQL databases
- Azure Database for PostgreSQL
- Azure Cosmos DB
- Kubernetes services
- Function App

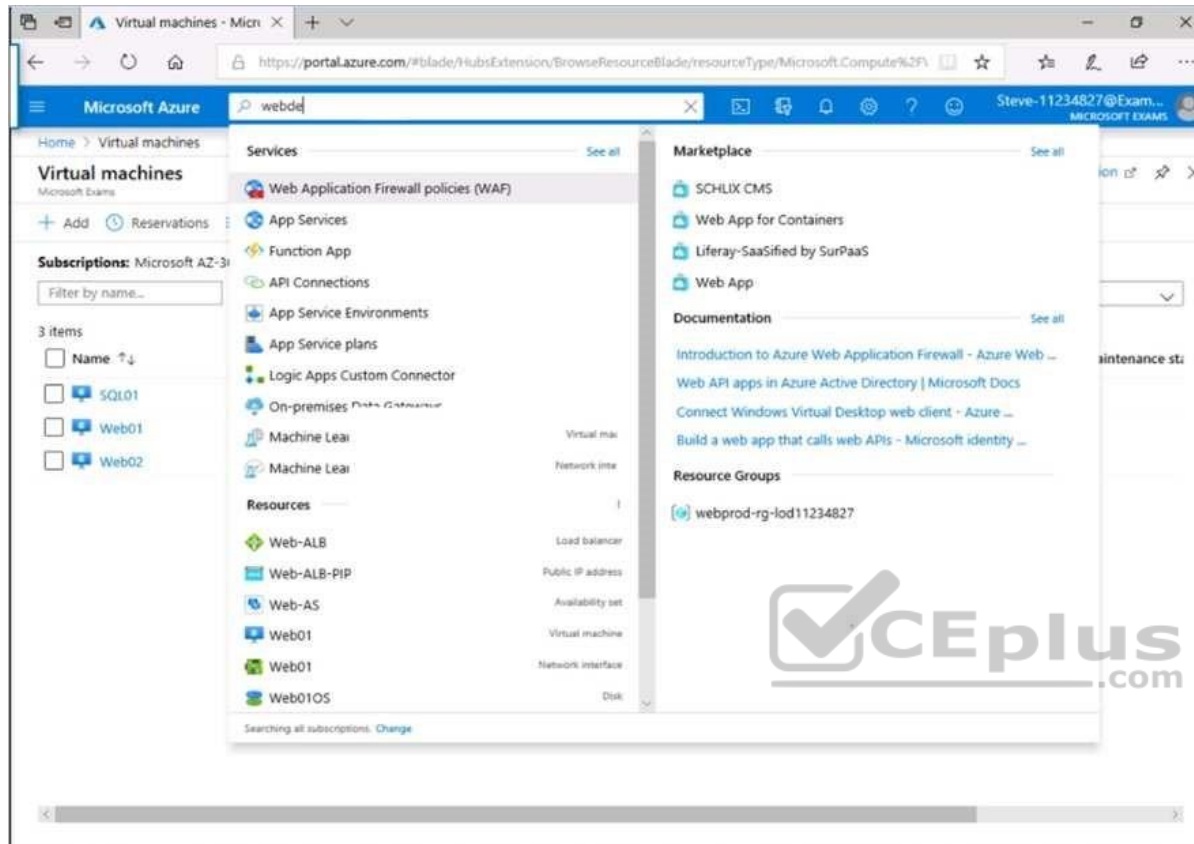
Recent resources

Name	Type	Last Viewed
homepage	App Service plan	2 min ago
website11234827	App Service	3 min ago

Navigate

Navigation options include:

- Subscriptions
- Resource groups
- All resources
- Dashboard



WebDev01 is used only for testing purposes.

You need to reduce the costs to host WebDev01.

What should you modify?

NOTE: To answer this question, sign in to the Azure portal and explore the Azure resource groups.

- A. the disk type of WebDev01
- B. the networking properties of WebDev01
- C. the storage type of the storage account

D. the properties of the storage account

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

The storage type can be changed to Block blobs to save money.

References:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/storage/>

QUESTION 8

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

Scoring is based on the outcome of performing the tasks stated in the lab. In other words, it doesn't matter how you accomplish the task, if you successfully perform it, you will earn credit for that task.

Labs are not timed separately, and this exam may have more than one lab that you must complete. You can use as much time as you would like to complete each lab. But, you should manage your time appropriately to ensure that you are able to complete the lab(s) and all other sections of the exam in the time provided.

Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

You may now click next to proceed to the lab.



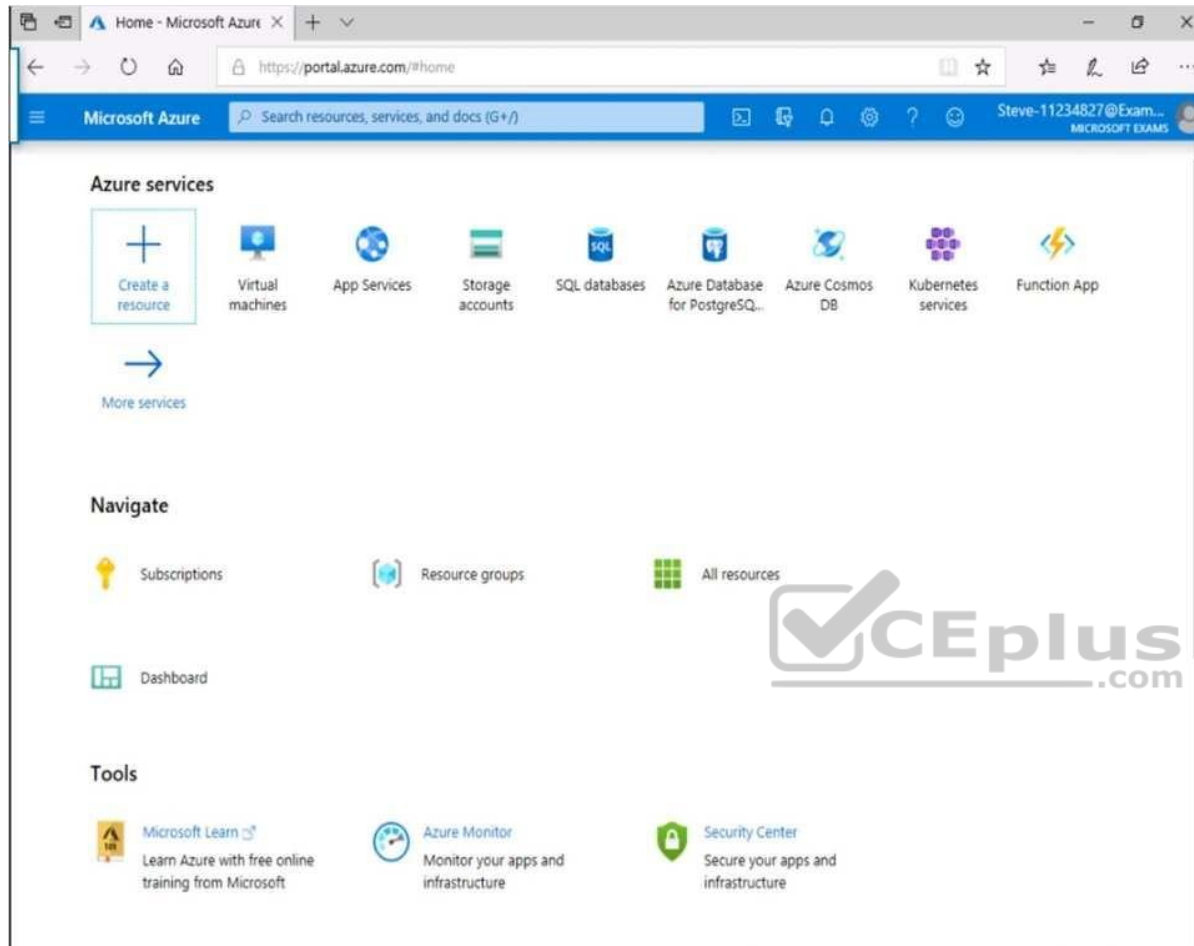
ExamUser

Sign in



ENG





App Services - Microsoft

https://portal.azure.com/#blade/HubsExtension/BrowseResource/resourceType/Microsoft.Web%2FSites

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services



App Services

Microsoft Exams

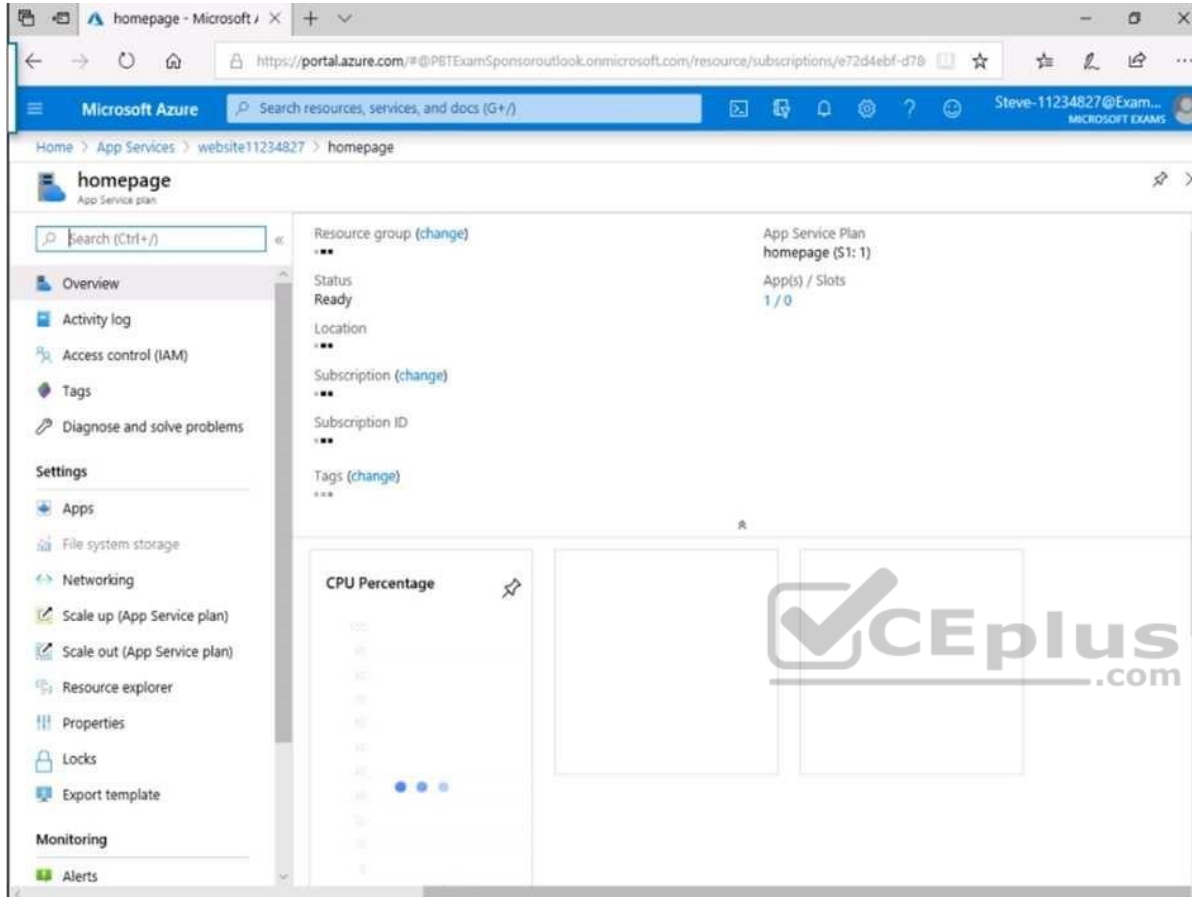
+ Add Edit columns Refresh Export to CSV Assign tags Start Restart Stop Delete Feedback Leave preview

Filter by name... Subscription == all Resource group == all Location == all Add filter

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 records. No grouping

Name ↑↓	Status ↑↓	Location ↑↓	Pricing Tier ↑↓	App Service Plan ↑↓	Subscription ↑↓	App Type ↑↓
 website11234827	Running	East US	Standard	 homepage	Microsoft AZ-301 6	Web App

< Previous Page 1 of 1 Next >



homepage - Microsoft / X

https://portal.azure.com/#@P6TExamSponsoroutlook.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/e72d4ebf-d79

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+/f)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services > website11234827 > homepage

homepage
App Service plan

Search (Ctrl+f)

Overview

Activity log

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Settings

Apps

File system storage

Networking

Scale up (App Service plan)

Scale out (App Service plan)

Resource explorer

Properties

Locks

Export template

Monitoring

Alerts

Resource group (change)

App Service Plan
homepage (\$1: 1)

Status
Ready

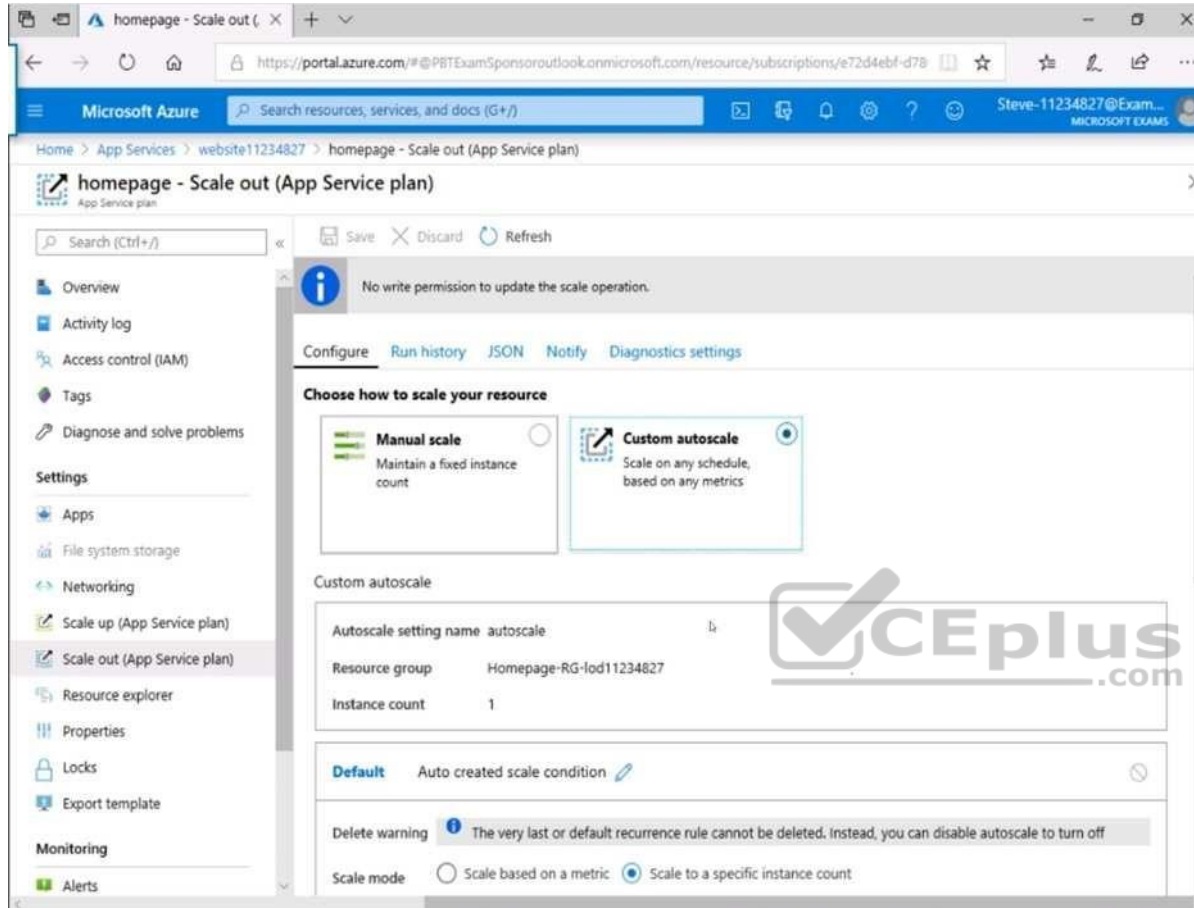
Location

Subscription (change)

Subscription ID

Tags (change)

CPU Percentage



homepage - Scale out (App Service plan)

Search (Ctrl+/)

Save Discard Refresh

No write permission to update the scale operation.

Configure Run history JSON Notify Diagnostics settings

Choose how to scale your resource

Manual scale ☐ Maintain a fixed instance count

Custom autoscale ☒ Scale on any schedule, based on any metrics

Custom autoscale

Autoscale setting name autoscale

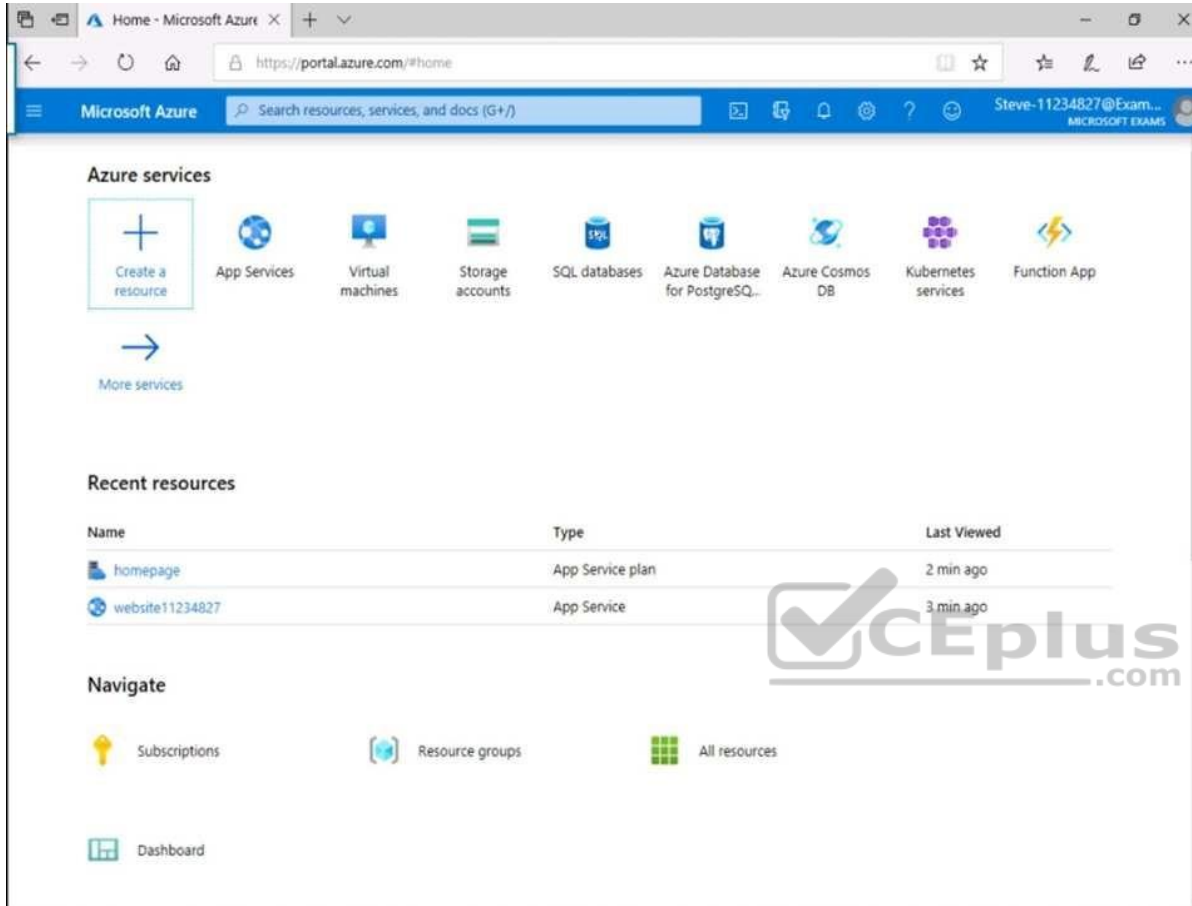
Resource group Homepage-RG-lod11234827

Instance count 1

Default Auto created scale condition

Delete warning **The very last or default recurrence rule cannot be deleted. Instead, you can disable autoscale to turn off**

Scale mode ☐ Scale based on a metric ☒ Scale to a specific instance count



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal home page. The browser address bar displays <https://portal.azure.com/#home>. The page header includes the "Microsoft Azure" logo, a search bar, and a user profile for "Steve-11234827@Exam..." with the role "MICROSOFT EXAMS".

Azure services

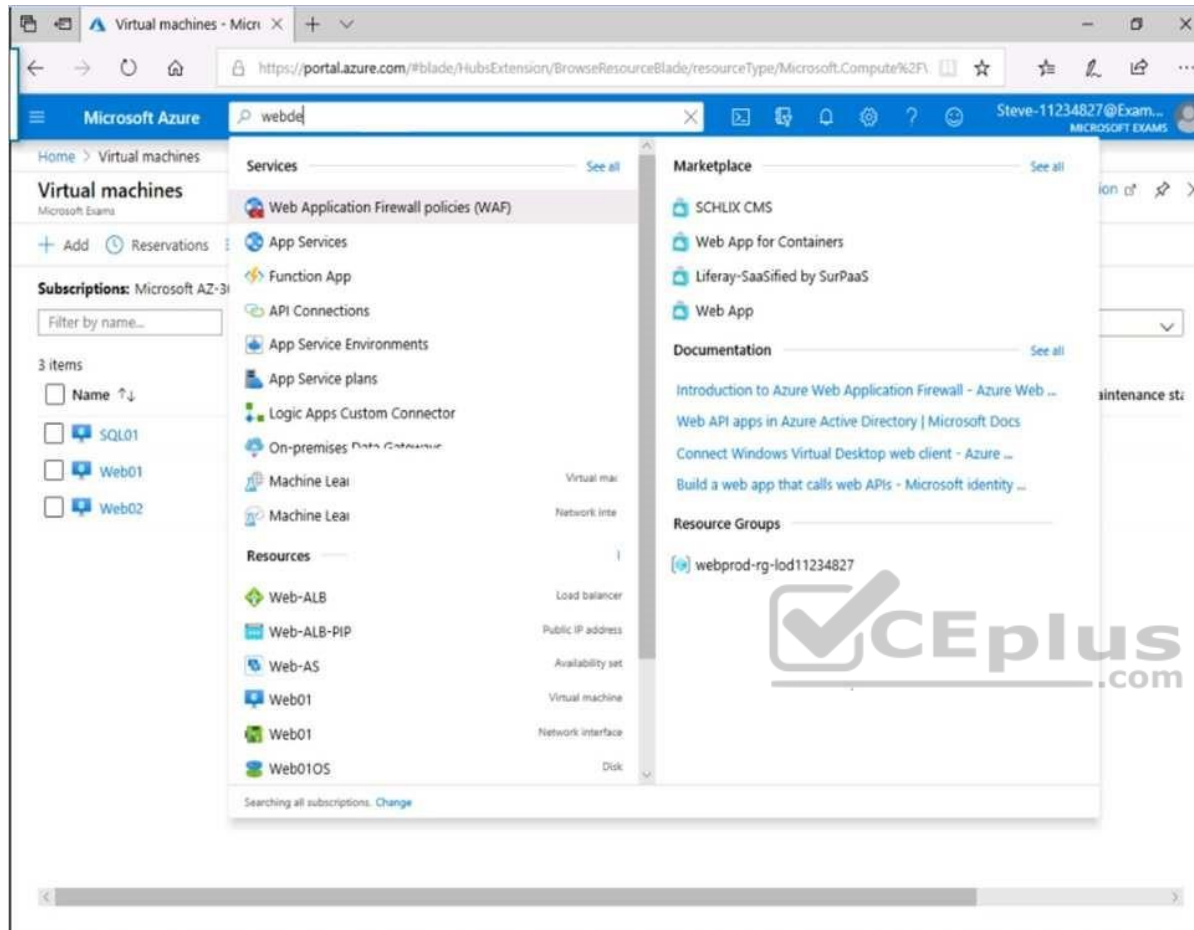
A row of service tiles is displayed, including "Create a resource" (highlighted with a blue border), "App Services", "Virtual machines", "Storage accounts", "SQL databases", "Azure Database for PostgreSQL", "Azure Cosmos DB", "Kubernetes services", and "Function App". Below this row is a "More services" link with a right-pointing arrow.

Recent resources

Name	Type	Last Viewed
homepage	App Service plan	2 min ago
website11234827	App Service	3 min ago

Navigate

Navigation options are shown at the bottom, including "Subscriptions" (key icon), "Resource groups" (grid icon), "All resources" (grid icon), and "Dashboard" (dashboard icon).



A user named Steve-11234827@ExamUsers.com cannot modify the properties of the web app.

You need to ensure that Steve-11234827@ExamUsers.com can modify the web app properties.

What should you do?

NOTE: To answer this question, sign in to the Azure portal and explore the Azure resource groups.

A. Remove the resource lock from the resource group

- B. Remove the resource lock from the web app
- C. Modify the permissions on the web app
- D. Modify the permissions on the resource group

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

As an administrator, you may need to lock a subscription, resource group, or resource to prevent other users in your organization from accidentally deleting or modifying critical resources.

Note: resource - A manageable item that is available through Azure. Virtual machines, storage accounts, web apps, databases, and virtual networks are examples of resources.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/sv-se/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/overview>

QUESTION 9

You are designing an Azure web app.

You need to ensure that users who have impaired vision can use the app.

Which reference material should you use when designing the app?

- A. Accessibility in Windows Dev Center
- B. Azure Application Architecture Guide
- C. Web Content Accessibility Guidelines
- D. Cloud Application Architecture Guide

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

How Microsoft integrates accessibility

Microsoft's obligation to accessibility is guided by three main principles: transparency, inclusivity and accountability. In developing our products and services, we take into account leading global accessibility standards, including:

EN 301 549

U.S. Section 508

Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG)

References:

<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/trust-center/compliance/accessibility>



Design for Identity and Security

Testlet 1

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question. **Overview**

Contoso, Ltd. is a US-based financial services company that has a main office in New York and a branch office in San Francisco.

Existing Environment

Payment Processing System

Contoso hosts a business-critical payment processing system in its New York data center. The system has three tiers: a front-end web app, a middle-tier web API, and a back-end data store implemented as a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database. All servers run Windows Server 2012 R2.

The front-end and middle-tier components are hosted by using Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS). The application code is written in C# and ASP.NET. The middle-tier API uses the Entity Framework to communicate to the SQL Server database. Maintenance of the database is performed by using SQL Server Agent jobs.

The database is currently 2 TB and is not expected to grow beyond 3 TB.

The payment processing system has the following compliance-related requirements:

- Encrypt data in transit and at rest. Only the front-end and middle-tier components must be able to access the encryption keys that protect the data store.

- Keep backups of the data in two separate physical locations that are at least 200 miles apart and can be restored for up to seven years.
 - Support blocking inbound and outbound traffic based on the source IP address, the destination IP address, and the port number.
 - Collect Windows security logs from all the middle-tier servers and retain the logs for a period of seven years.
 - Inspect inbound and outbound traffic from the front-end tier by using highly available network appliances. ▪
- Only allow all access to all the tiers from the internal network of Contoso.

Tape backups are configured by using an on-premises deployment of Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM), and then shipped offsite for long term storage.

Historical Transaction Query System

Contoso recently migrated a business-critical workload to Azure. The workload contains a .NET web service for querying the historical transaction data residing in Azure Table Storage. The .NET web service is accessible from a client app that was developed in-house and runs on the client computers in the New York office. The data in the table storage is 50 GB and is not expected to increase.

Current Issues

The Contoso IT team discovers poor performance of the historical transaction query system, at the queries frequently cause table scans.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Contoso plans to implement the following changes:

- Migrate the payment processing system to Azure.
- Migrate the historical transaction data to Azure Cosmos DB to address the performance issues. **Migration**

Requirements

Contoso identifies the following general migration requirements:

- Infrastructure services must remain available if a region or a data center fails. Failover must occur without any administrative intervention.
- Whenever possible, Azure managed services must be used to minimize management overhead. ▪

Whenever possible, costs must be minimized.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the payment processing system:

- If a data center fails, ensure that the payment processing system remains available without any administrative intervention. The middle-tier and the web front end must continue to operate without any additional configurations.

- Ensure that the number of compute nodes of the front-end and the middle tiers of the payment processing system can increase or decrease automatically based on CPU utilization.
 - Ensure that each tier of the payment processing system is subject to a Service Level Agreement (SLA) of 99.99 percent availability.
 - Minimize the effort required to modify the middle-tier API and the back-end tier of the payment processing system.
 - Generate alerts when unauthorized login attempts occur on the middle-tier virtual machines.
 - Ensure that the payment processing system preserves its current compliance status. ▪
- Host the middle tier of the payment processing system on a virtual machine.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the historical transaction query system:

- Minimize the use of on-premises infrastructure services.
- Minimize the effort required to modify the .NET web service querying Azure Cosmos DB.
- Minimize the frequency of table scans.
- If a region fails, ensure that the historical transactions query system remains available without any administrative intervention.

Information Security Requirements

The IT security team wants to ensure that identity management is performed by using Active Directory. Password hashes must be stored on-premises only.

Access to all business-critical systems must rely on Active Directory credentials. Any suspicious authentication attempts must trigger a multi-factor authentication prompt automatically. legitimate users must be able to authenticate successfully by using multi-factor authentication.

Design for Identity and Security

Testlet 2

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question.

Overview

Fabrikam, Inc. is an engineering company that has offices throughout Europe. The company has a main office in London and three branch offices in Amsterdam, Berlin, and Rome.

Existing Environment

Active Directory Environment

The network contains two Active Directory forests named corp.fabrikam.com and rd.fabrikam.com. There are no trust relationships between the forests.

Corp.fabrikam.com is a production forest that contains identities used for internal user and computer authentication.

Rd.fabrikam.com is used by the research and development (R&D) department only.

Network Infrastructure

Each office contains at least one domain controller from the corp.fabrikam.com domain. The main office contains all the domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest.

All the offices have a high-speed connection to the Internet.

An existing application named WebApp1 is hosted in the data center of the London office. WebApp1 is used by customers to place and track orders.

WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.

The IT department currently uses a separate Hyper-V environment to test updates to WebApp1.

Fabrikam purchases all Microsoft licenses through a Microsoft Enterprise Agreement that includes Software Assurance.

Problem Statements

The use of Web App1 is unpredictable. At peak times, users often report delays. At other times, many resources for WebApp1 are underutilized.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Fabrikam plans to move most of its production workloads to Azure during the next few years.

As one of its first projects, the company plans to establish a hybrid identity model, facilitating an upcoming Microsoft Office 365 deployment.

All R&D operations will remain on-premises.

Fabrikam plans to migrate the production and test instances of WebApp1 to Azure.

Technical Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following technical requirements:

- Web site content must be easily updated from a single point.
 - User input must be minimized when provisioning new app instances.
 - Whenever possible, existing on-premises licenses must be used to reduce cost. ▪
- Users must always authenticate by using their corp.fabrikam.com UPN identity.
- Any new deployments to Azure must be redundant in case an Azure region fails.
 - Whenever possible, solutions must be deployed to Azure by using platform as a service (PaaS).
 - An email distribution group named IT Support must be notified of any issues relating to the directory synchronization services.
 - Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the onpremises network.

Database Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following database requirements:

- Database metrics for the production instance of WebApp1 must be available for analysis so that database administrators can optimize the performance settings.
- To avoid disrupting customer access, database downtime must be minimized when databases are migrated.
- Database backups must be retained for a minimum of seven years to meet compliance requirements.

Security Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following security requirements:

- Company information including policies, templates, and data must be inaccessible to anyone outside the company.
 - Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails.
 - Administrators must be able to authenticate to the Azure portal by using their corp.fabrikam.com credentials.
 - All administrative access to the Azure portal must be secured by using multi-factor authentication.
- The testing of WebApp1 updates must not be visible to anyone outside the company.

QUESTION 1

What should you include in the identity management strategy to support the planned changes?

- A. Move all the domain controllers from corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
- B. Deploy domain controllers for corp.fabrikam.com to virtual networks in Azure.
- C. Deploy a new Azure AD tenant for the authentication of new R&D projects.
- D. Deploy domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest to virtual networks in Azure.

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the onpremises network. (This requires domain controllers in Azure)

Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails. (This requires domain controllers on-premises)

Design for Identity and Security

Question Set 3

QUESTION 1

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription that contains a resource group named RG1.

You create an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group named ResearchUsers that contains the user accounts of all researchers.

You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- The researchers must be allowed to create Azure virtual machines.
- The researchers must only be able to create Azure virtual machines by using specific Azure Resource Manager templates.

Solution: On RG1, assign the Contributor role to the ResearchUsers group. Create a custom Azure Policy definition and assign the policy to RG1.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No



Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 2

A company named Contoso Ltd., has a single-domain Active Directory forest named contoso.com.

Contoso is preparing to migrate all workloads to Azure. Contoso wants users to use single sign-on (SSO) when they access cloud-based services that integrate with Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

You need to identify any objects in Active Directory that will fail to synchronize to Azure AD due to formatting issues. The solution must minimize costs.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure Advisor

- B. Microsoft Office 365 IdFix
- C. Azure AD Connect Health
- D. Password Export Server version 3.1 (PES v3.1) in Active Directory Migration Tool (ADMT)

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 3

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to provide developers with the ability to provision Azure virtual machines. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Only allow the creation of the virtual machines in specific regions. ▪
- Only allow the creation of specific sizes of virtual machines.

What should include in the recommendation?

- A. conditional access policies
- B. Azure Policy
- C. Azure Resource Manager templates
- D. role-based access control (RBAC)

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 4

Your network contains an on-premises Active Directory forest.

You discover that when users change jobs within your company, the membership of the user groups are not being updated. As a result, the users can access resources that are no longer relevant to their job.

You plan to integrate Active Directory and Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) by using Azure AD Connect.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that group owners are emailed monthly about the group memberships they manage.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure AD access reviews
- B. Tenant Restrictions
- C. Azure AD Identity Protection
- D. conditional access policies

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview>

QUESTION 5

A company named Contoso, Ltd. has an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that is integrated with Microsoft Office 365 and an Azure subscription.

Contoso has an on-premises identity infrastructure. The infrastructure includes servers that run Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS), Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS), Azure AD Connect, and Microsoft Identity Manager (MIM).

Contoso has a partnership with a company named Fabrikam, Inc. Fabrikam has an Active Directory forest and an Office 365 tenant. Fabrikam has the same onpremises identity infrastructure as Contoso.

A team of 10 developers from Fabrikam will work on an Azure solution that will be hosted in the Azure subscription of Contoso. The developers must be added to the Contributor role for a resource in the Contoso subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that Contoso can assign the role to the 10 Fabrikam developers. The solution must ensure that the Fabrikam developers use their existing credentials to access resources.

What should you recommend?

- A. Configure an AD FS claims provider trust between the AD FS infrastructures of Fabrikam and Contoso.
- B. In the Azure AD tenant of Contoso, enable Azure Active Directory Domain Services (Azure AD DS). Create a one-way forest trust that uses selective authentication between the Active Directory forests of Contoso and Fabrikam.

- C. In the Azure AD tenant of Contoso, create guest accounts for the Fabrikam developers.
- D. In the Azure AD tenant of Contoso, create cloud-only user accounts for the Fabrikam developers.

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Trust configurations - Configure trust from managed forests(s) or domain(s) to the administrative forest

* A one-way trust is required from production environment to the admin forest.

* Selective authentication should be used to restrict accounts in the admin forest to only logging on to the appropriate production hosts.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/identity/securing-privileged-access/securing-privileged-access-reference-material>

QUESTION 6

You have a hybrid deployment of Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the Azure AD tenant can be managed only from the computers on your on-premises network.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure AD roles and administrators
- B. a conditional access policy
- C. Azure AD Application Proxy
- D. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 7

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com that contains two administrative user accounts named Admin1 and Admin2.

You create two Azure virtual machines named VM1 and VM2.

You need to ensure that Admin1 and Admin2 are notified when more than five events are added to the security log of VM1 or VM2 during a period of 120 seconds.

The solution must minimize administrative tasks.

What should you create?

- A. two action groups and one alert rule
- B. one action group and one alert rule
- C. five action groups and one alert rule
- D. two action groups and two alert rules

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 8

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com that contains several administrative user accounts.

You need to recommend a solution to identify which administrative user accounts have **NOT** signed in during the previous 30 days.

Which service should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure AD Identity Protection
- B. Azure Activity Log
- C. Azure Advisor
- D. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 9

You manage a single-domain, on-premises Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest functional level is Windows Server 2016.

You have several on-premises applications that depend on Active Directory.

You plan to migrate the applications to Azure.

You need to recommend an identity solution for the applications. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Eliminate the need for hybrid network connectivity.
- Minimize management overhead for Active Directory.

What should you recommend?

- A. In Azure, deploy an additional child domain to the contoso.com forest.
- B. In Azure, deploy additional domain controllers for the contoso.com domain.
- C. Implement a new Active Directory forest in Azure.
- D. Implement Azure Active Directory Domain Services (Azure AD DS).

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 10

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription named Project1. Only a group named Project1admins is assigned roles in the Project1 subscription. The Project1 subscription contains all the resources for an application named Application1.

Your company is developing a new application named Application2. The members of the Application2 development team belong to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group named App2Dev.

You identify the following requirements for Application2:

- The members of App2Dev must be prevented from changing the role assignments in Azure.
- The members of App2Dev must be able to create new Azure resources required by Application2.
- All the required role assignments for Application2 will be performed by the members of Project1admins.

You need to recommend a solution for the role assignments of Application2.

Solution: In Project1, create a network security group (NSG) named NSG1. Assign Project1admins the Owner role for NSG1. Assign the App2Dev the Contributor role for NSG1.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

You should use a separate subscription for Project2.

QUESTION 11

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription that contains a resource group named RG1.

You create an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group named ResearchUsers that contains the user accounts of all researchers.

You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- The researchers must be allowed to create Azure virtual machines.
- The researchers must only be able to create Azure virtual machines by using specific Azure Resource Manager templates.

Solution: On RG1, assign a custom role-based access control (RBAC) role to the ResearchUsers group.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead: On RG1, assign the Contributor role to the ResearchUsers group. Create a custom Azure Policy definition and assign the policy to RG1.

QUESTION 12

A company deploys Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect to synchronize identity information from their on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) directory to their Azure AD tenant. The identity information that is synchronized includes user accounts , credential hashes for authentication (password sync), and group membership. The company plans to deploy several Windows and Linux virtual machines (VMs) to support their applications.

The VMs have the following requirements:

- Support domain join, LDAP read, LDAP bind, NTLM and Kerberos authentication, and Group Policy.
- Allow users to sign in to the domain using their corporate credentials and connect remotely to the VM by using Remote Desktop.

You need to support the VM deployment.

Which service should you use?

- A. Azure AD Domain Services
- B. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management
- C. Azure AD Managed Service Identity
- D. Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Azure AD Domain Services provides managed domain services such as domain join, group policy, LDAP, Kerberos/NTLM authentication that are fully compatible with Windows Server Active Directory.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory-domain-services/active-directory-ds-overview>

QUESTION 13

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs.

Solution: Use the Azure traffic analytics solution in Azure Log Analytics to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

QUESTION 14

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs.

Solution: Use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

The Network Watcher Network performance monitor is a cloud-based hybrid network monitoring solution that helps you monitor network performance between various points in your network infrastructure. It also helps you monitor network connectivity to service and application endpoints and monitor the performance of Azure ExpressRoute.

Note:

IP flow verify checks if a packet is allowed or denied to or from a virtual machine. The information consists of direction, protocol, local IP, remote IP, local port, and remote port. If the packet is denied by a security group, the name of the rule that denied the packet is returned. While any source or destination IP can be chosen, IP flow verify helps administrators quickly diagnose connectivity issues from or to the internet and from or to the on-premises environment.

IP flow verify looks at the rules for all Network Security Groups (NSGs) applied to the network interface, such as a subnet or virtual machine NIC. Traffic flow is then verified based on the configured settings to or from that network interface. IP flow verify is useful in confirming if a rule in a Network Security Group is blocking ingress or egress traffic to or from a virtual machine.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

QUESTION 15

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs.

Solution: Install and configure the Log Analytics and Dependency Agents on all VMs. Use the Wire Data solution in Azure Log Analytics to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

QUESTION 16

Your network contains an on-premises Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest is synced to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com and an Azure AD Domain Services (Azure AD DS) domain named contoso-aad.com.

You have an Azure Storage account named Storage1 that contains a file share named Share1.

You configure NTFS permissions on Share1. You plan to deploy a virtual machine that will be used by several users to access Share1.

You need to ensure that the users can access Share1.

Which type virtual machine should you deploy?

- A. a virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2016 and is joined to the contoso.com domain
- B. a virtual machine that runs Windows 10 and is joined to the contoso-add.com domain
- C. a virtual machine that runs Windows 10 and is hybrid Azure AD joined to the contoso.com domain
- D. an Azure virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2016 and is joined to the contoso-add.com domain

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

You join the Windows Server virtual machine to the Azure AD DS-managed domain, here named contoso-aad.com.

Note: Azure Files supports identity-based authentication over SMB (Server Message Block) (preview) through Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Domain Services. Your domain-joined Windows virtual machines (VMs) can access Azure file shares using Azure AD credentials.

Incorrect Answers:

B, C: Azure AD authentication over SMB is not supported for Linux VMs for the preview release. Only Windows Server VMs are supported.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-files-active-directory-enable#mount-a-file-share-from-a-domain-joined-vm>

QUESTION 17

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has an on-premises data center and an Azure subscription. The on-premises data center contains a Hardware Security Module (HSM).

Your network contains an Active Directory domain that is synchronized to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

The company is developing an application named Application1. Application1 will be hosted in Azure by using 10 virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016. Five virtual machines will be in the West Europe Azure region and five virtual machines will be in the East US Azure region. The virtual machines will store sensitive company information. All the virtual machines will use managed disks.

You need to recommend a solution to encrypt the virtual machine disks by using BitLocker Drive Encryption (BitLocker).

Solution: Deploy one Azure Key Vault to each region. Create two Azure AD service principals. Configure the virtual machines to use Azure Disk Encryption and specify a different service principal for the virtual machines in each region.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

You would also have to import Import the security keys from the HSM into each Azure key vault.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-prerequisites-aad>

QUESTION 18

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has an on-premises data center and an Azure subscription. The on-premises data center contains a Hardware Security Module (HSM).

Your network contains an Active Directory domain that is synchronized to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

The company is developing an application named Application1. Application1 will be hosted in Azure by using 10 virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016. Five virtual machines will be in the West Europe Azure region and five virtual machines will be in the East US Azure region. The virtual machines will store sensitive company information. All the virtual machines will use managed disks.

You need to recommend a solution to encrypt the virtual machine disks by using BitLocker Drive Encryption (BitLocker).

Solution: Export a security key from the on-premises HSM. Create one Azure AD service principal. Configure the virtual machines to use Azure Storage Service Encryption.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

We use the Azure Premium Key Vault with Hardware Security Modules (HSM) backed keys.

The Key Vault has to be in the same region as the VM that will be encrypted.

Reference:

<https://www.ciraltos.com/azure-disk-encryption-v2/>

QUESTION 19

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has an on-premises data center and an Azure subscription. The on-premises data center contains a Hardware Security Module (HSM).

Your network contains an Active Directory domain that is synchronized to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

The company is developing an application named Application1. Application1 will be hosted in Azure by using 10 virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016. Five virtual machines will be in the West Europe Azure region and five virtual machines will be in the East US Azure region. The virtual machines will store sensitive company information. All the virtual machines will use managed disks.

You need to recommend a solution to encrypt the virtual machine disks by using BitLocker Drive Encryption (BitLocker).

Solution:

- Deploy one Azure key vault to each region
- Export two security keys from the on-premises HSM
- Import the security keys from the HSM into each Azure key vault
- Create two Azure AD service principals
- Configure the virtual machines to use Azure Disk Encryption
- Specify a different service principal for the virtual machines in each region

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

We use the Azure Premium Key Vault with Hardware Security Modules (HSM) backed keys.

The Key Vault has to be in the same region as the VM that will be encrypted.

Note: If you want to use a key encryption key (KEK) for an additional layer of security for encryption keys, add a KEK to your key vault. Use the Add-AzKeyVaultKey cmdlet to create a key encryption key in the key vault. You can also import a KEK from your on-premises key management HSM.

Reference: <https://www.ciraltos.com/azure-disk-encryption-v2/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-prerequisites-aad>

QUESTION 20

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs.

Solution: Use Azure Advisor to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Note: Advisor is a personalized cloud consultant that helps you follow best practices to optimize your Azure deployments. It analyzes your resource configuration and usage telemetry and then recommends solutions that can help you improve the cost effectiveness, performance, high availability, and security of your Azure resources.

With Advisor, you can:

Get proactive, actionable, and personalized best practices recommendations.

Improve the performance, security, and high availability of your resources, as you identify opportunities to reduce your overall Azure spend.

Get recommendations with proposed actions inline.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/advisor/advisor-overview>

QUESTION 21

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com that is federated to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant. The on-premises domain contains a VPN server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You have a single on-premises location that uses an address space of 172.16.0.0/16.

You need to implement two-factor authentication for users who establish VPN connections to Server1.

What should you include in the implementation?

- A. In Azure AD, create a conditional access policy and a trusted named location
- B. Install and configure Azure MFA Server on-premises
- C. Configure an Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) server on-premises
- D. In Azure AD, configure the authentication methods. From the multi-factor authentication (MFA) service settings, create a trusted IP range

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

You need to download, install and configure the MFA Server.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/howto-mfaserver-deploy>

QUESTION 22

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has an on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain and an established Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) environment.

Your company would like users to be automatically signed in to cloud apps when they are on their corporate desktops that are connected to the corporate network.

You need to enable single sign-on (SSO) for company users.

Solution: Install and configure an Azure AD Connect server to use password hash synchronization and select the **Enable single sign-on** option.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 23

You have an Azure subscription that contains a custom application named Application1. Application1 was developed by an external company named Fabrikam, Ltd. Developers at Fabrikam were assigned role-based access control (RBAC) permissions to the Application1 components. All users are licensed for the Microsoft 365 E5 plan.

You need to recommend a solution to verify whether the Fabrikam developers still require permissions to Application1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- To the manager of the developers, send a monthly email message that lists the access permissions to Application1.
- If the manager does not verify an access permission, automatically revoke that permission.
- Minimize development effort.

What should you recommend?

- A. In Azure Active Directory (AD) Privileged Identity Management, create a custom role assignment for the Application1 resources
- B. Create an Azure Automation runbook that runs the `Get-AzureADUserAppRoleAssignment` cmdlet
- C. Create an Azure Automation runbook that runs the `Get-AzureRmRoleAssignment` cmdlet
- D. In Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), create an access review of Application1

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 24

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has an on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain and an established Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) environment.

Your company would like users to be automatically signed in to cloud apps when they are on their corporate desktops that are connected to the corporate network.

You need to enable single sign-on (SSO) for company users.

Solution: Install and configure an Azure AD Connect server to use pass-through authentication and select the **Enable single sign-on** option.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 25

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has an on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain and an established Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) environment.

Your company would like users to be automatically signed in to cloud apps when they are on their corporate desktops that are connected to the corporate network.

You need to enable single sign-on (SSO) for company users.

Solution: Configure an AD DS server in an Azure virtual machine (VM). Configure bidirectional replication.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 26

You are designing a security solution for a company's Azure Active Directory (Azure AD). The company currently uses Azure AD Premium for all employees. Contractors will periodically access the corporate network based on demand.

You must ensure that all employees and contractors are required to log on by using two-factor authentication. The solution must minimize costs.

You need to recommend a solution.

What should you recommend?

- A. Purchase Azure Multi-Factor Authentication licenses for the employees and the contractors
- B. Use the Multi-Factor Authentication provider in Azure and configure the usage model for each authentication type
- C. Use the Multi-Factor Authentication provider in Azure and configure the usage model for each enabled user
- D. Purchase Azure Multi-Factor Authentication licenses for the contractors only

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 27

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com. The tenant contains a group named Group1. Group1 contains all the administrative user accounts.

You discover several login attempts to the Azure portal from countries where administrative users do **NOT** work.

You need to ensure that all login attempts to the Azure portal from those countries require Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA).

Solution: Create an Access Review for Group1.

Does this solution meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 28

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AZD) tenant named contoso.com. The tenant contains a group named Group1. Group1 contains all the administrative user accounts.

You discover several login attempts to the Azure portal from countries where administrative users do **NOT** work.

You need to ensure that all login attempts to the Azure portal from those countries require Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA).

Solution: You implement an access package.

Does this solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 29

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AZD) tenant named contoso.com. The tenant contains a group named Group1. Group1 contains all the administrative user accounts.

You discover several login attempts to the Azure portal from countries where administrative users do **NOT** work.

You need to ensure that all login attempts to the Azure portal from those countries require Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA).

Solution: Implement Azure AD Privileged Identity Management.

Does this solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 30

Your company has several Azure subscriptions that are part of a Microsoft Enterprise Agreement.

The company's compliance team creates automatic alerts by using Azure Monitor.

You need to recommend a solution to apply the alerts automatically when new subscriptions are added to the Enterprise Agreement.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Automation runbooks
- B. Azure Log Analytics alerts
- C. Azure Monitor action groups
- D. Azure Resource Manager templates
- E. Azure Policy



Correct Answer: E

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 31

You store web access logs data in Azure Blob storage.

You plan to generate monthly reports from the access logs.

You need to recommend an automated process to upload the data to Azure SQL Database every month.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA)
- B. Azure Data Factory

- C. Data Migration Assistant
- D. AzCopy

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 32

Your company has the offices shown in the following table.

Location	IP address space	Public NAT segment
Montreal	10.10.0.0/16	190.15.1.0/24
Seattle	172.16.0.0/16	194.25.2.0/24

The network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com that is synced to Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

All users connect to an application hosted in Microsoft 365.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that all the users use Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) to connect to the application from one of the offices.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a named location and two Microsoft Cloud App Security policies
- B. a conditional access policy and two virtual networks
- C. a virtual network and two Microsoft Cloud App Security policies
- D. a conditional access policy and two named locations

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 33

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has an on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain and an established Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) environment.

Your company would like users to be automatically signed in to cloud apps when they are on their corporate desktops that are connected to the corporate network.

You need to enable single sign-on (SSO) for company users.

Solution: Install and configure an on-premises Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) server with a trust established between the AD FS server and Azure AD.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Seamless SSO is not applicable to Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS).

Instead install and configure an Azure AD Connect server.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/hybrid/how-to-connect-ssol>

QUESTION 34

You have an Azure subscription that contains several resource groups, including a resource group named RG1. RG1 contains several business-critical resources.

A user named admin1 is assigned the Owner role to the subscription.

You need to prevent admin1 from modifying the resources in RG1. The solution must ensure that admin1 can manage the resources in the other resource groups.

What should you use?

- A. a management group
- B. an Azure policy
- C. a custom role
- D. an Azure blueprint

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Role-based access control (RBAC) focuses on user actions at different scopes. You might be added to the contributor role for a resource group, allowing you to make changes to that resource group.

Incorrect Answers:

A: If your organization has many subscriptions, you may need a way to efficiently manage access, policies, and compliance for those subscriptions. Azure management groups provide a level of scope above subscriptions.

B: There are a few key differences between Azure Policy and role-based access control (RBAC). Azure Policy focuses on resource properties during deployment and for already existing resources. Azure Policy controls properties such as the types or locations of resources. Unlike RBAC, Azure Policy is a default allow and explicit deny system.

D: Azure Blueprints enables cloud architects and central information technology groups to define a repeatable set of Azure resources that implements and adheres to an organization's standards, patterns, and requirements.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/overview>

QUESTION 35

A company has deployed several applications across Windows and Linux Virtual machines in Azure. Log Analytics are being used to send the required data for alerting purposes for the Virtual Machines.

You need to recommend which tables need to be queried for security related queries.

Which of the following would you query for events from Windows Event Logs?

- A. Azure Activity
- B. Azure Diagnostics

- C. Event
- D. Syslog

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

This is also given in the Microsoft documentation, wherein you would use the Event Table for the queries on events from Windows Virtual machines

Log queries with Windows Events

The following table provides different examples of log queries that retrieve Windows Event records.

Query	Description
Event	All Windows events.
Event where EventLevelName == "error"	All Windows events with severity of error.
Event summarize count() by Source	Count of Windows events by source.
Event where EventLevelName == "error" summarize count() by Source	Count of Windows error events by source.

Since this is clearly mentioned, all other options are incorrect

For more information on collecting event data from windows virtual machines, please go ahead and visit the below URL.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/data-sources-windows-events>

QUESTION 36

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com. The tenant contains a group named Group1. Group1 contains all the administrative user accounts.

You discover several login attempts to the Azure portal from countries where administrative users do **NOT** work.

You need to ensure that all login attempts to the Azure portal from those countries require Azure Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA).

Solution: Implement Azure AD Identity Protection for Group1.

Does this solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead implement Azure AD Privileged Identity Management.

Note: Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Privileged Identity Management (PIM) is a service that enables you to manage, control, and monitor access to important resources in your organization.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/privileged-identity-management/pim-configure>

QUESTION 37

You are designing a solution that will host 20 different web applications.

You need to recommend a solution to secure the web applications with a firewall that protects against common web-based attacks including SQL injection, crosssite scripting attacks, and session hijacks. The solution must minimize costs.

Which three Azure features should you recommend? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. VPN Gateway
- B. URL-based content routing
- C. Multi-site routing
- D. Web Application Firewall (WAF)
- E. Azure ExpressRoute
- F. Azure Application Gateway

Correct Answer: DEF

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

The web application firewall (WAF) in Azure Application Gateway helps protect web applications from common web-based attacks like SQL injection, cross-site scripting attacks, and session hijacks. It comes preconfigured with protection from threats identified by the Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP) as the top 10 common vulnerabilities.

ExpressRoute connections do not go over the public Internet and thus can be considered more secure than VPN-based solutions. This allows ExpressRoute connections to offer more reliability, faster speeds, lower latencies, and higher security than typical connections over the Internet.

Reference:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/updates/application-gateway-web-application-firewall-in-public-preview/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/fundamentals/overview>

QUESTION 38

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs.

Solution: Install and configure the Microsoft Monitoring Agent and the Dependency Agent on all VMs. Use the Wire Data solution in Azure Monitor to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Note: Wire Data looks at network data at the application level, not down at the TCP transport layer. The solution doesn't look at individual ACKs and SYN's.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

QUESTION 39

A company has deployed several applications across Windows and Linux Virtual machines in Azure. Log Analytics are being used to send the required data for alerting purposes for the Virtual Machines.

You need to recommend which tables need to be queried for security related queries.

Which of the following would you query for events from Linux system logging?

- A. Azure Activity
- B. Azure Diagnostics
- C. Event
- D. Syslog

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

This is also given in the Microsoft documentation, wherein you would use the Syslog Table for the queries on events from Linux Virtual machines

Note: Syslog is an event logging protocol that is common to Linux. Applications will send messages that may be stored on the local machine or delivered to a Syslog collector. When the Log Analytics agent for Linux is installed, it configures the local Syslog daemon to forward messages to the agent. The agent then sends the message to Azure Monitor where a corresponding record is created.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/data-sources-syslog>

QUESTION 40

A company named Contoso, Ltd. has an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that is integrated with Microsoft Office 365 and an Azure subscription.

Contoso has an on-premises identity infrastructure. The infrastructure includes servers that run Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS), Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS), Azure AD Connect, and Microsoft Identity Manager (MIM).

Contoso has a partnership with a company named Fabrikam, Inc. Fabrikam has an Active Directory forest and an Office 365 tenant. Fabrikam has the same on-premises identity infrastructure as Contoso.

A team of 10 developers from Fabrikam will work on an Azure solution that will be hosted in the Azure subscription of Contoso. The developers must be added to the Contributor role for a resource in the Contoso subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that Contoso can assign the role to the 10 Fabrikam developers. The solution must ensure that the Fabrikam developers use their existing credentials to access resources.

What should you recommend?

- A. Configure an AD FS relying party trust between the Fabrikam and Contoso AD FS infrastructures.
- B. Configure an organization relationship between the Office 365 tenants of Fabrikam and Contoso.
- C. In the Azure AD tenant of Contoso, create guest accounts for the Fabrikam developers.
- D. Configure a forest trust between the on-premises Active Directory forests of Contoso and Fabrikam.

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Trust configurations - Configure trust from managed forests(s) or domain(s) to the administrative forest

- A one-way trust is required from production environment to the admin forest.
- Selective authentication should be used to restrict accounts in the admin forest to only logging on to the appropriate production hosts.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/identity/securing-privileged-access/securing-privileged-access-reference-material>

QUESTION 41

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com that has a security group named Group1. Group1 is configured for assigned membership. Group1 has 50 members, including 20 guest users.

You need to recommend a solution for evaluating the membership of Group1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The evaluation must be repeated automatically every three months.
- Every member must be able to report whether they need to be in Group1.
- Users who report that they do not need to be in Group1 must be removed from Group1 automatically
- Users who do not report whether they need to be in Group1 must be removed from Group1 automatically.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Implement Azure AD Identity Protection.
- B. Change the Membership type of Group1 to **Dynamic User**.
- C. Create an access review.
- D. Implement Azure AD Privileged Identity Management.

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

In Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), you can create complex attribute-based rules to enable dynamic memberships for groups. Dynamic group membership reduces the administrative overhead of adding and removing users.

When any attributes of a user or device change, the system evaluates all dynamic group rules in a directory to see if the change would trigger any group adds or removes. If a user or device satisfies a rule on a group, they are added as a member of that group. If they no longer satisfy the rule, they are removed.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/users-groups-roles/groups-dynamic-membership>

QUESTION 42

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription named Project1. Only a group named Project1admins is assigned roles in the Project1 subscription. The Project1 subscription contains all the resources for an application named Application1.

Your company is developing a new application named Application2. The members of the Application2 development team belong to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group named App2Dev.

You identify the following requirements for Application2:

- The members of App2Dev must be prevented from changing the role assignments in Azure.
- The members of App2Dev must be able to create new Azure resources required by Application2.
- All the required role assignments for Application2 will be performed by the members of Project1admins.

You need to recommend a solution for the role assignments of Application2.

Solution: Create a new Azure subscription named Project2. Assign Project1admins the Owner role for the Project2 subscription. Assign App2Dev the Contributor role for the Project2 subscription.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 43

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription named Project1. Only a group named Project1admins is assigned roles in the Project1 subscription. The Project1 subscription contains all the resources for an application named Application1.

Your company is developing a new application named Application2. The members of the Application2 development team belong to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group named App2Dev.

You identify the following requirements for Application2:

- The members of App2Dev must be prevented from changing the role assignments in Azure.
- The members of App2Dev must be able to create new Azure resources required by Application2.
- All the required role assignments for Application2 will be performed by the members of Project1admins.

You need to recommend a solution for the role assignments of Application2.

Solution: Create a new Azure subscription named Project2. Assign Project1admins the User Access Administrator role for the Project2 subscription. Assign App2Dev the Owner role for the Project2 subscription.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead, assign Project1admins the Owner role for the Project2 subscription. Assign App2Dev the Contributor role for the Project2 subscription.

QUESTION 44

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription named Project1. Only a group named Project1admins is assigned roles in the Project1 subscription. The Project1 subscription contains all the resources for an application named Application1.

Your company is developing a new application named Application2. The members of the Application2 development team belong to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group named App2Dev.

You identify the following requirements for Application2:

- The members of App2Dev must be prevented from changing the role assignments in Azure.
- The members of App2Dev must be able to create new Azure resources required by Application2.
- All the required role assignments for Application2 will be performed by the members of Project1admins.

You need to recommend a solution for the role assignments of Application2.

Solution: In Project1, create a resource group named Application2RG. Assign Project1admins the Owner role for Application2RG. Assign App2Dev the Contributor role for Application2RG.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

You should use a separate subscription for Project2.

QUESTION 45

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription that contains a resource group named RG1.

You create an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group named ResearchUsers that contains the user accounts of all researchers.

You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- The researchers must be allowed to create Azure virtual machines.
- The researchers must only be able to create Azure virtual machines by using specific Azure Resource Manager templates.

Solution: Create a lab in Azure DevTest Lab. Configure the DevTest Labs settings. Assign the DevTest Labs User role to the ResearchUsers group.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead: On RG1, assign the Contributor role to the ResearchUsers group. Create a custom Azure Policy definition and assign the policy to RG1.

QUESTION 46

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription that contains a resource group named RG1.

You create an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group named ResearchUsers that contains the user accounts of all researchers.

You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- The researchers must be allowed to create Azure virtual machines.
- The researchers must only be able to create Azure virtual machines by using specific Azure Resource Manager templates.

Solution: Create an Azure DevOps Project. Configure the DevOps Project settings.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead: On RG1, assign the Contributor role to the ResearchUsers group. Create a custom Azure Policy definition and assign the policy to RG1.

QUESTION 47

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

Scoring is based on the outcome of performing the tasks stated in the lab. In other words, it doesn't matter how you accomplish the task, if you successfully perform it, you will earn credit for that task.

Labs are not timed separately, and this exam may have more than one lab that you must complete. You can use as much time as you would like to complete each lab. But, you should manage your time appropriately to ensure that you are able to complete the lab(s) and all other sections of the exam in the time provided.

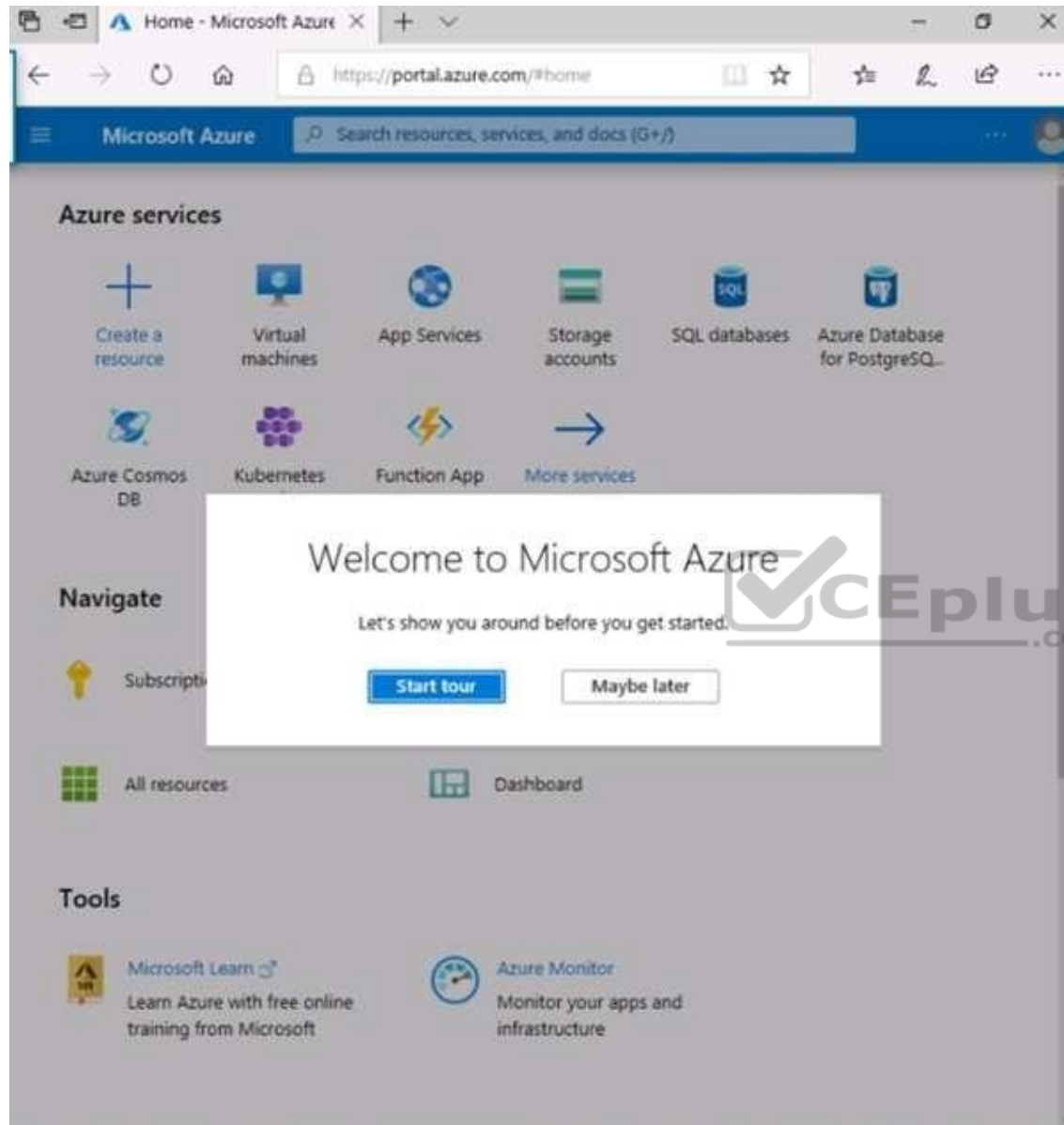
Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

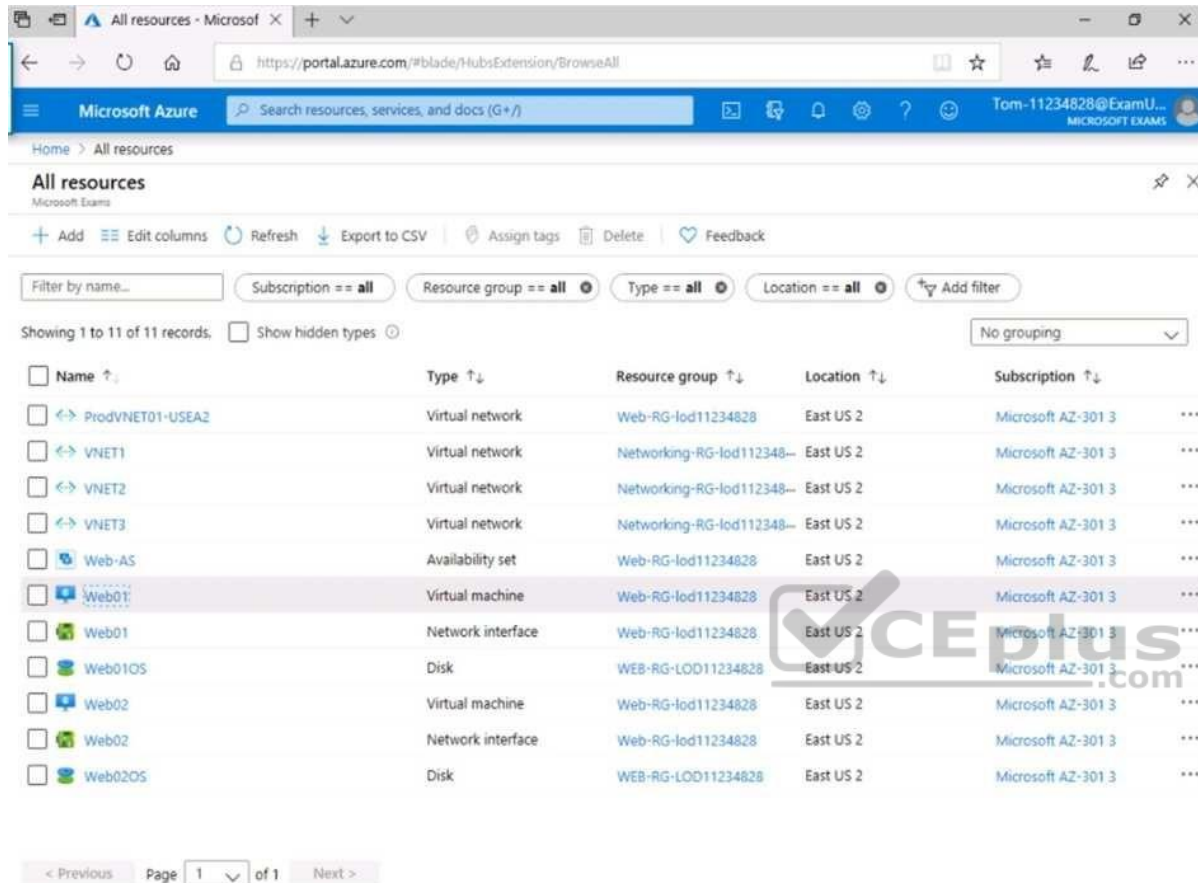
You may now click next to proceed to the lab.



Checking browser capabilities







Microsoft Azure

Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Tom-11234828@ExamU... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > All resources

All resources

Microsoft Exams

+ Add Edit columns Refresh Export to CSV Assign tags Delete Feedback

Filter by name... Subscription == all Resource group == all Type == all Location == all Add filter

Showing 1 to 11 of 11 records. Show hidden types No grouping

Name	Type	Resource group	Location	Subscription
ProdVNET01-USEA2	Virtual network	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET1	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET2	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET3	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web-AS	Availability set	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01	Virtual machine	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01	Network interface	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01OS	Disk	WEB-RG-L0D11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02	Virtual machine	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02	Network interface	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02OS	Disk	WEB-RG-L0D11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3

< Previous Page 1 of 1 Next >

Use the following login credentials as needed:

To enter your username, place your cursor in the **Sign in** box and click on the username below.

To enter your password, place your cursor in the **Enter password** box and click on the password below.

Azure Username: Tom-11234828@ExamUsers.com

Azure Password: Nq9Md6+!Bj

If the Azure portal does not load successfully in the browser, press CTRL-K to reload the portal in a new browser tab.

The following information is for technical support purposes only:

Lab Instance: 11234828

A new corporate policy states that users must be able to authenticate to the web app by using their Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) credentials.

What should you add to the web app?

NOTE: To answer this question, sign in to the Azure portal and explore the Azure resource groups.

- A. a custom domain
- B. a custom RBAC role
- C. two managed service identities
- D. an authentication provider

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

You can create a managed identity for App Service and Azure Functions applications and how to use it to access other resources. A managed identity from Azure Active Directory (AAD) allows your app to easily access other AAD-protected resources such as Azure Key Vault.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/overview-managed-identity>

QUESTION 48

You manage an Azure environment for a company. The environment has over 25,000 licensed users and 100 mission-critical applications.

You need to recommend a solution that provides advanced endpoint threat detection and remediation strategies.

What should you recommend?

- A. Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) authentication
- B. Microsoft Identity Manager
- C. Azure Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)
- D. Azure Active Directory (AZ AD) Connect
- E. Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection

Correct Answer: E

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Identity Protection uses adaptive machine learning algorithms and heuristics to detect anomalies and risk detections that might indicate that an identity has been compromised. Using this data, Identity Protection generates reports and alerts so that you can investigate these risk detections and take appropriate remediation or mitigation action.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/fundamentals/threat-detection>



Design a Data Platform Solution

Testlet 1

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question. **Overview**

Contoso, Ltd. is a US-based financial services company that has a main office in New York and a branch office in San Francisco.

Existing Environment

Payment Processing System

Contoso hosts a business-critical payment processing system in its New York data center. The system has three tiers: a front-end web app, a middle-tier web API, and a back-end data store implemented as a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database. All servers run Windows Server 2012 R2.

The front-end and middle-tier components are hosted by using Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS). The application code is written in C# and ASP.NET. The middle-tier API uses the Entity Framework to communicate to the SQL Server database. Maintenance of the database is performed by using SQL Server Agent jobs.

The database is currently 2 TB and is not expected to grow beyond 3 TB.

The payment processing system has the following compliance-related requirements:

- Encrypt data in transit and at rest. Only the front-end and middle-tier components must be able to access the encryption keys that protect the data store.

- Keep backups of the data in two separate physical locations that are at least 200 miles apart and can be restored for up to seven years.
 - Support blocking inbound and outbound traffic based on the source IP address, the destination IP address, and the port number.
 - Collect Windows security logs from all the middle-tier servers and retain the logs for a period of seven years.
 - Inspect inbound and outbound traffic from the front-end tier by using highly available network appliances. ▪
- Only allow all access to all the tiers from the internal network of Contoso.

Tape backups are configured by using an on-premises deployment of Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM), and then shipped offsite for long term storage.

Historical Transaction Query System

Contoso recently migrated a business-critical workload to Azure. The workload contains a .NET web service for querying the historical transaction data residing in Azure Table Storage. The .NET web service is accessible from a client app that was developed in-house and runs on the client computers in the New York office. The data in the table storage is 50 GB and is not expected to increase.

Current Issues

The Contoso IT team discovers poor performance of the historical transaction query system, at the queries frequently cause table scans.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Contoso plans to implement the following changes:

- Migrate the payment processing system to Azure.
- Migrate the historical transaction data to Azure Cosmos DB to address the performance issues. **Migration**

Requirements

Contoso identifies the following general migration requirements:

- Infrastructure services must remain available if a region or a data center fails. Failover must occur without any administrative intervention.
- Whenever possible, Azure managed services must be used to minimize management overhead. ▪

Whenever possible, costs must be minimized.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the payment processing system:

- If a data center fails, ensure that the payment processing system remains available without any administrative intervention. The middle-tier and the web front end must continue to operate without any additional configurations.

- Ensure that the number of compute nodes of the front-end and the middle tiers of the payment processing system can increase or decrease automatically based on CPU utilization.
 - Ensure that each tier of the payment processing system is subject to a Service Level Agreement (SLA) of 99.99 percent availability.
 - Minimize the effort required to modify the middle-tier API and the back-end tier of the payment processing system.
 - Generate alerts when unauthorized login attempts occur on the middle-tier virtual machines.
 - Ensure that the payment processing system preserves its current compliance status. ▪
- Host the middle tier of the payment processing system on a virtual machine.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the historical transaction query system:

- Minimize the use of on-premises infrastructure services.
- Minimize the effort required to modify the .NET web service querying Azure Cosmos DB.
- Minimize the frequency of table scans.
- If a region fails, ensure that the historical transactions query system remains available without any administrative intervention.

Information Security Requirements

The IT security team wants to ensure that identity management is performed by using Active Directory. Password hashes must be stored on-premises only.

Access to all business-critical systems must rely on Active Directory credentials. Any suspicious authentication attempts must trigger a multi-factor authentication prompt automatically. legitimate users must be able to authenticate successfully by using multi-factor authentication.

QUESTION 1

You need to recommend a solution for implementing the back-end tier of the payment processing system in Azure.



<https://vceplus.com/> What should

you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure SQL Database managed instance
- B. a SQL Server database on an Azure virtual machine

- C. an Azure SQL Database single database
- D. an Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 2

You need to recommend a solution for protecting the content of the payment processing system.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
- B. Azure Storage Service Encryption
- C. Always Encrypted with randomized encryption
- D. Always Encrypted with deterministic encryption

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



Design a Data Platform Solution

Testlet 2

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question.

Overview

Fabrikam, Inc. is an engineering company that has offices throughout Europe. The company has a main office in London and three branch offices in Amsterdam, Berlin, and Rome.

Existing Environment

Active Directory Environment

The network contains two Active Directory forests named corp.fabrikam.com and rd.fabrikam.com. There are no trust relationships between the forests.

Corp.fabrikam.com is a production forest that contains identities used for internal user and computer authentication.

Rd.fabrikam.com is used by their research and development (R&D) department only.

Network Infrastructure

Each office contains at least one domain controller from the corp.fabrikam.com domain. The main office contains all the domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest.

All the offices have a high-speed connection to the Internet.

An existing application named WebApp1 is hosted in the data center of the London office. WebApp1 is used by customers to place and track orders. WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.

The IT department currently uses a separate Hyper-V environment to test updates to WebApp1.

Fabrikam purchases all Microsoft licenses through a Microsoft Enterprise Agreement that includes Software Assurance.

Problem Statements

The use of WebApp1 is unpredictable. At peak times, users often report delays. At other times, many resources for WebApp1 are underutilized.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Fabrikam plans to move most of its production workloads to Azure during the next few years.

As one of its first projects, the company plans to establish a hybrid identity model, facilitating an upcoming Microsoft Office 365 deployment.

All R&D operations will remain on-premises.

Fabrikam plans to migrate the production and test instances of WebApp1 to Azure.

Technical Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following technical requirements:

- Web site content must be easily updated from a single point.
- User input must be minimized when provisioning new web app instances.
- Whenever possible, existing on-premises licenses must be used to reduce cost.
- Users must always authenticate by using their corp.fabrikam.com UPN identity.
- Any new deployments to Azure must be redundant in case an Azure region fails.
- Whenever possible, solutions must be deployed to Azure by using platform as a service (PaaS).
- An email distribution group named IT Support must be notified of any issues relating to the directory synchronization services.
- Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the onpremises network.

Database Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following database requirements:

- Database metrics for the production instance of WebApp1 must be available for analysis so that database administrators can optimize the performance settings.
- To avoid disrupting customer access, database downtime must be minimized when databases are migrated.
- Database backups must be retained for a minimum of seven years to meet compliance requirements.

Security Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following security requirements:

- Company information including policies, templates, and data must be inaccessible to anyone outside the company.
- Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails.
- Administrators must be able to authenticate to the Azure portal by using their corp.fabrikam.com credentials.
- All administrative access to the Azure portal must be secured by using multi-factor authentication.

The testing of WebApp1 updates must not be visible to anyone outside the company.

QUESTION 1

You need to recommend a data storage strategy for WebApp1.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a fixed-size DTU Azure SQL database
- B. an Azure virtual machine that runs SQL Server
- C. an Azure SQL Database elastic poolID. a vCore-based Azure SQL database

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Design a Data Platform Solution

Question Set 3

QUESTION 1

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are designing an Azure solution for a company that has four departments. Each department will deploy several Azure app services and Azure SQL databases.

You need to recommend a solution to report the costs for each department to deploy the app services and the databases. The solution must provide a consolidated view for cost reporting.

Solution: Create a resources group for each resource type. Assign tags to each resource group.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Tags enable you to retrieve related resources from different resource groups. This approach is helpful when you need to organize resources for billing or management.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/resource-group-using-tags>

QUESTION 2

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are designing an Azure solution for a company that has four departments. Each department will deploy several Azure app services and Azure SQL databases.

You need to recommend a solution to report the costs for each department to deploy the app services and the databases. The solution must provide a consolidated view for cost reporting.

Solution: Place all resources in the same resource group. Assign tags to each resource.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead, create a resources group for each resource type. Assign tags to each resource

Note: Tags enable you to retrieve related resources from different resource groups. This approach is helpful when you need to organize resources for billing or management.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/resource-group-using-tags>

QUESTION 3

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are designing an Azure solution for a company that has four departments. Each department will deploy several Azure app services and Azure SQL databases.

You need to recommend a solution to report the costs for each department to deploy the app services and the databases. The solution must provide a consolidated view for cost reporting.

Solution: Create a new subscription for each department.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead, create a resources group for each resource type. Assign tags to each resource

Note: Tags enable you to retrieve related resources from different resource groups. This approach is helpful when you need to organize resources for billing or management.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/resource-group-using-tags>

QUESTION 4

You have an Azure subscription that contains 100 virtual machines.

You plan to design a data protection strategy to encrypt the virtual disks.

You need to recommend a solution to encrypt the disks by using Azure Disk Encryption. The solution must provide the ability to encrypt operating system disks and data disks.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a passphrase
- B. a certificate
- C. a key
- D. a secret



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

For enhanced virtual machine (VM) security and compliance, virtual disks in Azure can be encrypted. Disks are encrypted by using cryptographic keys that are secured in an Azure Key Vault. You control these cryptographic keys and can audit their use.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/encrypt-disks>

QUESTION 5

You deploy Azure App Service Web Apps that connect to on-premises Microsoft SQL Server instances by using Azure ExpressRoute. You plan to migrate the SQL Server instances to Azure.

Migration of the SQL Server instances to Azure must:

- Support automatic patching and version updates to SQL Server.
- Provide automatic backup services.
- Allow for high-availability of the instances.
- Provide a native VNET with private IP addressing.
- Encrypt all data in transit.
- Be in a single-tenant environment with dedicated underlying infrastructure (compute, storage)

You need to migrate the SQL Server instances to Azure.

Which Azure service should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Database with elastic pools
- B. SQL Server in Docker containers running on Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)
- C. SQL Server Infrastructure-as-a-Service (IaaS) virtual machine (VM)
- D. SQL Server in a Docker container running on Azure Container Instances (ACI)
- E. Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

Correct Answer: E

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Azure SQL Database Managed Instance configured for Hybrid workloads. Use this topology if your Azure SQL Database Managed Instance is connected to your on-premises network. This approach provides the most simplified network routing and yields maximum data throughput during the migration.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dms/resource-network-topologies>

QUESTION 6

You are designing an Azure Web App that includes many static content files.

The application is accessed from locations all over the world by using a custom domain name.

You need to recommend an approach for providing access to the static content with the least amount of latency.

Which two actions should you recommend? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Configure a custom domain name that is an alias for the Azure Storage domain.
- B. Configure a CNAME DNS record for the Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) domain.
- C. Place the static content in Azure Table storage.
- D. Place the static content in Azure Blob storage and enable Content Delivery Network (CDN) on the account.

Correct Answer: BD

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

D: Add Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) to a web app in Azure App Service.

B: When you use a CDN endpoint to deliver content, a custom domain is necessary if you would like your own domain name to be visible in your CDN URL.

Having a visible domain name can be convenient for your customers and useful for branding purposes.

Create a CNAME DNS record, and associate the custom domain with your CDN endpoint.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cdn/cdn-map-content-to-custom-domain>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cdn/cdn-add-to-web-app>

QUESTION 7

You are developing a sales application that will contain several Azure cloud services and will handle different components of a transaction. Different cloud services will process customer orders, billing, payment, inventory, and shipping.

You need to recommend a solution to enable the cloud services to asynchronously communicate transaction information by using REST messages.

What would you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Traffic Manager
- B. Azure Data Lake
- C. Azure Blob storage
- D. Azure Service Bus
- E. Azure Application Gateway

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Asynchronous messaging can be implemented in a variety of different ways. With queues, topics, and subscriptions, Azure Service Bus supports asynchronism via a store and forward mechanism.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-async-messaging>

QUESTION 8

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are designing an Azure solution for a company that has four departments. Each department will deploy several Azure app services and Azure SQL databases.

You need to recommend a solution to report the costs for each department to deploy the app services and the databases. The solution must provide a consolidated view for cost reporting.

Solution: Create a separate resource group for each department. Place the resources for each department in its respective resource group.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead create a resources group for each resource type. Assign tags to each resource group.

Note: Tags enable you to retrieve related resources from different resource groups. This approach is helpful when you need to organize resources for billing or management.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/resource-group-using-tags>

QUESTION 9

You are developing a sales application that will contain several Azure cloud services and will handle different components of a transaction. Different cloud services will process customer orders, billing, payment, inventory, and shipping.

You need to recommend a solution to enable the cloud services to asynchronously communicate transaction information by using REST messages.

What would you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Traffic Manager
- B. Azure Notification Hubs
- C. Azure Blob storage
- D. Azure Queue storage

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Asynchronous messaging can be implemented in a variety of different ways. With queues, topics, and subscriptions.

The queue service REST API: The Queue service stores messages that may be read by any client who has access to the storage account.

Incorrect Answers:

B: Azure Notification Hubs provide an easy-to-use and scaled-out push engine that allows you to send notifications to any platform. This communication is not asynchronous, however.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-async-messaging> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/rest/api/storageservices/queue-service-rest-api>

QUESTION 10

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure Cosmos DB account.

You need to recommend a solution to generate an alert from Azure Log Analytics when a request charge for a query exceeds 50 request units more than 20 times within a 15-minute window.

What should you recommend?

- A. Create a search query to identify when requestCharge_s exceeds 50. Configure an alert threshold of 20 and a period of 15.
- B. Create a search query to identify when duration_s exceeds 20 and requestCharge_s exceeds 50. Configure a period of 15.
- C. Create a search query to identify when requestCharge_s exceeds 20. Configure a period of 15 and a frequency of 20.
- D. Create a search query to identify when duration_s exceeds 20. Configure a period of 15.

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 11

You have 70 TB of files on your on-premises file server.

You need to recommend solution for importing data to Azure. The solution must minimize cost.

What Azure service should you recommend?

- A. Azure StorSimple
- B. Azure Stack
- C. Azure Data Box
- D. Azure Batch



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Microsoft has engineered an extremely powerful solution that helps customers get their data to the Azure public cloud in a cost-effective, secure, and efficient manner with powerful Azure and machine learning at play. The solution is called Data Box.

Data Box and is in general availability status. It is a rugged device that allows organizations to have 100 TB of capacity on which to copy their data and then send it to be transferred to Azure.

Incorrect Answers:

A: StoreSimple would not be able to handle 70 TB of data.

References: <https://www.vembu.com/blog/what-is-microsoft-azure-data-box-disk-edge-heavy-gateway-overview/>

QUESTION 12

You have an Azure subscription.

Your on-premises network contains a file server named Server1. Server1 stores 5 TB of company files that are accessed rarely.

You plan to copy the files to Azure Storage.

You need to implement a storage solution for the files that meets the following requirements:

- The files must be available within 24 hours of being requested.
- Storage costs must be minimized.

Which two possible storage solutions achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a general-purpose v2 storage account that is set to the Cool access tier. Create a file share in the storage account and copy the files to the file share.
- B. Create a general-purpose v2 storage account that is set to the Host access tier. Create a blob container, copy the files to the blob container, and set each file to the **Archive** access tier.
- C. Create a general-purpose v1 storage account. Create a file share in the storage account and copy the files to the file share.
- D. Create an Azure Blob storage account that is set to the Cool access tier. Create a blob container, copy the files to the blob container, and set each file to the **Archive** access tier.
- E. Create a general-purpose v1 storage account. Create a blob container and copy the files to the blob container.

Correct Answer: AE

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

A: Azure storage offers different access tiers, which allow you to store blob object data in the most cost-effective manner. The Cool access tier is optimized for storing data that is infrequently accessed and stored for at least 30 days.

E: Using a file share is cheaper than using a blob container.

Incorrect Answers:

B, D: The Archive tier is optimized for storing data that is rarely accessed and stored for at least 180 days with flexible latency requirements (on the order of hours).

C: Using a Blob container would be cheaper than using a file share.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

QUESTION 13

You are designing a data protection strategy for Azure virtual machines. All the virtual machines are in the Standard tier and use managed disks.

You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- The use of encryption keys is audited.
- All the data is encrypted at rest always.
- You manage the encryption keys, not Microsoft.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. BitLocker Drive Encryption (BitLocker)
- B. Azure Storage Service Encryption
- C. client-side encryption
- D. Azure Disk Encryption

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/azure-security-disk-encryption-overview>

QUESTION 14

You have 100 servers that run Windows Server 2012 R2 and host Microsoft SQL Server 2012 R2 instances. The instances host databases that have the following characteristics:

- The largest database is currently 3 TB. None of the databases will ever exceed 4 TB. ▪
- Stored procedures are implemented by using CLR.

You plan to move all the data from SQL Server to Azure.

You need to recommend an Azure service to host the databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:



- Whenever possible, minimize management overhead for the migrated databases.
- Minimize the number of database changes required to facilitate the migration.
- Ensure that users can authenticate by using their Active Directory credentials.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure SQL Database single databases
- B. Azure SQL Database Managed Instance
- C. Azure SQL Database elastic pools
- D. SQL Server 2016 on Azure virtual machines

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-managed-instance>

QUESTION 15

You plan to create an Azure Cosmos DB account that uses the SQL API. The account will contain data added by a web application. The web application will send data daily.

You need to recommend a notification solution that meets the following requirements:

- Sends email notification when data is received from IoT devices. ▪
- Minimizes compute cost.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Deploy an Azure logic app that has the Azure Cosmos DB connector configured to use a SendGrid action.
- B. Deploy a function app that is configured to use the Consumption plan and a SendGrid binding.
- C. Deploy an Azure logic app that has a SendGrid connector configured to use an Azure Cosmos DB action.
- D. Deploy a function app that is configured to use the Consumption plan and an Azure Event Hubs binding.
- E. Deploy an Azure logic app that has a webhook configured to use a SendGrid action.

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation**Explanation/Reference:**

Explanation:

You can send email by using SendGrid bindings in Azure Functions. Azure Functions supports an output binding for SendGrid.

Note: When you're using the Consumption plan, instances of the Azure Functions host are dynamically added and removed based on the number of incoming events.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-bindings-sendgrid> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale#consumption-plan>

QUESTION 16

You have Azure virtual machines that run a custom line-of-business web application.

You plan to use a third-party solution to parse event logs from the virtual machines stored in an Azure storage account.

You need to recommend a solution to save the event logs from the virtual machines to the Azure Storage account. The solution must minimize costs and complexity.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure VM Diagnostics Extension
- B. Azure Monitor Metrics
- C. event log subscriptions
- D. Azure Monitor Logs

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation**Explanation/Reference:**

Explanation:

The Azure Diagnostics VM extension enables you to collect monitoring data, such as performance counters and event logs, from your Windows VM. You can granularly specify what data you want to collect and where you want the data to go, such as an Azure Storage account or an Azure Event Hub.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/extensions-diagnostics>

QUESTION 17

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

Scoring is based on the outcome of performing the tasks stated in the lab. In other words, it doesn't matter how you accomplish the task, if you successfully perform it, you will earn credit for that task.

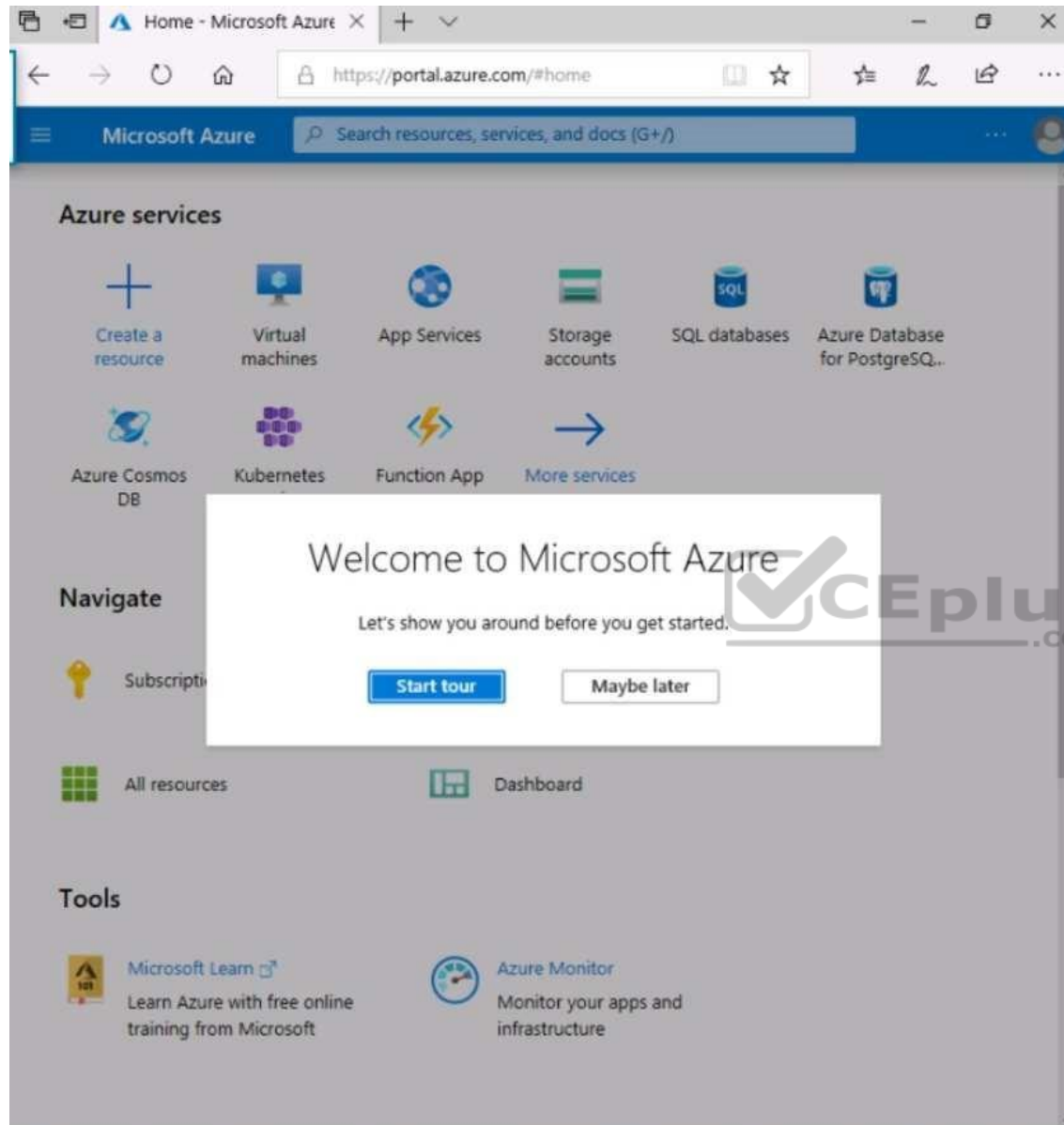
Labs are not timed separately, and this exam may have more than one lab that you must complete. You can use as much time as you would like to complete each lab. But, you should manage your time appropriately to ensure that you are able to complete the lab(s) and all other sections of the exam in the time provided.

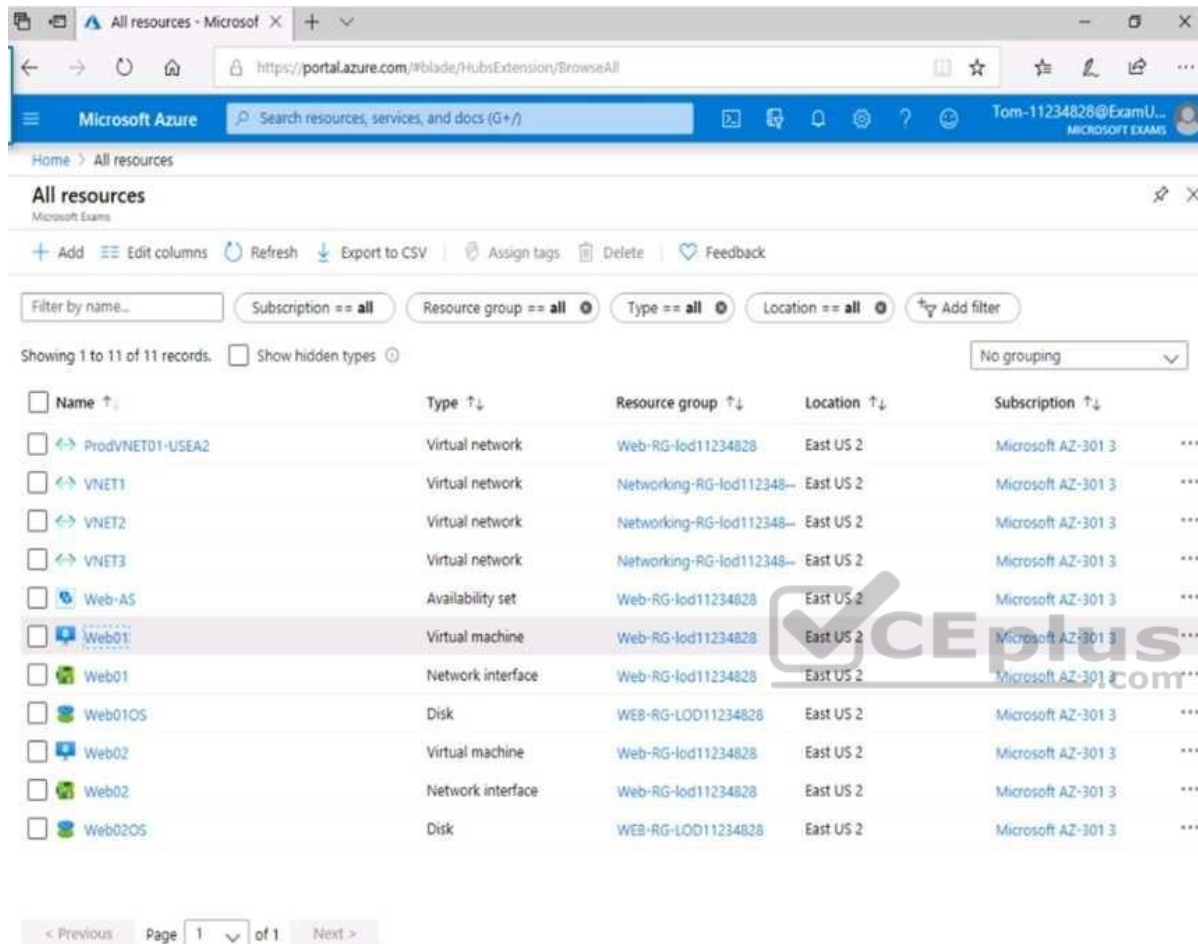
Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

You may now click next to proceed to the lab.



Checking browser capabilities





Microsoft Azure

Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Tom-11234828@ExamU...
MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > All resources

All resources

Microsoft Exams

+ Add Edit columns Refresh Export to CSV Assign tags Delete Feedback

Filter by name... Subscription == all Resource group == all Type == all Location == all Add filter

Showing 1 to 11 of 11 records. ☐ Show hidden types No grouping

Name	Type	Resource group	Location	Subscription
ProdVNET01-USEA2	Virtual network	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET1	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET2	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET3	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web-AS	Availability set	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01	Virtual machine	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01	Network interface	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01OS	Disk	WEB-RG-L0D11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02	Virtual machine	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02	Network interface	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02OS	Disk	WEB-RG-L0D11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3

< Previous Page 1 of 1 Next >

Use the following login credentials as needed:

To enter your username, place your cursor in the **Sign in** box and click on the username below.

To enter your password, place your cursor in the **Enter password** box and click on the password below.

Azure Username: Tom-11234828@ExamUsers.com

Azure Password: Nq9Md6+!Bj

If the Azure portal does not load successfully in the browser, press CTRL-K to reload the portal in a new browser tab.

The following information is for technical support purposes only:

Lab Instance: 11234828

You need to ensure that all the virtual machines in the resource groups are available in one region during platform updates.

What should you modify?

NOTE: To answer this question, sign in to the Azure portal and explore the Azure resource groups.

- A. the number of update domains
- B. the number of virtual machines in the availability set
- C. the replication settings of the storage account
- D. the number of fault domains

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Update Domain

When you created VMs on the IaaS service model, then Microsoft is not responsible for automatic system updates. You have complete control over that. The planned maintenance event comes in this phase, where we planned for server or virtual machine updating.

Sometimes we need to update some own software, or some updates come from Microsoft due to performance, security, etc. it is not automatically updated your virtual machine, then we need to plan it for updates. So how is that done without taking your service offline? Update Domains.

References: <https://azure.codefari.com/2018/12/what-are-availability-set-fault-domain.html>

QUESTION 18

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

Scoring is based on the outcome of performing the tasks stated in the lab. In other words, it doesn't matter how you accomplish the task, if you successfully perform it, you will earn credit for that task.

Labs are not timed separately, and this exam may have more than one lab that you must complete. You can use as much time as you would like to complete each lab. But, you should manage your time appropriately to ensure that you are able to complete the lab(s) and all other sections of the exam in the time provided.

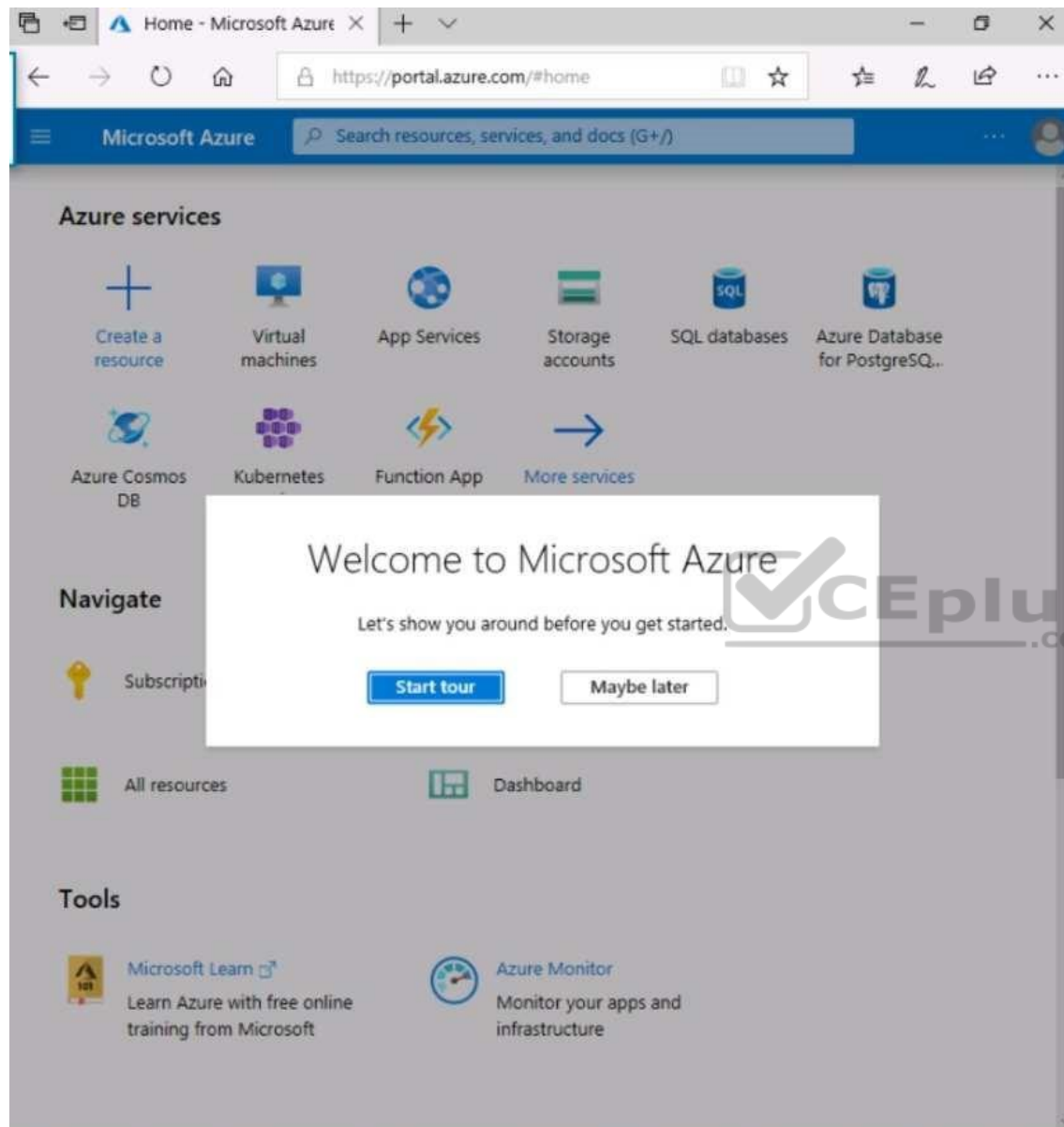
Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

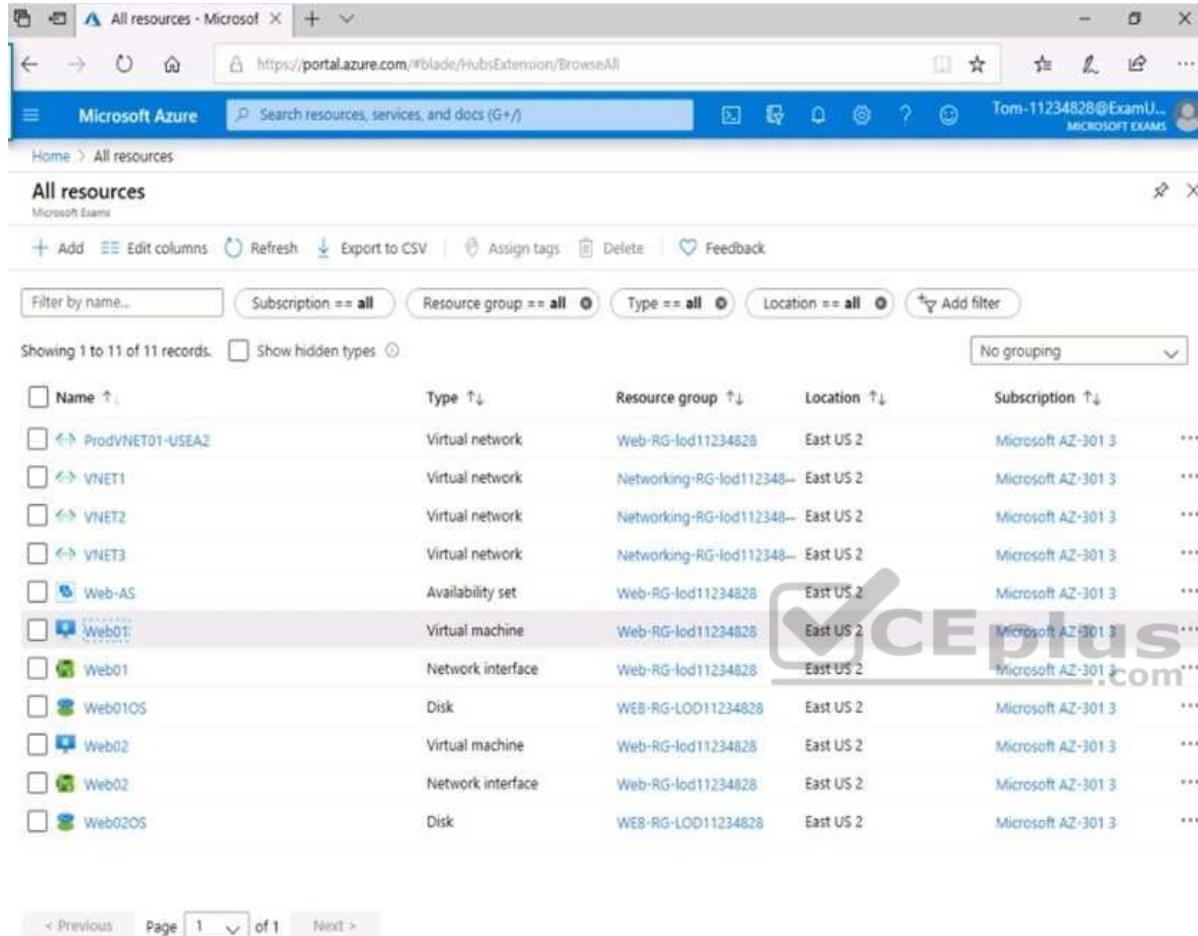
You may now click next to proceed to the lab.



Checking browser capabilities







The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface. The top navigation bar includes the 'All resources' link and a search bar. Below the navigation bar, there's a section for 'All resources' with a list of resources. The resources are filtered by 'Subscription == all', 'Resource group == all', 'Type == all', and 'Location == all'. The list shows 11 records, with 'Web01' (Virtual machine) highlighted. The table columns are Name, Type, Resource group, Location, and Subscription.

Name	Type	Resource group	Location	Subscription
ProdVNET01-USEA2	Virtual network	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET1	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET2	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
VNET3	Virtual network	Networking-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web-AS	Availability set	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01	Virtual machine	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01	Network interface	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web01OS	Disk	WEB-RG-LOD11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02	Virtual machine	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02	Network interface	Web-RG-lod11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3
Web02OS	Disk	WEB-RG-LOD11234828	East US 2	Microsoft AZ-301 3

Use the following login credentials as needed:

To enter your username, place your cursor in the **Sign in** box and click on the username below.

To enter your password, place your cursor in the **Enter password** box and click on the password below.

Azure Username: Tom-11234828@ExamUsers.com

Azure Password: Nq9Md6+!Bj

If the Azure portal does not load successfully in the browser, press CTRL-K to reload the portal in a new browser tab.

The following information is for technical support purposes only:

Lab Instance: 11234828

After Web01 is backed up, to where will Azure replicate the backup?

NOTE: To answer this question, sign in to the Azure portal and explore the Azure resource groups.

- A. multiple data centers in different regions
- B. multiple storage locations in the same data center
- C. multiple data centers in the same region

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 19

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage account that contains two 1-GB data files named File1 and File2. The data files are set to use the archive access tier.

You need to ensure that File1 is accessible immediately when a retrieval request is initiated.

Solution: For File1, you set Access tier to **Cool**.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead use the hot access tier.

The hot access tier has higher storage costs than cool and archive tiers, but the lowest access costs. Example usage scenarios for the hot access tier include:

- Data that's in active use or expected to be accessed (read from and written to) frequently.
- Data that's staged for processing and eventual migration to the cool access tier.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

QUESTION 20

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage account that contains two 1-GB data files named File1 and File2. The data files are set to use the archive access tier.

You need to ensure that File1 is accessible immediately when a retrieval request is initiated.

Solution: You move File1 to a new storage account. For File1, you set Access tier to **Archive**.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead use the hot access tier.

The hot access tier has higher storage costs than cool and archive tiers, but the lowest access costs. Example usage scenarios for the hot access tier include:

- Data that's in active use or expected to be accessed (read from and written to) frequently.

- Data that's staged for processing and eventual migration to the cool access tier.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

QUESTION 21

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage account that contains two 1-GB data files named File1 and File2. The data files are set to use the archive access tier.

You need to ensure that File1 is accessible immediately when a retrieval request is initiated.

Solution: For File1, you set Access tier to **Hot**.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No



Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

The hot access tier has higher storage costs than cool and archive tiers, but the lowest access costs. Example usage scenarios for the hot access tier include:

- Data that's in active use or expected to be accessed (read from and written to) frequently.
- Data that's staged for processing and eventual migration to the cool access tier.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

QUESTION 22

You have an application named App1. App1 generates log files that must be archived for five years. The log files must be readable by App1 but must not be modified.

Which storage solution should you recommend for archiving?

- A. Use an Azure Blob storage account and a time-based retention policy
- B. Ingest the log files into an Azure Log Analytics workspace
- C. Use an Azure Blob Storage account configured to use the Archive access tier
- D. Use an Azure file share that has access control enabled

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Immutable storage for Azure Blob storage enables users to store business-critical data objects in a WORM (Write Once, Read Many) state.

Immutable storage supports:

Time-based retention policy support: Users can set policies to store data for a specified interval. When a time-based retention policy is set, blobs can be created and read, but not modified or deleted. After the retention period has expired, blobs can be deleted but not overwritten.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage>

Design a Business Continuity Strategy

Testlet 1

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question. **Overview**

Contoso, Ltd. is a US-based financial services company that has a main office in New York and a branch office in San Francisco.

Existing Environment

Payment Processing System

Contoso hosts a business-critical payment processing system in its New York data center. The system has three tiers: a front-end web app, a middle-tier web API, and a back-end data store implemented as a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database. All servers run Windows Server 2012 R2.

The front-end and middle-tier components are hosted by using Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS). The application code is written in C# and ASP.NET. The middle-tier API uses the Entity Framework to communicate to the SQL Server database. Maintenance of the database is performed by using SQL Server Agent jobs.

The database is currently 2 TB and is not expected to grow beyond 3 TB.

The payment processing system has the following compliance-related requirements:

- Encrypt data in transit and at rest. Only the front-end and middle-tier components must be able to access the encryption keys that protect the data store.

- Keep backups of the data in two separate physical locations that are at least 200 miles apart and can be restored for up to seven years.
 - Support blocking inbound and outbound traffic based on the source IP address, the destination IP address, and the port number.
 - Collect Windows security logs from all the middle-tier servers and retain the logs for a period of seven years.
 - Inspect inbound and outbound traffic from the front-end tier by using highly available network appliances. ▪
- Only allow all access to all the tiers from the internal network of Contoso.

Tape backups are configured by using an on-premises deployment of Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM), and then shipped offsite for long term storage.

Historical Transaction Query System

Contoso recently migrated a business-critical workload to Azure. The workload contains a .NET web service for querying the historical transaction data residing in Azure Table Storage. The .NET web service is accessible from a client app that was developed in-house and runs on the client computers in the New York office. The data in the table storage is 50 GB and is not expected to increase.

Current Issues

The Contoso IT team discovers poor performance of the historical transaction query system, at the queries frequently cause table scans.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Contoso plans to implement the following changes:

- Migrate the payment processing system to Azure.
- Migrate the historical transaction data to Azure Cosmos DB to address the performance issues. **Migration**

Requirements

Contoso identifies the following general migration requirements:

- Infrastructure services must remain available if a region or a data center fails. Failover must occur without any administrative intervention.
- Whenever possible, Azure managed services must be used to minimize management overhead. ▪

Whenever possible, costs must be minimized.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the payment processing system:

- If a data center fails, ensure that the payment processing system remains available without any administrative intervention. The middle-tier and the web front end must continue to operate without any additional configurations.

- Ensure that the number of compute nodes of the front-end and the middle tiers of the payment processing system can increase or decrease automatically based on CPU utilization.
 - Ensure that each tier of the payment processing system is subject to a Service Level Agreement (SLA) of 99.99 percent availability.
 - Minimize the effort required to modify the middle-tier API and the back-end tier of the payment processing system.
 - Generate alerts when unauthorized login attempts occur on the middle-tier virtual machines.
 - Ensure that the payment processing system preserves its current compliance status. ▪
- Host the middle tier of the payment processing system on a virtual machine.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the historical transaction query system:

- Minimize the use of on-premises infrastructure services.
- Minimize the effort required to modify the .NET web service querying Azure Cosmos DB.
- Minimize the frequency of table scans.
- If a region fails, ensure that the historical transactions query system remains available without any administrative intervention.

Information Security Requirements

The IT security team wants to ensure that identity management is performed by using Active Directory. Password hashes must be stored on-premises only.

Access to all business-critical systems must rely on Active Directory credentials. Any suspicious authentication attempts must trigger a multi-factor authentication prompt automatically. legitimate users must be able to authenticate successfully by using multi-factor authentication.

QUESTION 1

You need to recommend a backup solution for the data store of the payment processing system.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM)
- B. Azure SQL long-term backup retention
- C. Azure Backup Server
- D. a Recovery Services vault
- E. Azure Managed Disks

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-long-term-backup-retention-configure>

QUESTION 2

You need to recommend a disaster recovery solution for the back-end tier of the payment processing system.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Always On Failover Cluster Instances
- B. Azure Site Recovery
- C. an auto-failover group
- D. geo-redundant database backups

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Scenario:

- The back-end data store is implemented as a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database.
- If a data center fails, ensure that the payment processing system remains available without any administrative intervention.

Note: Auto-failover groups is a SQL Database feature that allows you to manage replication and failover of a group of databases on a SQL Database server or all databases in a managed instance to another region. It is a declarative abstraction on top of the existing active geo-replication feature, designed to simplify deployment and management of geo-replicated databases at scale.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auto-failover-group>

QUESTION 3

You need to recommend a high-availability solution for the middle tier of the payment processing system.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. the Isolated App service plan
- B. availability zones
- C. an availability set
- D. the Premium App Service plan

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



<https://vceplus.com/>

Design a Business Continuity Strategy

Testlet 2

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question.

Overview

Fabrikam, Inc. is an engineering company that has offices throughout Europe. The company has a main office in London and three branch offices in Amsterdam, Berlin, and Rome.

Existing Environment

Active Directory Environment

The network contains two Active Directory forests named corp.fabrikam.com and rd.fabrikam.com. There are no trust relationships between the forests.

Corp.fabrikam.com is a production forest that contains identities used for internal user and computer authentication.

Rd.fabrikam.com is used by the research and development (R&D) department only.

Network Infrastructure

Each office contains at least one domain controller from the corp.fabrikam.com domain. The main office contains all the domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest.

All the offices have a high-speed connection to the Internet.

An existing application named WebApp1 is hosted in the data center of the London office. WebApp1 is used by customers to place and track orders.

WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.

The IT department currently uses a separate Hyper-V environment to test updates to WebApp1.

Fabrikam purchases all Microsoft licenses through a Microsoft Enterprise Agreement that includes Software Assurance.

Problem Statements

The use of Web App1 is unpredictable. At peak times, users often report delays. At other times, many resources for WebApp1 are underutilized.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Fabrikam plans to move most of its production workloads to Azure during the next few years.

As one of its first projects, the company plans to establish a hybrid identity model, facilitating an upcoming Microsoft Office 365 deployment.

All R&D operations will remain on-premises.

Fabrikam plans to migrate the production and test instances of WebApp1 to Azure.

Technical Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following technical requirements:

- Web site content must be easily updated from a single point.
 - User input must be minimized when provisioning new app instances.
 - Whenever possible, existing on-premises licenses must be used to reduce cost. ▪
- Users must always authenticate by using their corp.fabrikam.com UPN identity.
- Any new deployments to Azure must be redundant in case an Azure region fails.
 - Whenever possible, solutions must be deployed to Azure by using platform as a service (PaaS).
 - An email distribution group named IT Support must be notified of any issues relating to the directory synchronization services.

- Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the onpremises network.

Database Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following database requirements:

- Database metrics for the production instance of WebApp1 must be available for analysis so that database administrators can optimize the performance settings.
- To avoid disrupting customer access, database downtime must be minimized when databases are migrated.
- Database backups must be retained for a minimum of seven years to meet compliance requirements.

Security Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following security requirements:

- Company information including policies, templates, and data must be inaccessible to anyone outside the company.
- Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails.
- Administrators must be able to authenticate to the Azure portal by using their corp.fabrikam.com credentials.
- All administrative access to the Azure portal must be secured by using multi-factor authentication.

The testing of WebApp1 updates must not be visible to anyone outside the company.

QUESTION 1

You need to recommend a solution to meet the database retention requirement.

What should you recommend?

- A. Configure geo-replication of the database
- B. Configure Azure Site Recovery
- C. Configure a long-term retention policy for the database
- D. Use automatic Azure SQL Database backups

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Design a Business Continuity Strategy

Question Set 3

QUESTION 1

You plan to deploy a payroll system to Azure. The payroll system will use Azure virtual machines that run SUSE Linux Enterprise Server and Windows.

You need to recommend a business continuity solution for the payroll system. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize costs.
- Provide business continuity if an Azure region fails.
- Provide a recovery time objective (RTO) of 120 minutes.
- Provide a recovery point objective (RPO) of five minutes.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM)
- B. Azure Site Recovery
- C. unmanaged disks that use geo-redundant storage (GRS)
- D. Azure Backup

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

If your storage account has GRS enabled, then your data is durable even in the case of a complete regional outage or a disaster in which the primary region isn't recoverable.

Note: The recovery time objective (RTO) is the targeted duration of time and a service level within which a business process must be restored after a disaster (or disruption) in order to avoid unacceptable consequences associated with a break in business continuity.

Incorrect Answers:

B: Azure Site Recovery would not protect against an Azure region failure.

Azure Site Recovery guarantees a two-hour Recovery Time Objective.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy-grs> https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/support/legal/sla/site-recovery/v1_0/

QUESTION 2

The accounting department at your company migrates to a new financial accounting software. The accounting department must keep file-based database backups for seven years for compliance purposes. It is unlikely that the backups will be used to recover data.

You need to move the backups to Azure. The solution must minimize costs.

Where should you store the backups?

- A. Azure SQL Database
- B. Azure Blob storage that uses the Archive tier
- C. a Recovery Services vault
- D. Azure Blob storage that uses the Cool tier

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 3

You plan to store data in Azure Blob storage for many years. The stored data will be accessed rarely.

You need to ensure that the data in Blob storage is always available for immediate access. The solution must minimize storage costs.

Which storage tier should you use?

- A. Cool
- B. Archive
- C. Hot



Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Azure cool tier is equivalent to the Amazon S3 Infrequent Access (S3-IA) storage in AWS that provides a low cost high performance storage for infrequently access data.

Note: Azure's cool storage tier, also known as Azure cool Blob storage, is for infrequently-accessed data that needs to be stored for a minimum of 30 days. Typical use cases include backing up data before tiering to archival systems, legal data, media files, system audit information, datasets used for big data analysis and more.

The storage cost for this Azure cold storage tier is lower than that of hot storage tier. Since it is expected that the data stored in this tier will be accessed less frequently, the data access charges are high when compared to hot tier. There are no additional changes required in your applications as these tiers can be accessed using APIs in the same manner that you access Azure storage.

Incorrect Answers:

B: Even though Azure archive storage offers the lowest cost in terms of data storage, its data retrieval charges are higher than that of hot and cool tiers. In fact, the data in the archive tier remains offline until the tier of the data is changed using a process called hydration. The process of hydrating data in the archive storage tier and moving it to either hot or cool tier could take up to 15 hours and, hence, it is only intended for data that can afford that kind of access delay.

C: The storage cost for this Azure cold storage tier is lower than that of hot storage tier.

Reference: <https://cloud.netapp.com/blog/low-cost-storage-options-on-azure>

QUESTION 4

You have an on-premises network and an Azure subscription. The on-premises network has several branch offices.

A branch office in Toronto contains a virtual machine named VM1 that is configured as a file server. Users access the shared files on VM1 from all the offices.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the users can access the shares files as quickly as possible if the Toronto branch office is inaccessible.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a Recovery Services vault and Azure Backup
- B. an Azure file share and Azure File Sync
- C. Azure blob containers and Azure File Sync
- D. a Recovery Services vault and Windows Server Backup



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Use Azure File Sync to centralize your organization's file shares in Azure Files, while keeping the flexibility, performance, and compatibility of an on-premises file server. Azure File Sync transforms Windows Server into a quick cache of your Azure file share.

You need an Azure file share in the same region that you want to deploy Azure File Sync.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Backups would be a slower solution.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-sync-files-deployment-guide>

QUESTION 5

You have an Azure subscription for used for testing and development purposes only. The subscription contains Azure virtual machines that unmanaged, standard hard disk drives (HDD).

You need to recommend a recovery strategy for the virtual machines if an Azure region fails for a sustained period. The recovery time objective (RTO) can be up to seven days. The solution must minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Store the disks in a Standard_LRS storage account. Configure Azure site Recovery. If a failure occurs, initiate a manual failover.
- B. Store the disks in a Standard_GRS storage account. Configure Azure Recovery. If a failure occurs, initiate a manual failover.
- C. Store the disks in a Standard_LRS storage account. If a disaster occurs, manually create the virtual machines by used Azure Resources Manager templates.
- D. Store the disks in a Standard_GRS storage account. If a disaster occurs, manually create the virtual machines by used Azure Resources Manager templates.

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Geo-redundant storage (GRS) is designed to provide at least 99.99999999999999% (16 9's) durability of objects over a given year by replicating your data to a secondary region that is hundreds of miles away from the primary region. If your storage account has GRS enabled, then your data is durable even in the case of a complete regional outage or a disaster in which the primary region isn't recoverable.

GRS replicates your data to another data center in a secondary region, but that data is available to be read only if Microsoft initiates a failover from the primary to secondary region.

Incorrect Answers:

A, C: If a datacenter-level disaster (for example, fire or flooding) occurs, all replicas in a storage account using LRS may be lost or unrecoverable. To mitigate this risk, Microsoft recommends using zone-redundant storage (ZRS), geo-redundant storage (GRS), or geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS).

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy-grs>

QUESTION 6

You plan to deploy a payroll system to Azure. The payroll system will use Azure virtual machines that run SUSE Linux Enterprise Server and Windows.

You need to recommend a business continuity solution for the payroll system. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize costs.
- Provide business continuity if an Azure region fails.

- Provide a recovery time objective (RTO) of 30 minutes.
- Provide a recovery point objective (RPO) of five minutes.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM)
- B. Azure Site Recovery
- C. unmanaged disks that use geo-redundant storage (GRS)
- D. Azure Backup

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

If your storage account has GRS enabled, then your data is durable even in the case of a complete regional outage or a disaster in which the primary region isn't recoverable.

Note: The recovery time objective (RTO) is the targeted duration of time and a service level within which a business process must be restored after a disaster (or disruption) in order to avoid unacceptable consequences associated with a break in business continuity.

Incorrect Answers:

B: Azure Site Recovery would not protect against an Azure region failure.

Azure Site Recovery guarantees a two-hour Recovery Time Objective.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy-grs> https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/support/legal/sla/site-recovery/v1_0/ **QUESTION 7**

You have an Azure Storage account that contains the data shown in the following exhibit.




 Upload
  Refresh
  Change access level
  Delete
  Acquire lease
  Break lease
  More

Authentication method: Access key [Switch to Azure AD User Account](#)

Location: container1

Search blobs by prefix (case-sensitive)

☐ Show deleted blobs

NAME	MODIFIED	ACCESS TIER	BLOB TYPE	SIZE	LEASE STATE	
 File1.bin	5/4/2019, 5:57:06 PM	Cool (Inferred)	Block blob	1.25 GiB	Available	...
 File2.bin	5/4/2019, 6:09:57 PM	Hot	Block blob	2.5 GiB	Available	...
 File3.bin	5/4/2019, 6:26:26 PM	Archive	Block blob	1.97 GiB	Available	...

You need to identify which files can be accessed immediately from the storage account.

Which files should you identify?

- A. File1.bin only
- B. File2.bin only
- C. File3.bin only
- D. File1.bin and File2.bin only
- E. File1.bin, File2.bin, and File3.bin

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Hot - Optimized for storing data that is accessed frequently.

Cool - Optimized for storing data that is infrequently accessed and stored for at least 30 days.

Archive - Optimized for storing data that is rarely accessed and stored for at least 180 days with flexible latency requirements (on the order of hours).

Note: Lease state of the blob. Possible values: available|leased|expired|breaking|broken

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

QUESTION 8

You plan to use Azure Site Recovery to protect several on-premises physical server workloads. Each server workload is independent of the other. The workloads are stateless.

You need to recommend a failover strategy to ensure that if the on-premises data center fails, the workloads are available in Azure as quickly as possible.

Which failover strategy should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Latest
- B. Latest app-consistent
- C. Latest multi-VM processed
- D. Latest processed

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/site-recovery/site-recovery-failover>

QUESTION 9

You plan to move a web application named App1 from an on-premises data center to Azure.

App1 depends on a custom COM component that is installed on the host server.

You need to recommend a solution to host App1 in Azure. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- App1 must be available to users if an Azure data center becomes unavailable. ▪
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. In two Azure regions, deploy a Traffic Manager profile and a web app.
- B. In two Azure regions, deploy a load balancer and a virtual machine scale set.
- C. Deploy a load balancer and a virtual machine scale set across two availability zones.
- D. In two Azure regions, deploy a load balancer and a web app.

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 10

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an on-premises Hyper-V clusters that hosts 20 virtual machines. Some virtual machines run Windows Server 2016 and some run Linux.

You plan to migrate the virtual machines to an Azure subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to replicate the disks of the virtual machines to Azure. The solution must ensure that the virtual machines remain available during the migration of the disks.

Solution: You recommend implementing an Azure Storage account that has a file service and a blob service, and then using the Data Migration Assistant.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Data Migration Assistant is used to migrate SQL databases.

Instead use Azure Site Recovery.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/site-recovery/site-recovery-overview>

QUESTION 11

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an on-premises Hyper-V clusters that hosts 20 virtual machines. Some virtual machines run Windows Server 2016 and some run Linux.

You plan to migrate the virtual machines to an Azure subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to replicate the disks of the virtual machines to Azure. The solution must ensure that the virtual machines remain available during the migration of the disks.

Solution: You recommend implementing an Azure Storage account, and then running AzCopy.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation



Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

AzCopy only copy files, not the disks.

Instead use Azure Site Recovery.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/site-recovery/site-recovery-overview>

QUESTION 12

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an on-premises Hyper-V clustern that hosts 20 virtual machines. Some virtual machines run Windows Server 2016 and some run Linux.

You plan to migrate the virtual machines to an Azure subscription.

You need to recommend a solution to replicate the disks of the virtual machines to Azure. The solution must ensure that the virtual machines remain available during the migration of the disks.

Solution: You recommend implementing a Recovery Services vault, and then using Azure Site Recovery.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Site Recovery can replicate on-premises VMware VMs, Hyper-V VMs, physical servers (Windows and Linux), Azure Stack VMs to Azure.

Note: Site Recovery helps ensure business continuity by keeping business apps and workloads running during outages. Site Recovery replicates workloads running on physical and virtual machines (VMs) from a primary site to a secondary location. When an outage occurs at your primary site, you fail over to secondary location, and access apps from there. After the primary location is running again, you can fail back to it.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/site-recovery/site-recovery-overview>

QUESTION 13

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

Scoring is based on the outcome of performing the tasks stated in the lab. In other words, it doesn't matter how you accomplish the task, if you successfully perform it, you will earn credit for that task.

Labs are not timed separately, and this exam may have more than one lab that you must complete. You can use as much time as you would like to complete each lab. But, you should manage your time appropriately to ensure that you are able to complete the lab(s) and all other sections of the exam in the time provided.

Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

You may now click next to proceed to the lab.



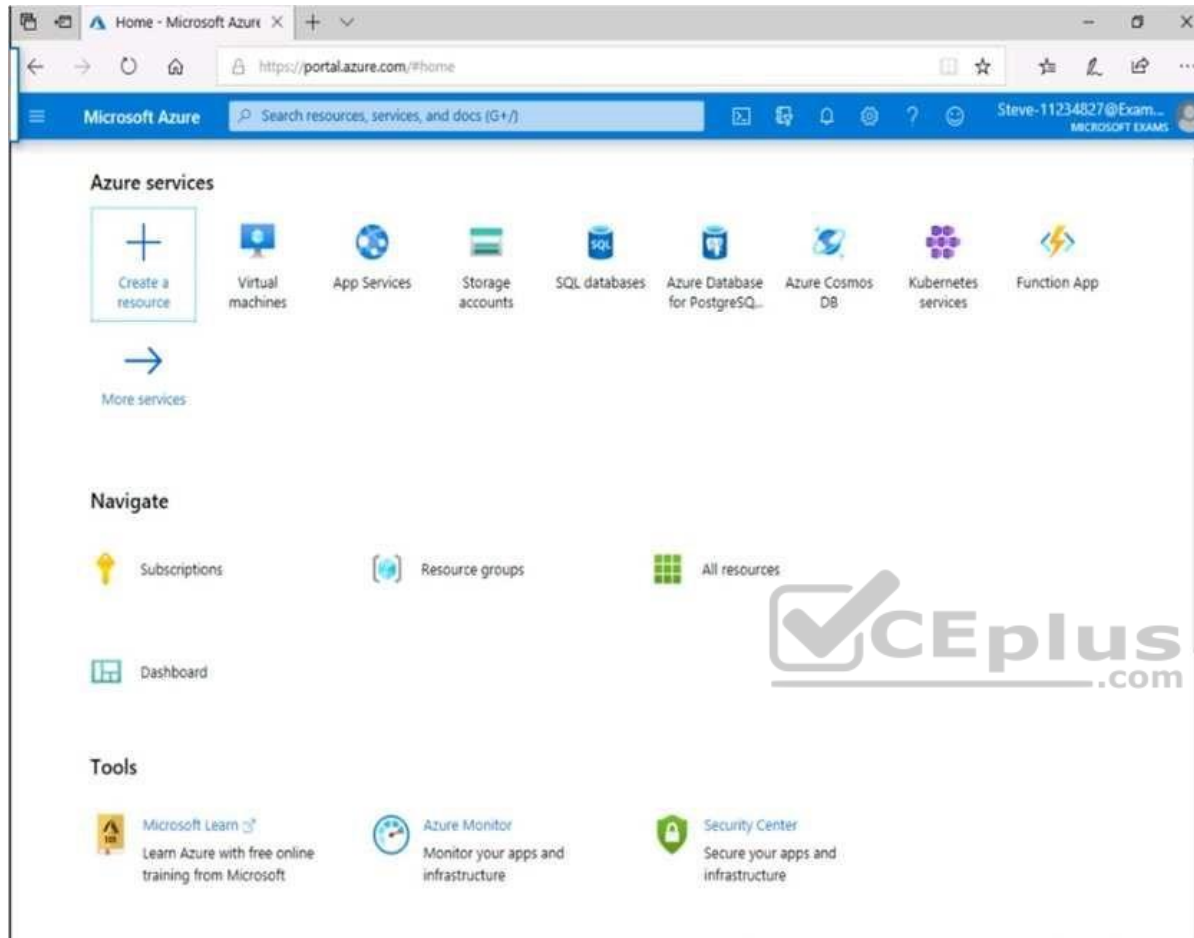


ExamUser

Sign in



ENG  



App Services - Microsoft

https://portal.azure.com/#blade/HubsExtension/BrowseResource/resourceType/Microsoft.Web%2FSites

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services



App Services

Microsoft Exams

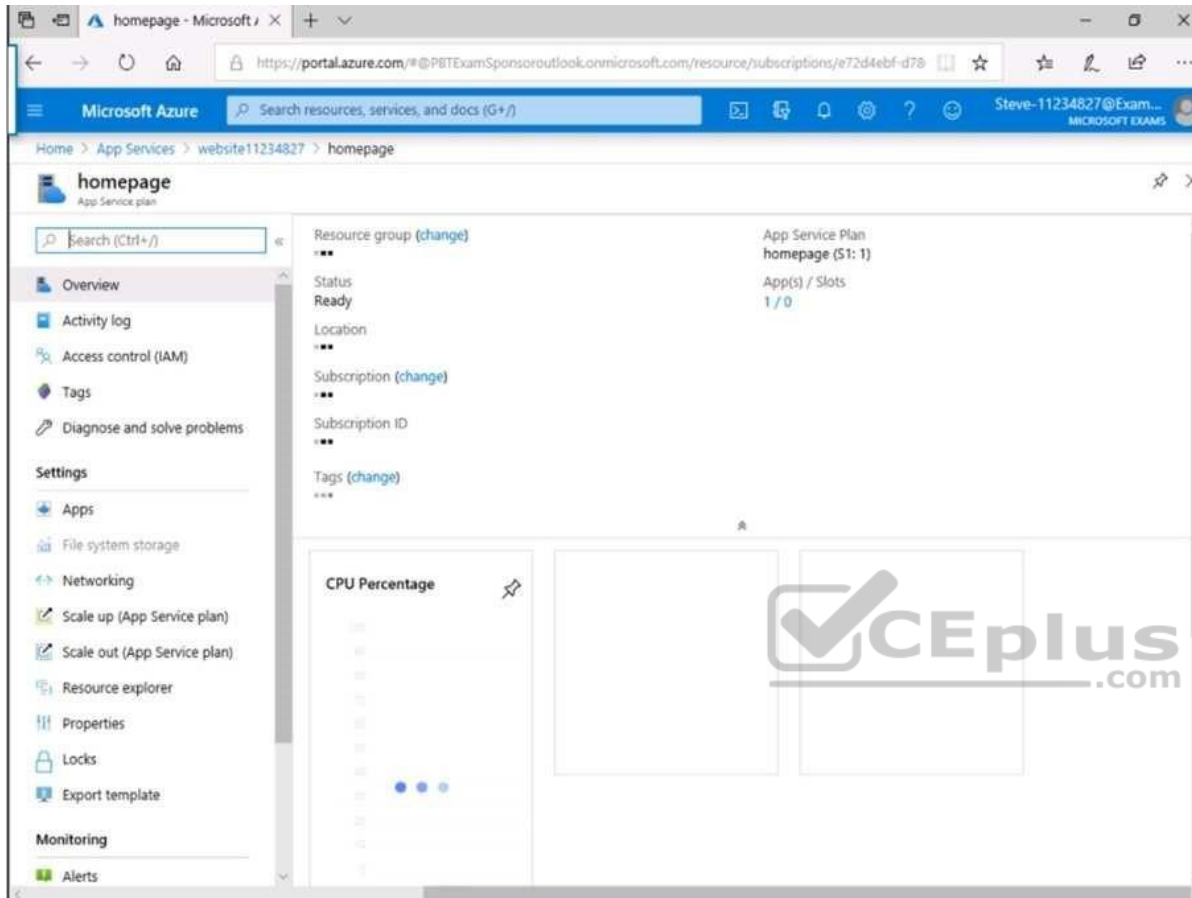
+ Add Edit columns Refresh Export to CSV Assign tags Start Restart Stop Delete Feedback Leave preview

Filter by name... Subscription == all Resource group == all Location == all Add filter

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 records. No grouping

Name ↑↓	Status ↑↓	Location ↑↓	Pricing Tier ↑↓	App Service Plan ↑↓	Subscription ↑↓	App Type ↑↓
 website11234827	Running	East US	Standard	 homepage	Microsoft AZ-301 6	Web App

< Previous Page 1 of 1 Next >



homepage - Microsoft / X

https://portal.azure.com/#@P8TExamSponsoroutlook.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/e72d4ebf-d7b...

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+/f)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services > website11234827 > homepage

homepage App Service plan

Search (Ctrl+/)

Overview

Activity log

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Settings

Apps

File system storage

Networking

Scale up (App Service plan)

Scale out (App Service plan)

Resource explorer

Properties

Locks

Export template

Monitoring

Alerts

Resource group (change)

Status

Ready

Location

Subscription (change)

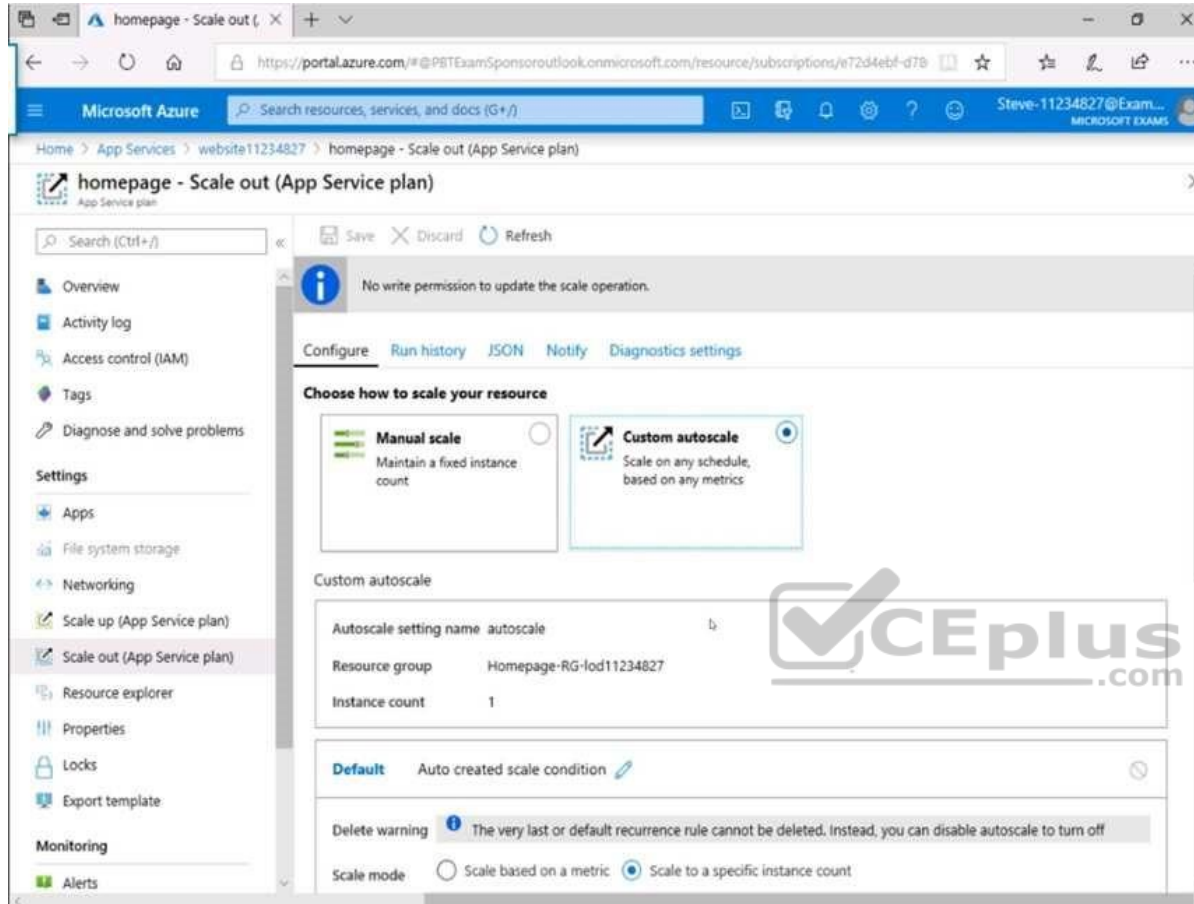
Subscription ID

Tags (change)

App Service Plan homepage (S1: 1)

App(s) / Slots 1 / 0

CPU Percentage



homepage - Scale out (App Service plan)

Search (Ctrl+F)

Save Discard Refresh

No write permission to update the scale operation.

Configure Run history JSON Notify Diagnostics settings

Choose how to scale your resource

Manual scale ☐ Maintain a fixed instance count

Custom autoscale ☒ Scale on any schedule, based on any metrics

Custom autoscale

Autoscale setting name: autoscale

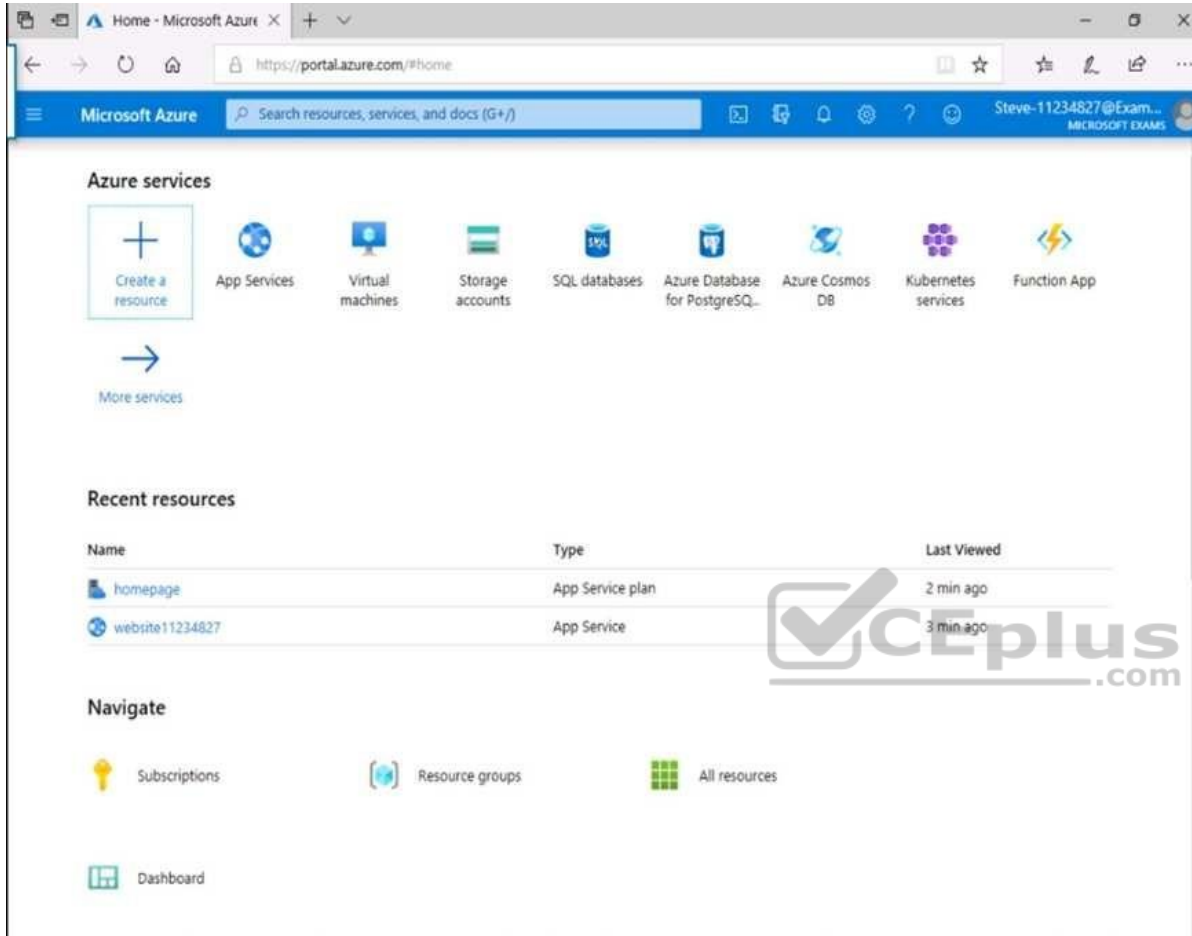
Resource group: Homepage-RG-lod11234827

Instance count: 1

Default Auto created scale condition

Delete warning: The very last or default recurrence rule cannot be deleted. Instead, you can disable autoscale to turn off

Scale mode: ☐ Scale based on a metric ☒ Scale to a specific instance count



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal home page. The browser address bar displays `https://portal.azure.com/#home`. The page header includes the Microsoft Azure logo, a search bar, and the user profile `Steve-11234827@Exam...` with the role `MICROSOFT EXAMS`.

Azure services

On the left, there is a button labeled `Create a resource` with a plus icon. Below it is a link labeled `More services` with a right-pointing arrow.

A row of service tiles is displayed, including:

- App Services
- Virtual machines
- Storage accounts
- SQL databases
- Azure Database for PostgreSQL
- Azure Cosmos DB
- Kubernetes services
- Function App

Recent resources

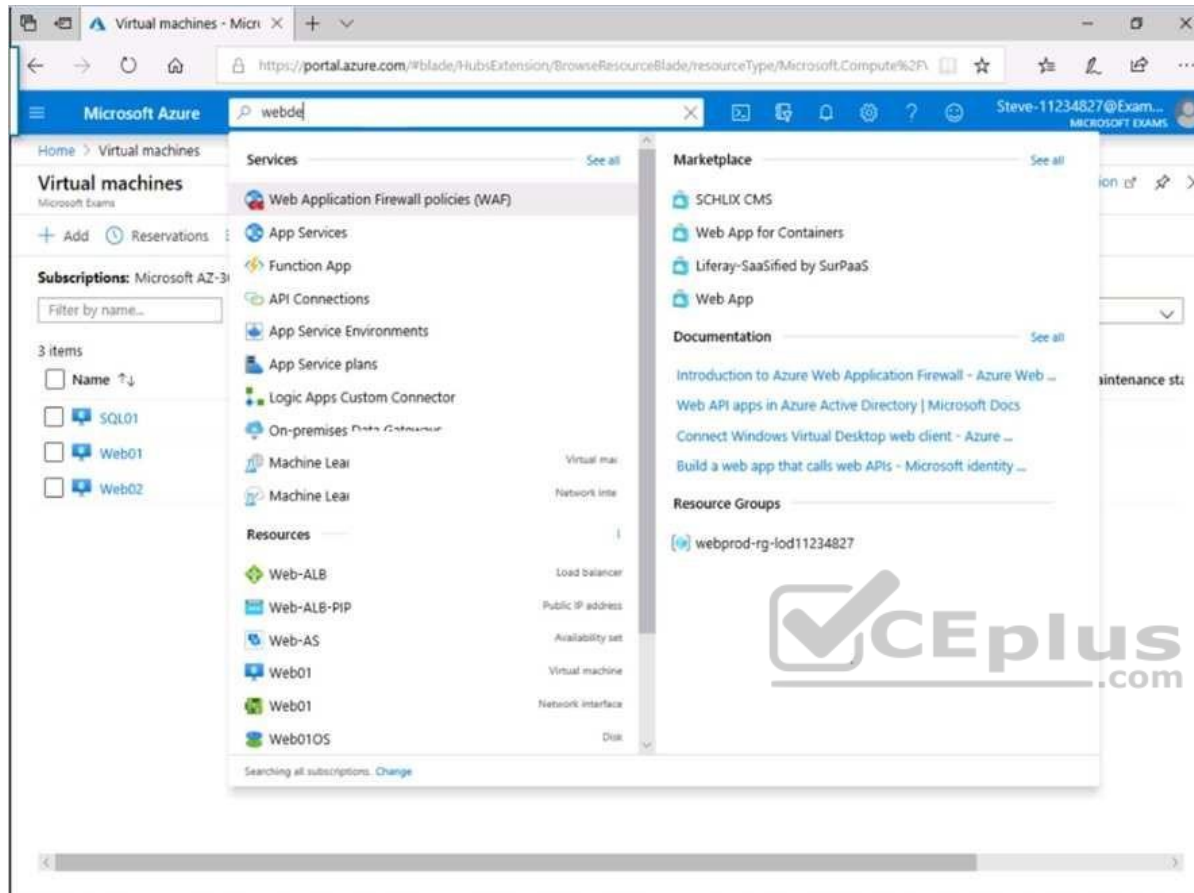
A table lists recently viewed resources:

Name	Type	Last Viewed
homepage	App Service plan	2 min ago
website11234827	App Service	3 min ago

Navigate

Navigation options are shown with icons:

- Subscriptions
- Resource groups
- All resources
- Dashboard



You need to ensure that connections to Web01 and Web02 are available if a single zone fails.

What should you modify?

NOTE: To answer this question, sign in to the Azure portal and explore the Azure resource groups.

- A. the availability set
- B. the size of the virtual machines
- C. the SKU of the load balancer

D. the Azure Traffic Manager configurations

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Azure Standard Load Balancer supports availability zones scenarios. You can use Standard Load Balancer to optimize availability in your end-to-end scenario by aligning resources with zones and distributing them across zones

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/load-balancer/load-balancer-standard-availability-zones>

QUESTION 14

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage v2 account named Storage1.

You plan to archive data to Storage1.

You need to ensure that the archived data cannot be deleted for five years. The solution must prevent administrators from deleting the data.

Solution: You create a file share, and you configure an access policy.

Does this meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead of a file share, an immutable Blob storage is required.

Time-based retention policy support: Users can set policies to store data for a specified interval. When a time-based retention policy is set, blobs can be created and read, but not modified or deleted. After the retention period has expired, blobs can be deleted but not overwritten.

Note: Set retention policies and legal holds

1. Create a new container or select an existing container to store the blobs that need to be kept in the immutable state. The container must be in a general-purpose v2 or Blob storage account.
2. Select Access policy in the container settings. Then select Add policy under Immutable blob storage.
3. To enable time-based retention, select Time-based retention from the drop-down menu.
4. Enter the retention interval in days (acceptable values are 1 to 146000 days).

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutability-policies-manage>

QUESTION 15

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage v2 account named Storage1.

You plan to archive data to Storage1.

You need to ensure that the archived data cannot be deleted for five years. The solution must prevent administrators from deleting the data.

Solution: You create an Azure Blob storage container, and you configure a legal hold access policy.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Immutable storage for Azure Blob storage enables users to store business-critical data objects in a WORM (Write Once, Read Many) state. This state makes the data non-erasable and non-modifiable for a user-specified interval. For the duration of the retention interval, blobs can be created and read, but cannot be modified or deleted. Immutable storage is available for general-purpose v2 and Blob storage accounts in all Azure regions.

Note: Set retention policies and legal holds

1. Create a new container or select an existing container to store the blobs that need to be kept in the immutable state. The container must be in a general-purpose v2 or Blob storage account.
2. Select Access policy in the container settings. Then select Add policy under Immutable blob storage.

Either

3a. To enable legal holds, select Add Policy. Select Legal hold from the drop-down menu.

Or

3b. To enable time-based retention, select Time-based retention from the drop-down menu.

4. Enter the retention interval in days (acceptable values are 1 to 146000 days).

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutability-policies-manage>

QUESTION 16

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Storage v2 account named Storage1.

You plan to archive data to Storage1.

You need to ensure that the archived data cannot be deleted for five years. The solution must prevent administrators from deleting the data.

Solution: You create a file share and snapshots.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead you could create an Azure Blob storage container, and you configure a legal hold access policy.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage>

QUESTION 17

You plan to archive 10 TB of on-premises data files to Azure.

You need to recommend a data archival solution. The solution must minimize the cost of storing the data files.

Which Azure Storage account type should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Premium Storage (general purpose v1)
- B. Standard StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
- C. Standard Storage (general purpose v1)
- D. Premium StorageV2 (general purpose v2)

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Standard StorageV2 supports the Archive access tier, which would be the cheapest solution.

Incorrect Answers:

A, D: Each Premium storage account offers 35 TB of disk and 10 TB of snapshot capacity

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-introduction>

Design for Deployment, Migration and Integration

Testlet 1

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question.

Overview

Fabrikam, Inc. is an engineering company that has offices throughout Europe. The company has a main office in London and three branch offices in Amsterdam, Berlin, and Rome.

Existing Environment

Active Directory Environment

The network contains two Active Directory forests named corp.fabrikam.com and rd.fabrikam.com. There are no trust relationships between the forests.

Corp.fabrikam.com is a production forest that contains identities used for internal user and computer authentication.

Rd.fabrikam.com is used by the research and development (R&D) department only.

Network Infrastructure

Each office contains at least one domain controller from the corp.fabrikam.com domain. The main office contains all the domain controllers for the rd.fabrikam.com forest.

All the offices have a high-speed connection to the Internet.

An existing application named WebApp1 is hosted in the data center of the London office. WebApp1 is used by customers to place and track orders.

WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.

The IT department currently uses a separate Hyper-V environment to test updates to WebApp1.

Fabrikam purchases all Microsoft licenses through a Microsoft Enterprise Agreement that includes Software Assurance.

Problem Statements

The use of Web App1 is unpredictable. At peak times, users often report delays. At other times, many resources for WebApp1 are underutilized.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Fabrikam plans to move most of its production workloads to Azure during the next few years.

As one of its first projects, the company plans to establish a hybrid identity model, facilitating an upcoming Microsoft Office 365 deployment.

All R&D operations will remain on-premises.

Fabrikam plans to migrate the production and test instances of WebApp1 to Azure.

Technical Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following technical requirements:

- Web site content must be easily updated from a single point.
 - User input must be minimized when provisioning new app instances.
 - Whenever possible, existing on-premises licenses must be used to reduce cost. ▪
- Users must always authenticate by using their corp.fabrikam.com UPN identity.
- Any new deployments to Azure must be redundant in case an Azure region fails.
 - Whenever possible, solutions must be deployed to Azure by using platform as a service (PaaS).
 - An email distribution group named IT Support must be notified of any issues relating to the directory synchronization services.
 - Directory synchronization between Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and corp.fabrikam.com must not be affected by a link failure between Azure and the onpremises network.

Database Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following database requirements:

- Database metrics for the production instance of WebApp1 must be available for analysis so that database administrators can optimize the performance settings.
- To avoid disrupting customer access, database downtime must be minimized when databases are migrated.
- Database backups must be retained for a minimum of seven years to meet compliance requirements.

Security Requirements

Fabrikam identifies the following security requirements:

- Company information including policies, templates, and data must be inaccessible to anyone outside the company.
 - Users on the on-premises network must be able to authenticate to corp.fabrikam.com if an Internet link fails.
 - Administrators must be able to authenticate to the Azure portal by using their corp.fabrikam.com credentials.
 - All administrative access to the Azure portal must be secured by using multi-factor authentication.
- The testing of WebApp1 updates must not be visible to anyone outside the company.

QUESTION 1

You need to recommend a strategy for migrating the database content of WebApp1 to Azure.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Use Azure Site Recovery to replicate the SQL servers to Azure
- B. Use SQL Server transactional replication
- C. Copy the VHD that contains the Azure SQL database files to Azure Blob storage



<https://vceplus.com/>

- D. Copy the BACPAC file that contains the Azure SQL database files to Azure Blob storage

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Before you upload a Windows virtual machine (VM) from on-premises to Azure, you must prepare the virtual hard disk (VHD or VHDX).

Scenario: WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image>

QUESTION 2

You need to recommend a strategy for the web tier of WebApp1. The solution must minimize costs.

What should you recommend?

- A. Configure the Scale Up settings for a web app
- B. Create a runbook that resizes virtual machines automatically to a smaller size outside of business hours
- C. Deploy a virtual machine scale set that scales out on a 75 percent CPU threshold
- D. Configure the Scale Out settings for a web app

Correct Answer: D

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Design for Deployment, Migration and Integration

Question Set 2**QUESTION 1**

You have an on-premises deployment of MongoDB.

You plan to migrate MongoDB to an Azure Cosmos DB account that uses the MongoDB API.

You need to recommend a solution for migrating MongoDB to Azure Cosmos DB.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. mongorestore
- B. Data Migration Assistant

- C. Azure Storage Explorer
- D. Azure Cosmos DB Data Migration Tool

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/mongodb-migrate>

QUESTION 2

Your company plans to publish APIs for its services by using Azure API Management.

You discover that service responses include the ASP.NET-Version header.

You need to recommend a solution to remove ASP.NET-Version from the response of the published APIs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a new product
- B. a modification to the URL scheme
- C. a new policy
- D. a new revision



Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Set a new transformation policy to transform an API to strip response headers.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/transform-api>

QUESTION 3

Your company has 300 virtual machines hosted in a VMware environment. The virtual machines vary in size and have various utilization levels.

You plan to move all the virtual machines to Azure.

You need to recommend how many and what size Azure virtual machines will be required to move the current workloads to Azure. The solution must minimize administrative effort.

What should you use to make the recommendation?

- A. Azure Advisor
- B. Azure Migrate
- C. Azure Pricing calculator
- D. Azure Cost Management

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 4

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are designing an Azure solution for a company that wants to move a .NET Core web application from an on-premises data center to Azure. The web application relies on a Microsoft SQL Server 2016 database on Windows Server 2016. The database server will not move to Azure.

A separate networking team is responsible for configuring network permissions.

The company uses Azure ExpressRoute and has an ExpressRoute gateway connected to an Azure virtual network named VNET1.

You need to recommend a solution for deploying the web application.

Solution:

Deploy the web application to a web app hosted in a Standard App Service plan. Create and configure an Azure App Service Hybrid Connections endpoint. On the on-premises network, deploy the Hybrid Connection Manager. Configure the Hybrid Connection Manager to access both the Hybrid Connection endpoint and the SQL Server instance.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead, use VNet Integration.

Note: VNet Integration gives your web app access to resources in your virtual network. VNet Integration is often used to enable access from apps to a databases and web services running in your VNet.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/web-sites-integrate-with-vnet>

QUESTION 5

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

A company has custom ASP.NET and Java applications that run old versions of Windows and Linux. The company plans to place applications in containers.

You need to design a solution that includes networking, service discovery, and load balancing for the applications. The solution must support storage orchestration.

Solution: You create an Azure virtual network, public IP address, and load balancer. Then add virtual machines (VMs) to the solution and deploy individual containers on them.

Does the solution meet the goal?

A. Yes

B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead you should deploy each application to an Azure Container instance.

Note: Docker Containers are the global standard and are natively supported in Azure, offering enterprises an interesting and flexible way to migrate legacy apps for both future proofing and cost benefits.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/modernize-with-azure-and-containers/modernize-existing-apps-to-cloud-optimized/deploy-existing-net-apps-aswindows-containers>

QUESTION 6

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

A company has custom ASP.NET and Java applications that run old versions of Windows and Linux. The company plans to place applications in containers.

You need to design a solution that includes networking, service discovery, and load balancing for the applications. The solution must support storage orchestration.

Solution: Deploy a Kubernetes cluster that has the desired number of instances of the applications.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No



Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Instead you should deploy each application to an Azure Container instance.

Note: Docker Containers are the global standard and are natively supported in Azure, offering enterprises an interesting and flexible way to migrate legacy apps for both future proofing and cost benefits.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/modernize-with-azure-and-containers/modernize-existing-apps-to-cloud-optimized/deploy-existing-net-apps-aswindows-containers>

QUESTION 7

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

A company has custom ASP.NET and Java applications that run old versions of Windows and Linux. The company plans to place applications in containers.

You need to design a solution that includes networking, service discovery, and load balancing for the applications. The solution must support storage orchestration.

Solution: You deploy each application to an Azure Container instance.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: A

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Docker Containers are the global standard and are natively supported in Azure, offering enterprises an interesting and flexible way to migrate legacy apps for both future proofing and cost benefits.

Containers are modular and portable. Docker containers are supported on any server operating system (Linux and Windows), in any major public cloud (Microsoft Azure, Amazon AWS, Google, IBM), and in on-premises and private or hybrid cloud environments.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/modernize-with-azure-and-containers/modernize-existing-apps-to-cloud-optimized/deploy-existing-net-apps-as-windows-containers>

QUESTION 8

You manage an application instance. The application consumes data from multiple databases. Application code references database tables using a combination of the server, database, and table name.

You need to migrate the application instance to Azure.

What are two possible ways to achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. SQL Server Stretch Database
- B. SQL Server in an Azure virtual machine
- C. Azure SQL Database

D. SQL Managed Instance

Correct Answer: AD

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

A: Access your SQL Server data seamlessly regardless of whether it's on-premises or stretched to the cloud. You set the policy that determines where data is stored, and SQL Server handles the data movement in the background. The entire table is always online and queryable. And, Stretch Database doesn't require any changes to existing queries or applications - the location of the data is completely transparent to the application.

D: The managed instance deployment model is designed for customers looking to migrate a large number of apps from on-premises or IaaS, self-built, or ISV provided environment to fully managed PaaS cloud environment, with as low migration effort as possible. Using the fully automated Data Migration Service (DMS) in Azure, customers can lift and shift their on-premises SQL Server to a managed instance that offers compatibility with SQL Server on-premises and complete isolation of customer instances with native VNet support.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/sql-server/stretch-database/stretch-database> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-managed-instance> **QUESTION 9**

You have 100 Microsoft SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) packages that are configured to use 10 on-premises SQL Server databases as their destinations.

You plan to migrate the 10 on-premises databases to Azure SQL Database.

You need to recommend a solution to host the SSIS packages in Azure. The solution must ensure that the packages can target the SQL Database instances as their destinations.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA)
- B. Azure Data Factory
- C. Data Migration Assistant
- D. Azure Data Catalog

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 10

Note: This question is a part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

A company has custom ASP.NET and Java applications that run on old versions of Windows and Linux. The company plans to place applications in containers.

You need to design a solution that includes networking, service discovery, and load balancing for the applications. The solution must support storage orchestration.

Solution: You deploy each application to an Azure Web App that has container support.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:



QUESTION 11

Please wait while the virtual machine loads. Once loaded, you may proceed to the lab section. This may take a few minutes, and the wait time will not be deducted from your overall test time.

When the Next button is available, click it to access the lab section. In this section, you will perform a set of tasks in a live environment. While most functionality will be available to you as it would be in a live environment, some functionality (e.g., copy and paste, ability to navigate to external websites) will not be possible by design.

Scoring is based on the outcome of performing the tasks stated in the lab. In other words, it doesn't matter how you accomplish the task, if you successfully perform it, you will earn credit for that task.

Labs are not timed separately, and this exam may have more than one lab that you must complete. You can use as much time as you would like to complete each lab. But, you should manage your time appropriately to ensure that you are able to complete the lab(s) and all other sections of the exam in the time provided.

Please note that once you submit your work by clicking the Next button within a lab, you will NOT be able to return to the lab.

You may now click next to proceed to the lab.



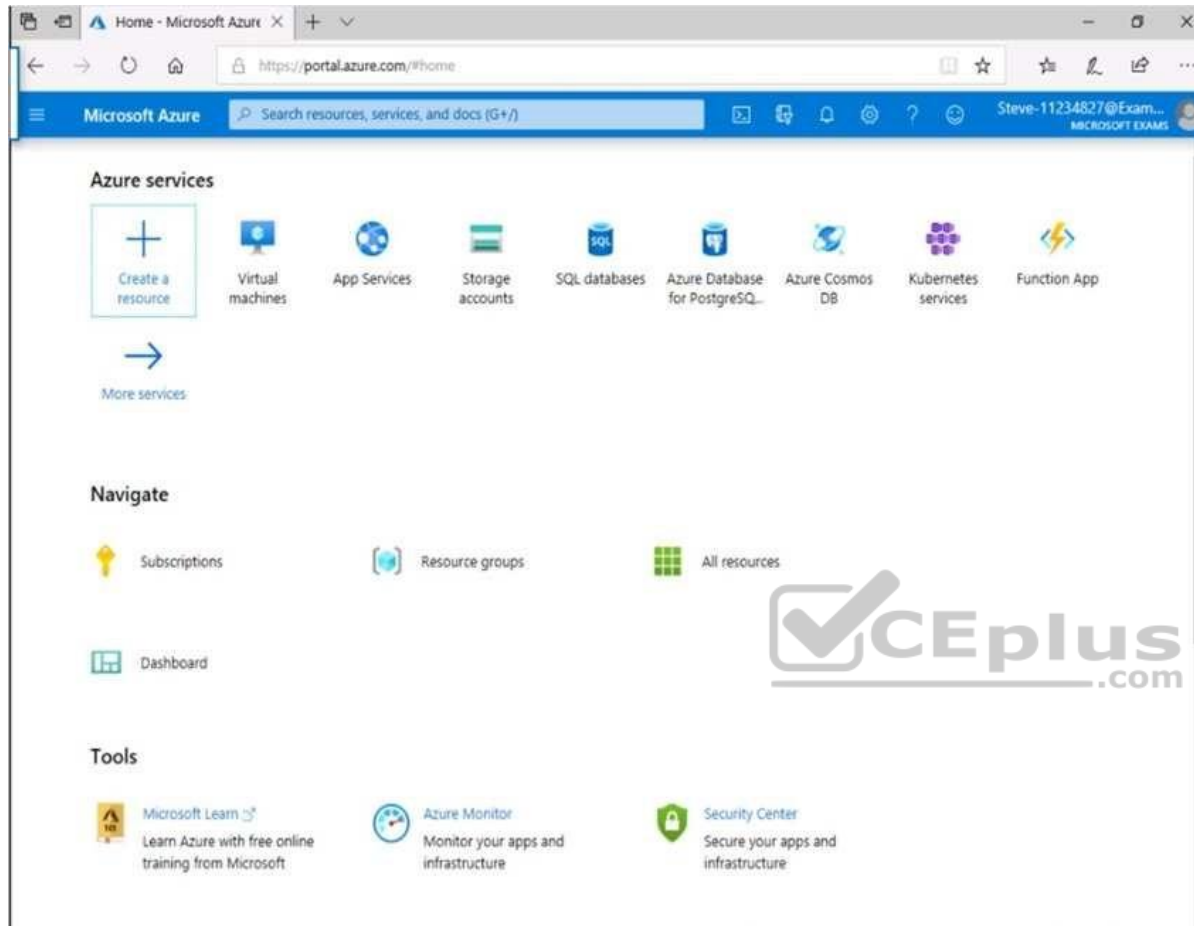
ExamUser

Sign in



ENG





App Services - Microsoft

https://portal.azure.com/#blade/HubsExtension/BrowseResource/resourceType/Microsoft.Web%2FSites

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services



App Services

Microsoft Exams

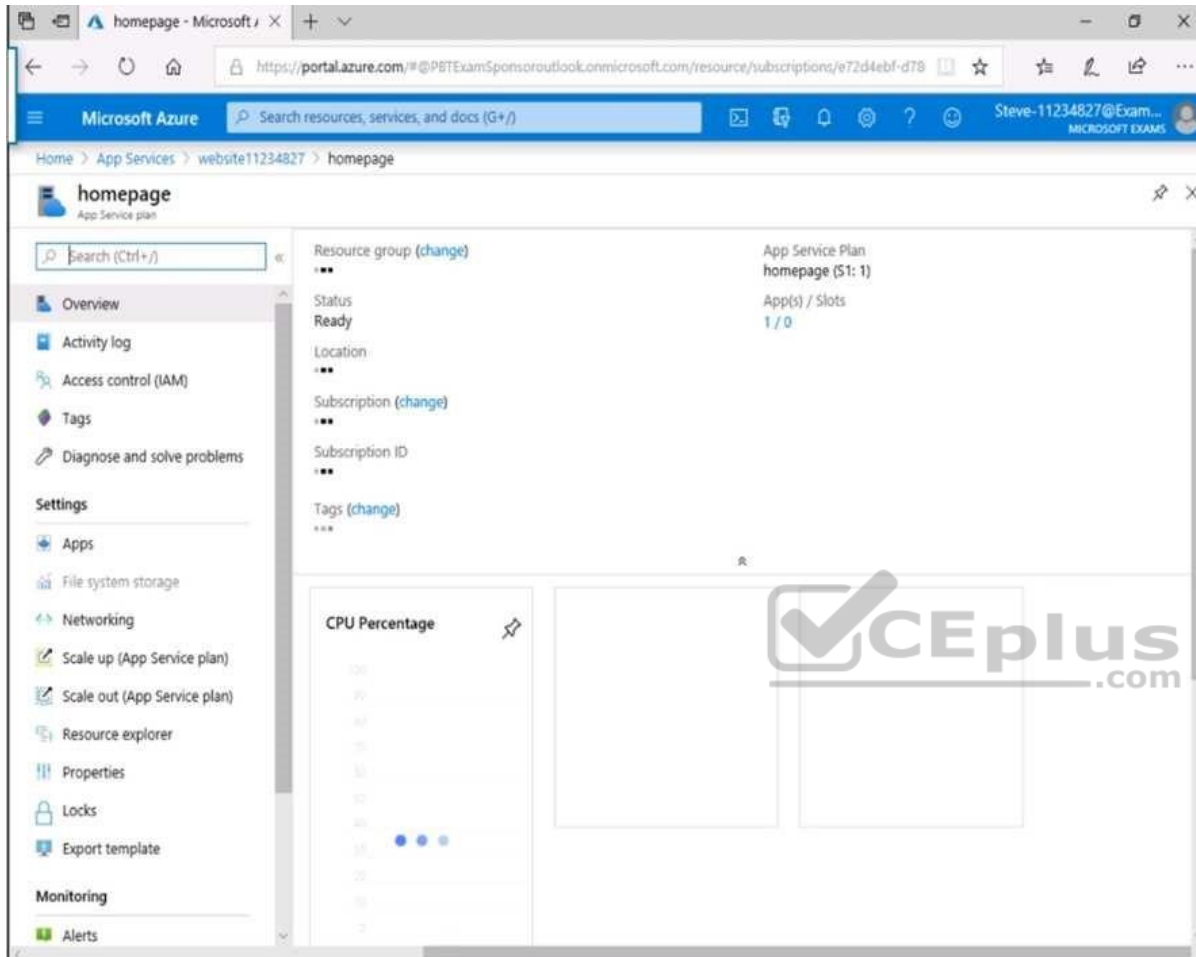
+ Add Edit columns Refresh Export to CSV Assign tags Start Restart Stop Delete Feedback Leave preview

Filter by name... Subscription == all Resource group == all Location == all Add filter

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 records. No grouping

Name ↑	Status ↑↓	Location ↑↓	Pricing Tier ↑↓	App Service Plan ↑↓	Subscription ↑↓	App Type ↑↓
 website11234827	Running	East US	Standard	 homepage	Microsoft AZ-301 6	Web App

< Previous Page 1 of 1 Next >



homepage - Microsoft | X

https://portal.azure.com/#@PBTExamSponsoroutlook.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/e72d4ebf-d78

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services > website11234827 > homepage

homepage App Service plan

Search (Ctrl+/)

Overview

Activity log

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Settings

Apps

File system storage

Networking

Scale up (App Service plan)

Scale out (App Service plan)

Resource explorer

Properties

Locks

Export template

Monitoring

Alerts

Resource group (change)

Status

Ready

Location

Subscription (change)

Subscription ID

Tags (change)

App Service Plan homepage (S1: 1)

App(s) / Slots 1 / 0

CPU Percentage

homepage - Scale out (App Service plan)

https://portal.azure.com/#@P8TExamSponsoroutlook.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/e72d4ebf-d7b...

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Steve-11234827@Exam... MICROSOFT EXAMS

Home > App Services > website11234827 > homepage - Scale out (App Service plan)

homepage - Scale out (App Service plan)

Search (Ctrl+/)

Save Discard Refresh

No write permission to update the scale operation.

Configure Run history JSON Notify Diagnostics settings

Choose how to scale your resource

Manual scale ☐ Maintain a fixed instance count

Custom autoscale ☒ Scale on any schedule, based on any metrics

Custom autoscale

Autoscale setting name autoscale

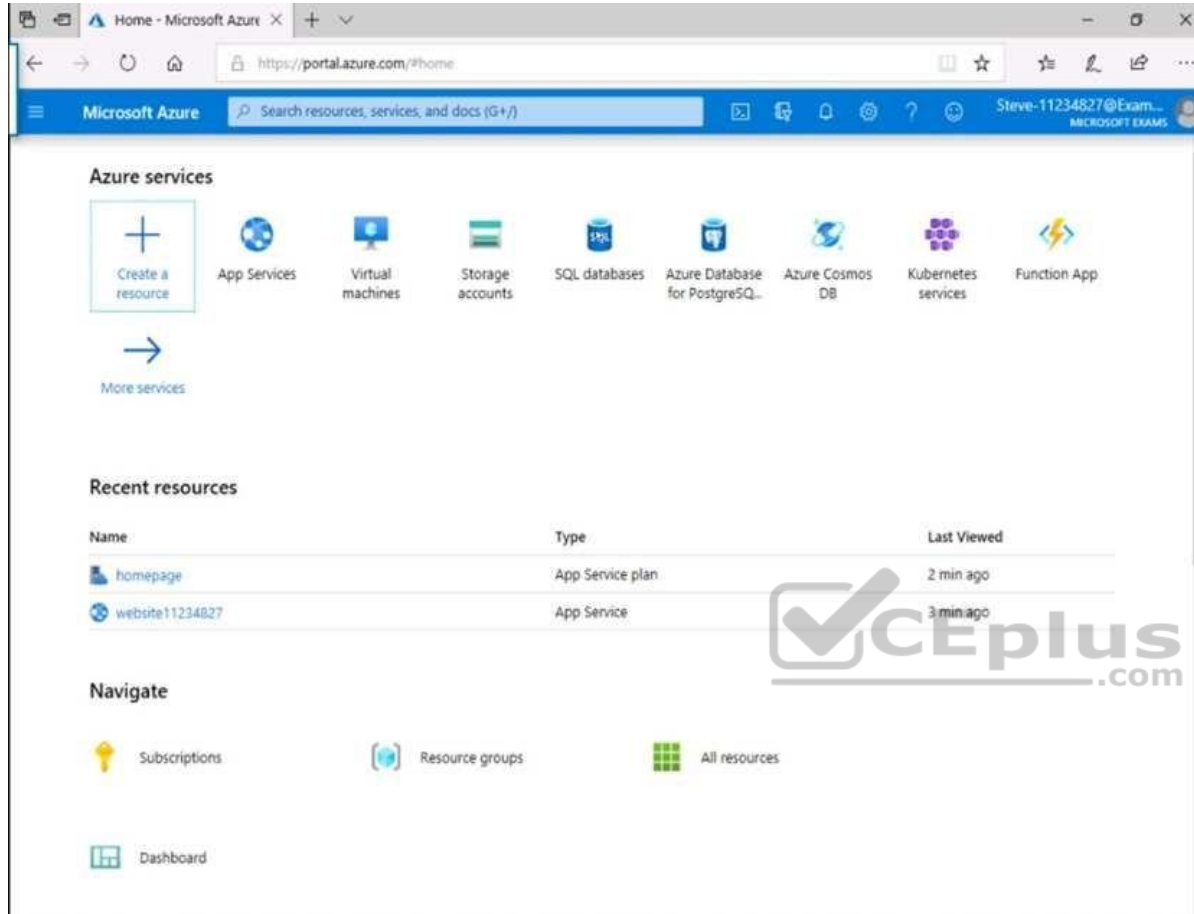
Resource group Homepage-RG-lod11234827

Instance count 1

Default Auto created scale condition

Delete warning The very last or default recurrence rule cannot be deleted. Instead, you can disable autoscale to turn off

Scale mode ☐ Scale based on a metric ☒ Scale to a specific instance count



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal home page. The browser address bar displays <https://portal.azure.com/#home>. The page header includes the Microsoft Azure logo, a search bar, and the user profile "Steve-11234827@Exam...".

Azure services

Below the header, there is a section for "Azure services" with a "Create a resource" button and a "More services" link. The services listed are:

- App Services
- Virtual machines
- Storage accounts
- SQL databases
- Azure Database for PostgreSQL
- Azure Cosmos DB
- Kubernetes services
- Function App

Recent resources

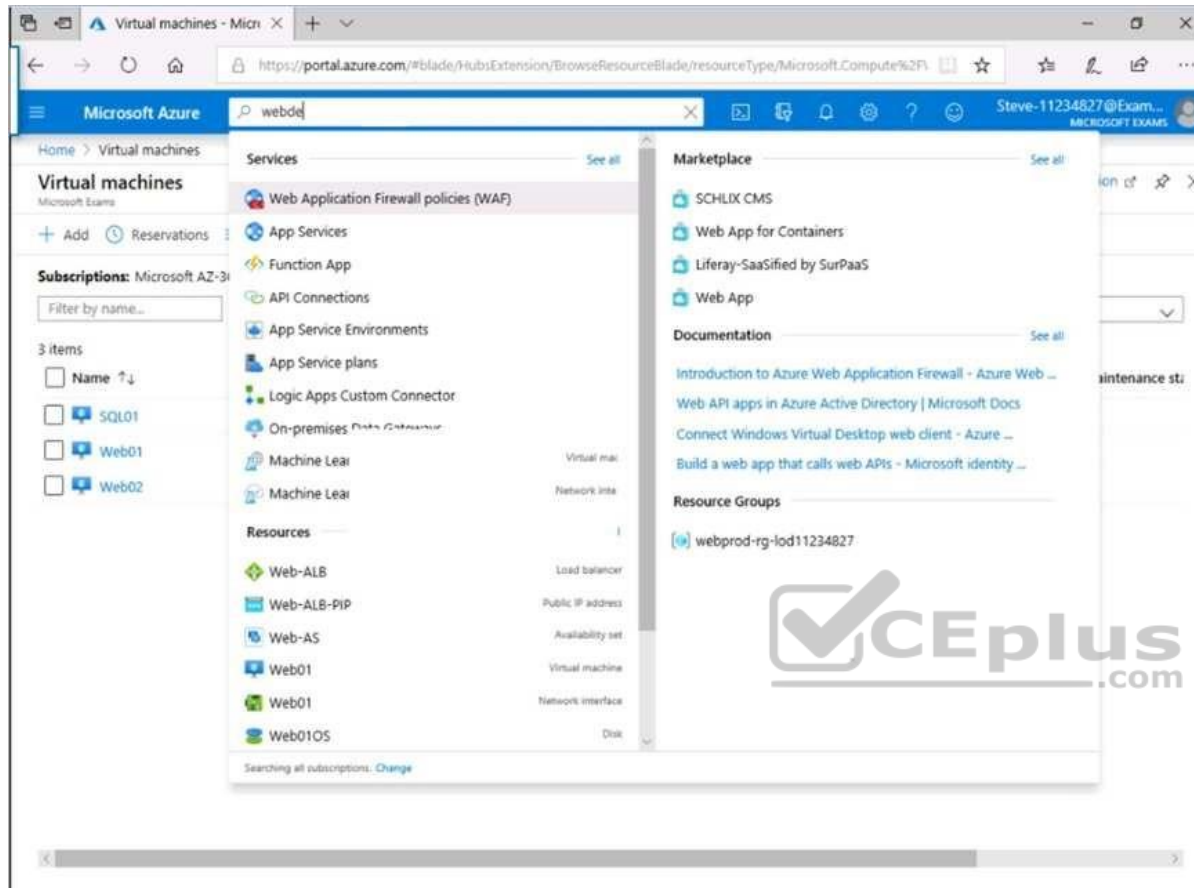
Below the services section, there is a table of "Recent resources":

Name	Type	Last Viewed
homepage	App Service plan	2 min ago
website11234827	App Service	3 min ago

Navigate

At the bottom, there is a "Navigate" section with icons for:

- Subscriptions
- Resource groups
- All resources
- Dashboard



The billing administrator at your company reports that a web app incurs high monthly costs in Azure.

You discover that the web app is rarely used.

You need to reduce the Azure hosting costs for the web app.

What should you do?

NOTE: To answer this question, sign in to the Azure portal and explore the Azure resource groups.

- A. Create a restriction policy
- B. Create a WebJob that runs daily

- C. Modify the Scale out settings
- D. Modify the Scale up settings

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

WebJobs is a feature of Azure App Service that enables you to run a program or script in the same context as a web app, API app, or mobile app. There is no additional cost to use WebJobs.

Incorrect Answers:

A: A restriction policy would not address the cost-

C, D: Both scaling out and scaling up would increase the cost.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/webjobs-create>



Design an Infrastructure Strategy

Testlet 1

Case study

This is a case study. **Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case.** However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the **Next** button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirement, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an **All Information** tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the **Question** button to return to the question. **Overview**

Contoso, Ltd. is a US-based financial services company that has a main office in New York and a branch office in San Francisco.

Existing Environment

Payment Processing System

Contoso hosts a business-critical payment processing system in its New York data center. The system has three tiers: a front-end web app, a middle-tier web API, and a back-end data store implemented as a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database. All servers run Windows Server 2012 R2.

The front-end and middle-tier components are hosted by using Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS). The application code is written in C# and ASP.NET. The middle-tier API uses the Entity Framework to communicate to the SQL Server database. Maintenance of the database is performed by using SQL Server Agent jobs.

The database is currently 2 TB and is not expected to grow beyond 3 TB.

The payment processing system has the following compliance-related requirements:

- Encrypt data in transit and at rest. Only the front-end and middle-tier components must be able to access the encryption keys that protect the data store.

- Keep backups of the data in two separate physical locations that are at least 200 miles apart and can be restored for up to seven years.
 - Support blocking inbound and outbound traffic based on the source IP address, the destination IP address, and the port number.
 - Collect Windows security logs from all the middle-tier servers and retain the logs for a period of seven years.
 - Inspect inbound and outbound traffic from the front-end tier by using highly available network appliances. ▪
- Only allow all access to all the tiers from the internal network of Contoso.

Tape backups are configured by using an on-premises deployment of Microsoft System Center Data Protection Manager (DPM), and then shipped offsite for long term storage.

Historical Transaction Query System

Contoso recently migrated a business-critical workload to Azure. The workload contains a .NET web service for querying the historical transaction data residing in Azure Table Storage. The .NET web service is accessible from a client app that was developed in-house and runs on the client computers in the New York office. The data in the table storage is 50 GB and is not expected to increase.

Current Issues

The Contoso IT team discovers poor performance of the historical transaction query system, at the queries frequently cause table scans.

Requirements

Planned Changes

Contoso plans to implement the following changes:

- Migrate the payment processing system to Azure.
- Migrate the historical transaction data to Azure Cosmos DB to address the performance issues. **Migration**

Requirements

Contoso identifies the following general migration requirements:

- Infrastructure services must remain available if a region or a data center fails. Failover must occur without any administrative intervention.
- Whenever possible, Azure managed services must be used to minimize management overhead. ▪

Whenever possible, costs must be minimized.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the payment processing system:

- If a data center fails, ensure that the payment processing system remains available without any administrative intervention. The middle-tier and the web front end must continue to operate without any additional configurations.
- Ensure that the number of compute nodes of the front-end and the middle tiers of the payment processing system can increase or decrease automatically based on CPU utilization.

- Ensure that each tier of the payment processing system is subject to a Service Level Agreement (SLA) of 99.99 percent availability.
- Minimize the effort required to modify the middle-tier API and the back-end tier of the payment processing system.
- Generate alerts when unauthorized login attempts occur on the middle-tier virtual machines.
- Ensure that the payment processing system preserves its current compliance status. ▪

Host the middle tier of the payment processing system on a virtual machine.

Contoso identifies the following requirements for the historical transaction query system:

- Minimize the use of on-premises infrastructure services.
- Minimize the effort required to modify the .NET web service querying Azure Cosmos DB.
- Minimize the frequency of table scans.
- If a region fails, ensure that the historical transactions query system remains available without any administrative intervention.

Information Security Requirements

The IT security team wants to ensure that identity management is performed by using Active Directory. Password hashes must be stored on-premises only.

Access to all business-critical systems must rely on Active Directory credentials. Any suspicious authentication attempts must trigger a multi-factor authentication prompt automatically. legitimate users must be able to authenticate successfully by using multi-factor authentication.

QUESTION 1

You need to recommend a compute solution for the middle tier of the payment processing system.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)
- B. virtual machine scale sets
- C. availability sets
- D. App Service Environments (ASEs)

Correct Answer: B

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

QUESTION 2

You need to recommend a solution for the network configuration of the front-end tier of the payment processing.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Application Gateway
- B. Traffic Manager
- C. a Standard Load Balancer
- D. a Basic load Balancer

Correct Answer: C

Section: (none)

Explanation

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

Scenario:

- Ensure that the number of compute nodes of the front-end and the middle tiers of the payment processing system can increase or decrease automatically based on CPU utilization.
- Ensure that each tier of the payment processing system is subject to a Service Level Agreement (SLA) of 99.99 percent availability.

With Azure Load Balancer, you can scale your applications and create high availability for your services. Load Balancer supports inbound and outbound scenarios, provides low latency and high throughput, and scales up to millions of flows for all TCP and UDP applications.

Azure Load Balancer is available in two SKUs: Basic and Standard. There are differences in scale, features, and pricing. Standard SLA guarantees a 99.99% for data path with two healthy virtual machines. Basic SLA does not exist.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/load-balancer/load-balancer-overview>



<https://vceplus.com/>